Regular Edition
COMPLETE MARKET REPORTS.

THE ONLY ST. LOUIS EVENING PAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

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How I Met Moody By Ira D. Sankey

An interesting story of the great evangelist in the next

Sunday Post-Dispatch

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Rich Gowns Worn by Rich Women

Photographs reproduced in the next

Sunday Post-Dispatch

RIOT AND FIRE ATTEND A CORPORATE MEETING.

Board of Directors of the Columbia Incandescent Lamp Co. Arrayed Against Each Other.

W. O. AND A. C. GARRISON EJECTED AND A FREE FIGHT FOLLOWED.

An Employe's Clothing Caught Fire From a Gas Jet and She Was Seriously Burned—Police and Fire Department Responded to the Double Call for Assistance.

There was a free fight among the directors of the Columbia Incandescent Lamp Co., 1910 Olive street, Friday morning; W. O. Garrison, A. C. Garrison and their attorney, T. Percy Carr, were beaten and thrown out of the office; Mamie Guerin, an employe, was seriously burned; a riot call was turned in and an alarm of fire sounded—all within half an hour.

The fight grew out of a factional war in the directorate. It occurred just before the annual directors' meeting, which was to have been held at 11 o'clock. The stockholders and their attorney ran to a corner drug store, after being ejected, and telephoned a riot call to police headquarters. While this was being done William L. Rex, George P. Rex and Mrs. Anna E. Rhotehamel, the victorious stockholders, locked and barred the doors of the company's factory. Miss Guerin had brushed against a gas flame and her clothing had caught fire. She ran downstairs. Another employe ran out and turned in a fire alarm. A patrol wagon loaded with policemen, in charge of Sergeant Monahan, arrived simultaneously with the fire department. The doors were locked and for several minutes neither the policemen nor firemen could get into the place. Sergeant Monahan eventually gained entrance and admitted the firemen.

The defeated directors entered in the wake of the officers. The presence of officers prevented further fighting, and the Garrison faction departed. They laid the matter before President Hawes of the Police Board. Mr. Hawes referred them to Chief Campbell.

Miss Guerin was burned about the lower part of the body. A physician treated her at the factory and she was sent home. Her burns are painful, but she will recover.

The directors of the company are William O. Garrison, D. E. Garrison, A. C. Garrison, William L. Rex, George P. Rex and Mrs. Ann E. Rhotehamel. Mrs. Rhotehamel is a sister of the Rex brothers. D. E. Garrison is the father of the other Garrisons in the company.

The Garrisons own half of the stock. Mrs. Rhotehamel's husband, now deceased, formerly was president of the company. Following his death William O. Garrison was elected president, A. C. Garrison was vice-president and treasurer and George P. Rex was secretary. The factional controversy has been on some time.

The annual stockholder's meeting was held Tuesday morning. There was a tie vote. The Garrison interest sought to reelect the old board of directors, substituting D. E. Garrison for George P. Rex. The other faction wanted to elect their members.

The annual meeting of the Board of Directors was set for Friday morning at 11 o'clock. The Garrison faction held that, since there was a tie vote at the stockholder's meeting, the Board of Directors should hold over. Accordingly, they and their attorney, Mr. Carr, went to the office of the company to meet and re-elect the old officers. They went into the office, and the series of incidents began.

"When we arrived," said Mr. Carr to the Post-Dispatch, "the Rex brothers and Mrs. Rhotehamel were there. There was also a man named Mohan, whom I do not know and who has no connection with the concern.

"We were not even told to leave. We were not informed of any action that had been taken by the other side. One of the Rex brothers rushed into the office at the head of half a dozen men and ordered them to throw us out.

"'Throw them out! Throw them out!' he said. The men rushed upon us. One of them had a club. We defended ourselves as best we could. When I saw that they were going to attack us I struck at the leading man. I know that I hit him. I was struck several times. Messrs. D. E. and William O. Garrison were struck also. We fought them off for a minute, but there were too many of them for us.

"One of the Rex brothers opened the office and street doors and we were forced out.

"I did not hear the commotion upstairs and did not know that anything had occurred up there.

"We had been forcibly ejected from the place and sought police aid."

Mr. Carr's face did not show where he had been struck, but he said he felt the blows. He was proud of the fact that he had delivered some telling blows on the opposing directors and their followers.

Mr. D. E. Garrison, who is an elderly man, said he was struck on the back of the head and neck. Neither was seriously hurt.

It appears that the Rex faction elected officers to supercede the Garrisons, and had taken possession of the plant. The members of this faction were congratulating themselves on their success when Miss Guerin came tumbling down stairs, her dress aflame. She had become excited while the fight was progressing downstairs, and in getting up from her workbench she brushed against a gas flame. When she saw that her clothing was aflame she screamed and ran down stairs. She slipped when half way down and fell the rest of the way.

The flames were extinguished by Espenschied. The Rex brothers did not know about the riot call or the fire alarm, and they were so excited at sight of the squad of policemen and the firemen, and so fearful that the Garrisons would attempt to regain possession that they kept the doors barred until Sergt. Monahan obliged them to admit him.

The Rex brothers would not tell who helped them eject the Garrisons. The Garrisons averred that a gang of hoodlums did the forcible work. They agreed that they thought their lives were in danger when the assault was made.

The office showed the effects of the fight. Furniture was overturned and bric-a-brac destroyed.

The fight attracted a great crowd and stopped all business in the block. The shouts of the combatants disturbed the neighborhood.

The police made no arrests. A squad of patrolmen was left at the factory to prevent further trouble.

The Garrison faction stated they would bring criminal and civil proceedings.

William S. Rex, who claims the title of president, made this statement to the Post-Dispatch:

"The business was established by the husband of Mrs. Rhotehamel. Prior to his death he received $500 a month salary. Since his death the stock of the company has been held in equal amounts by the Garrison and Rex families. During the past 30 days the Garrisons, holding the offices and being in control, have voted themselves $6000 in salaries.

"They wanted to increase the capital stock to $300,000. We thought their object was to vote stock to themselves and obtain a majority of the stock and we would not consent.

"W. O. Garrison called the annual meeting for Jan. 2. We asked J. E. Moran to preside. The Garrisons objected to him doing so and would not recognize the legality of the meeting by voting for members of the board of directors. Myself and Mrs. Rothhamel were made tellers.

"The meeting to-day was for the purpose of receiving the report of the tellers. This report was that William and George P. Rex had been elected directors. These two elected Mrs. Rothhamel as the third. The directors then elected William S. Rex, president; Mrs. Rothhamel, vice-president, and George S. Rex, secretary and treasurer.

"The Garrisons were ordered to vacate the premises. They did not do so, and they were forced out in a gentle and peaceful manner. No blows were struck. We are in possession, and we mean to retain possession, and run the business in the interest of all concerned."

NUN DISAPPEARS, LEAVING NO WORD.

Strange Case of Sister Augusta of Chicago.

WAS FORMERLY A ST. LOUISAN.

WELL REMEMBERED HERE AS MISS GUSSIE HENDERSON.

She Had Gone to Wisconsin to Enter Retreat and Was Last Seen in Her Room, Preparing to Read.

Sister Augusta, a prominent member of the Episcopal sisterhood, has mysteriously disappeared, and it is feared some fatal accident has befallen her.

Prior to her entrance into the Episcopal order, Sister Augusta, who was Miss Gussie Henderson, resided in St. Louis and was conspicuous in the religious circles of the city.

For some time she has had charge of the Home for the Poor at 209 and 211 Washington boulevard, Chicago. A few days ago she went to Kenosha, Wis., to attend the annual retreat of the Sisters of Mary at the Kemper Hall Chapel.

She was present at the services on Monday and Tuesday and knelt before the altar until the other sister of the community had left. Then she repaired to her room, and, laying her veil on the table, started to read. She was thus engaged, presumably for several hours, when one of the nuns summoned her for supper. She failed to respond and a search of the institution failed to reveal her whereabouts.

It was supposed she had taken a walk, and nothing further was thought of the matter until the following day. Inquiries were made in the neighborhood of the chapel, but without success, and the conclusion was drawn that possible she had returned to Chicago. A message was sent to that city and the reply came that Sister Augusta had not been seen since the Sunday previous.

Sister Augusta has a married sister, her only livin relative in St. Louis. A telegram was sent to her, but she replied that Sister Augusta had not visited her in three months. All sorts of theories as to her absence were advanced. One of them was that while temporarily deranged she had thrown herself into Lake Michigan.

Acting upon that belief a dispatch stating a delegation of the Sisters has kept a constant vigil along the shore.

Sister Augusta's St. Louis friends, of whom she had many, do not entertain the thought that she has done anything rash, and they are unwilling to believe that she would go away without making known her destination. The Henderson family, consisting of Mrs. Henderson and her two daughters, of whom Miss Gussie was the younger, moved to St. Louis from Virginia about 15 years ago.

They were ardent adherents of the Episcopal Church and at once became identified with the Trinity congregation at Channing and Franklin avenues. Father Betts was rector there at the time. Miss Gussie showed a particular aptitude for parish work and her services were frequently employed. Her devotion to the cause of Christianity resulted in her securing a position at the Episcopal Orphans' Home, Grand and Lafayette avenues, as a teacher. In this line she proved particularly valuable, and became immensely popular with the little orphans with whose welfare she was entrusted. Naturally ambitious, she studied at odd intervals to perfect her education and was soon regarded as an exceedingly competent instructor.

Her manner was cheerful and she had a pleasant word for everyone. Though she labored untiringly, she was reluctant to so admit, and she modestly refrained from discussing the numerous generous deeds in which she was an active participant.

Perhaps no other church leader had her confidence more than Mrs. Western Bascombe, president of the Episcopal Home. Mrs. Bascombe watched her struggle and helped her in every way possible. When the young woman's mother decided to return to Virginia, Miss Gussie said she would accompany her. Her resignation at the Episcopal Home was accepted reluctantly. That was about seven years ago. The elder daughter remained in St. Louis, and, it is said, was married soon after the departure of her sister and mother. About six months had passed when Mrs. Bascombe received a letter from Miss Henderson in which she stated that her mother had died, and she had resolved to devote her future years to religious work. At the time she was in New York City, and a subsequent communication to Mrs. Bascombe was to the effect that she had joined the Episcopal Sisterhood. Three years ago she was transferred to Chicago.

"I was well acquainted with Sister Augusta," said Mrs. Bascombe to the Post-Dispatch Friday morning, "and I hope the rumor about her is untrue. Only a week ago I received a note from her thanking me for a Christmas card I had sent her. She said she would write at length shortly. From her writing I judged she was in the happiest humor and I was never more surprised than when I learned of her disappearance.

"She came to visit me during the summer of last year, and she was in St. Louis less than three months ago. I met her then at her sister's house. For awhile she taught at one of the Episcopal homes in Memphis, Tenn. It seems strange that she has gone away so suddenly."

William H. Thomson, cashier of the Boatmen's Bank, remembers Sister Augusta.

"I knew little about her family," he said, "but as for Gussie, she was one of the most faithful workers in the church. She helped us in many ways, and if anything has happened to her it will be a blow to the community which she has served so well."

THE LIGHT THAT IS NEEDED.

SETS THE STYLE.

There is one American woman who has determined to rival the absurdities of the Napoleonic women who vied in absurdity with the burlesquers and merry-makers of art and fiction. She now sets the London fashions and evidently had no intention of letting the last days of the century slip by without doing something to make people talk.

And she has done it in a manner that cannot escape notice. She has designed a new bodice to be worn—but really the word "worn" will not apply.

When one speaks of head hunters the mind naturally reverts to darkest Africa and the descriptions of the wild people described by Rider Haggard, who made such hunting part of their regular daily life. One cannot attribute such a barbarous custom to white men.

And yet one who has been intimately connected with white men who are engaged in the business will tell in the Sunday Post-Dispatch of the cruelty displayed by those who are even now recognized as among the most civilized people of the earth and are daily complaining of the barbarity practiced by other nations.

To accuse a State of the crime of petty theft seems a most unheard of thing.

It would not be strange to hear of a commonwealth being accused of appropriating a portain of the territory of another State or of stepping over the boundary line to seize upon some valuable piece of property. But that a great sovereign State should stoop to petty theft is a thing that can not be readily understood. It will be fully and satisfactorily explained in a most interesting story in the Sunday Post-Dispatch, which will give all the details of the arrest and preliminary examination of a number of persons implicated in the crime.

The entire northwest territory is all torn up over the case.

Are the American people a blood thirsty race?

Do they believe in the old Hebraic law of an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth, or is the general sentiment among the people one of clemency?

These are questions that are suggested by the insistence of one of the most prominent officials in the nation that two unhappy men who have transgressed the law shall be summarily executed, and by events recalled in a story written for the Sunday Post-Dispatch because of which some of the bravest in the nation have been killed simply to furnish an example to others.

If a man were to speak to you of the Twin Crimes of the Century, what would you think he referred to?

Would you think he meant the Preller and Guldensuppe murders or would you think he referred to the coup d'etat of Napoleon III. and the overthrowing of Dom Pedro, Emperor of Brazil?

The Twin Crimes of the Century covers a wide range of thought, but after you have read the Sunday Post-Dispatch you will readily comprehend what is meant and you will undoubtedly agree with the writer of the article explaining them.

One would naturally suppose that the most talked of subject in St. Louis to-day was the failure of the Municipal Assembly to provide lights for the alleys and the city institutions.

Reference has before been made to a most wonderful prophecy which was made many years ago and which seems likely to be fulfilled before the close of the present century. The prophecy is familiar to every Roman Catholic theologian and is at present probably being discussed more than any other one subject, as it refers to an event which may change the destiny of the whole world. If it should fail of fulfillment no one can tell what may be the result. If it is fulfilled the result is partially foretold in an intensely interesting story in the Sunday Post-Dispatch, which will give the entire text of the prophecy and the circumstances and conditions existing at the time the prophecy was made.

Probably you never saw a ghost. You may never have seen anyone who has, and yet there are those who firmly believe in these supernatural beings.

Why is it then that they appear to some persons and not to others, and what do they really look like. Truly it is an interesting subject, and the stories told in the Sunday Post-Dispatch illustrating the characteristics of the thin and transparent spirits will be well worth the reading.

How would you like to have an oyster cutlet? What! Never heard of such a thing. Well, that shows that you are away behind the times and don't know what is going on in the world, for oyster cutlets, as you will quickly see, if you read the Sunday Post-Dispatch, promise to become the proper caper in the United States within the next twelve months.

You who have friends in the Klondike are, of course, anxious to know all about that wild region. And you would like to know, too, who is the King of the Klondike, for they have a King there. An uncrowned one, perhaps, but no less a king. And he is a St. Louisan, too. In the Sunday Post-Dispatch you may see a portrait of him and learn some facts about the people up there, compiled from a census just taken, which cannot fail to interest you. Full particulars of how the last mail was received at Dawson City will also be an interesting part of the story.

How would you have enjoyed playing with Patti and Edgar Allan Poe? You need not have been so very old to have done this, for Patti is still on the marrying list, and there is one woman alive to-day, and only one, who played with them when a child. Her own account of those days and her recollection of the two furnish a most interesting story, which will be told in her own words in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

UNDER PUT AND CALL LAW

A Chicago Reformer Brings Suit for $600,000 Against a Board of Trade Operator.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Edward Doyle, who calls himself "reformer, philanthropist and philosopher," has begun suit for $600,000 against John Hobson, a Board of Trade operator.

Under the criminal code losses by "put and call" on the Board of Trade may be recovered by the loser or any one else to three times the amount of the original loss. Mr. Doyle has not speculated, but he claims to know of two men who have done so and who lost $100,000 each. He intends to recover three-fold, as they have failed to bring suit.

DIFFICULT TASK SET BEFORE GEN. BULLER.

Expected to Overcome a Powerful Enemy, Thoroughly Intrenched, and as Mobile as an Army of Cowboys.

Flank Movement Seems Impracticable and Frontal Attack May Be Made.

THE BOERS ON THE TUGELA.

THEIR POSITION AS IMPREGNABLE AS SKILLED ENGINEERS COULD PLAN IT.

Later News Shows That the Recently Reported British Successes on the Center and East Lines Were Much Exaggerated.

BULLER'S NEW GENERAL.

Gen. Warren, with about 9000 men, has reinforced Gen. Buller's army. Gen. Warren commands the Fifth Division.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—The total absence of dispatches from Gen. Buler's camp to-day is taken to mean that the British commander has begun to execute his plans for attack on the Boer lines on the Tugela River, and compel the relief of Ladysmith.

Military men explain that the task before the British army differs widely from any exploit which English troops have ever been called upon to undertake.

Confronting the British commander is a force probably almost equal to his own in men and guns, behind stone and earthworks constructed under the eye of skilled German and French engineers. In addition to this the whole Boer force is as mobile as would be an army of American cowboys on their fleet ponies. The whole Boer army is practically mounted infantry.

The exact strength of the two armies is of course, not known, but the estimate published in several London papers to-day is as follows:

Buller—22,000 infantry, 3500 cavalry, 2000 artillery and 70 guns.

Joubert—18,000 mounted infantry, 1500 artillery and 6 guns.

It is claimed by some military experts that Buller's force is not large enough to permit his execution of a flank movement. They point out that to divide his force in the face of such a mobile enemy would be fatal to his plan. He must do as he did before—make a frontal attack under cover of artillery fire. By a series of these attacks on the weakest part of the Boer position, it is held that he has a good chance of piercing the enemy's line, and winning a victory.

For the past three days the British artillery has been busy, feeling the Boer trenches with a vim to unmask the Boer batteries and disclose the point of least resistance. But dispatches show that the Boer guns, as a rule, are silent.

However, it is probable that the location of the opposing artillery is known to each commander, by means of spies and the constant study of each other's lines through powerful field glasses.

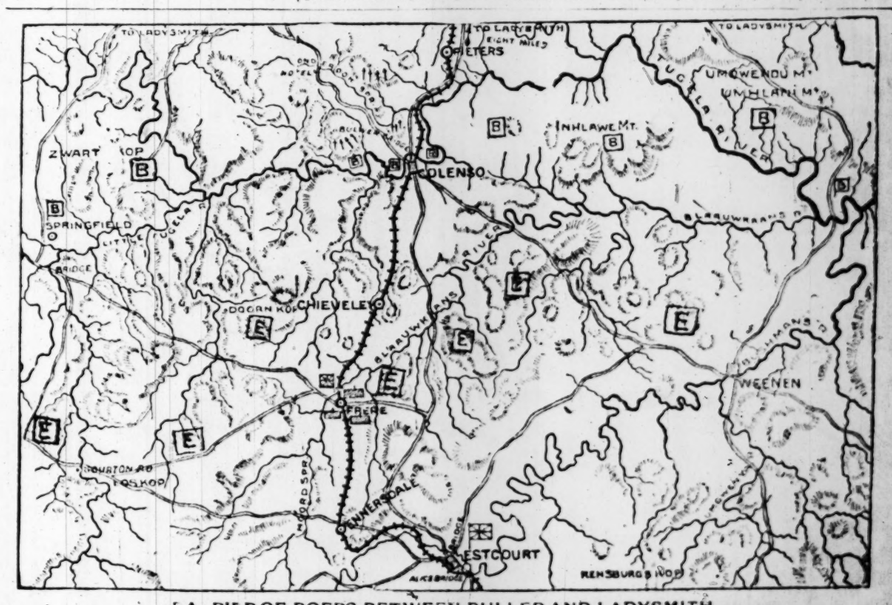
The Daily Mail says of the situation on the Tugela: "Public anxiety has not been deeper than the feeling of suspense among military men. They have described the Boer defensive position, 16 miles in length, with relays of horses behind it by which the forces would be rapidly concentrated at any point that might be strongly attacked, as something unique in military history. There never was anything like it, and ordinary tactics and strategy studied by the staff college have provided no expedients for regulating a scientific attack on a swollen river with concealment of the enemy's positions. Boer occupation of two points on the southern bank, and the extension of their line until it was hardly practicable to turn it, and the remarkable mobility of the Dutch force has increased the difficulties of a most formidable enterprise. The most thoughtful veterans have added that while this new defensive system with long range guns in concealed trenches and thousands of ponies under saddle had been successful when attacked at the point of greatest resistance it might prove weak and vulnerable at the point of least resistance. The Boers adapting themselves to British tactics, had devised a most ingenious scheme of defense. It might prove unexpectedly weak if the Boers are roadworks and a study of them will show what moves are possible to Gen. Buller to execute a flank or turning movement on the left or right of the Boer position.

As far as known the two armies are about equal in number of men and artillery. The prime difference is this: Buller must attack and the Boers will fight on the defensive and behind the protection of their strong intrenchments.

HOW BULLER AND WHITE COMMUNICATE.

The heliograph, now used so much between Gen. White at Ladysmith and Gen Buller at Frere, 20 miles distant, possesses the four cardinal military virtues—portability, rapidity, range and secrecy. It is an instrument for directing the deflected rays of the sun on and off a distant station by means of a movable mirror, but may be described less accurately, though more graphically, as a shaving glass mounted on a low tripod. By the aid of a sighting vane the mirror is placed in such a position that the sun is reflected upon the distant station. When this is done signals can be made by depressing a key fitted to the back of the mirror, so that the light can be flashed onto the required point in the dot and dash method. The "helio" is extremely portable, weighing, with its stand, no more than a soldier's rifle. It possesses a curious virtue of secrecy, because to persons standing even at a very short distance from the point onto which its rays are directed, its signals are quite invisible. But this fact will show how needful it is to have the sun reflected full on the distant station; and to insure this the helio has to "follow the sun" as he travels through the sky. Two screws, one giving a vertical movement and the other a horizontal movement to the mirror, about its center, effect this, and the screws can be manipulated by the signaler while in the act of sending without any interruption to the message.

Occasionally the Boers send a message to the British signalers, and get a response, but these communications are usually flashes of irony.



A BARRIER OF BOERS BETWEEN BULLER AND LADYSMITH.

The Boer lines along the Tugela (marked "B" on the map) are 16 miles long. The British lines (marked "E") extend about 12 miles, resting on Bushman's River on the right and the wagon road to Ladysmith by way of Springfield on the left. The battle armies are about six miles apart, with outposts frequently coming in contact. As will be seen by the map, the Boers' left center has been advanced south of the Tugela, which for a distance of a mile or more below Colenso flows almost directly north. There are two "drifts," or fords, of the Tugela to the rear of these advanced positions of the Boer army, providing a means of retreat or change of position to the north bank of the river. The Boer position on the Tugela is 12 to 15 miles south of Ledysmith. The parallel lines traversing the map

MADE MERRY WITH A BURGLAR

As the Robber Had the Drop on Him, It Was About All That Mr. Schoettler Could Do.

Joseph Schoettler of 4744 Kennerly avenue was robbed early Friday morning by a burglar, who put a revolver to his head and demanded his money.

It was about 5 o'clock when Mr. Schoettler and his wife were awakened by a noise. A faint light in the room revealed the figure of a man at the foot of the bed. He held Mr. Schoettler's trousers in his hands and was going through the pockets. Mr. Schoettler spoke to the man, who sprang to the side of the bed and pressed the muzzle of a revolver against his head and demanded to know where the rest of his money was. Mr Schoettler told him there was no more in the house.

The burglar enjoined Mr. Schoettler to remain quiet. By this time Mr. Schoettler was fully awake. He decided that the best thing to do, since he was at the mercy of the burglar, was to make light of the situation.

So he engaged the burglar in conversation and finally offered to show him the way out of the house with a light. The burglar declined this generous offer and left the house by the kitchen door.

After he had gone, Mr. Schoettler found he had taken about $5 from the trousers pockets. He summoned a policeman by firing several shots out of the window.

Mr. Schoettler says robberies and burglaries are of frequent occurrence in his neighborhood.

JAPAN STUDIES OUR TRUSTS.

Legislator and Editor Sent From Tokio for the Purpose.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Japan's House of Representatives has delegated one of its members to study the trust question in the United States. Ikuno Ooka of Tokio is in America for this purpose. Mr. Ooka is the editor of the Ohuo Shinbun (Central Newspaper) of Tokio.

HIS DIAMOND PIN WAS GONE

P. W. Seeny, Insurance Agent, Found Unconscious—He Had Been Beaten and Robbed.

P. W. Seeny, an agent for the Equitable Life Assurance Society, was picked up unconscious at Channing avenue and Olive street Friday morning by Detective O'Brien. He had been assaulted and was bleeding at several wounds.

He was taken to his room at Hotel Normandie, at Franklin and Theresa avenues, and, after he recovered consciousness, said that he had been robbed of a $150 diamond pin.

Detective O'Brien arrested John Connolly, an ex-cab driver, who admitted that he had been with Seeny early Thursday evening, but denied that he had been connected with the assault.

HOW BALSANO LOST A BRIDE

He Held Business Before Love Affairs So Long That the Lady Changed Her Mind.

The marriage license issued Dec. 23, 1899, to Tony Balsano of 825½ North Fourth street and Mrs. Mary Sheller of 1005½ North Broadway was returned to Clerk Filley's office Friday unused.

Balsano returned the document in person. He was in a disconsolate mood, according to Clerk Filley. He declared that he had intended to marry on the evening of the day the license was issued, but the fruit business, in which he is engaged, suddenly became so brisk that he found no time in which to consumate his matrimonial plans until after the holidays.

He claimed that, upon going to seek his bride-elect after trade matters had been attended to, he discovered that she had changed her mind, and was no longer willing to become his wife.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

RAIN FRIDAY NIGHT.

St. Louis and vicinity—Rain Friday night and possibly Saturday.

Missouri—Rain Friday night, with probably cooler west portion; Saturday threatening weather with probably rain in southeast portion.

Illinois—Fair in northern, probably rain in southern portion Friday night and Saturday.

Indiana—Fair in northern, rain in southern portion Friday night; partly cloudy Saturday; variable winds.

Kansas—Partly cloudy Friday night and Saturday, with rain in southeast portion Friday night; variable winds.

Here and Elsewhere at 7 a. m.

St. Louis	40	Kansas City	40
New York	32	Little Rock	44
Chicago	34	New Orleans	50
Cincinnati	40	Pittsburg	42
Cleveland	38	St. Paul	14
Denver	28	Vicksburg	46
Galveston	58	Washington	18
Indianapolis	34		

British Generals, in turn, could adapt their attack to it with any degree of flexibility.

The War Office this afternoon published a dispatch from Cape Town, dated Wednesday, Jan. 3, saying that, at Gen. French's special request, the Household Cavalry, a battery of field artillery and the First Battalion of the Essex Regiment have been dispatched to reinforce him temporarily. The extraordinary tenacity the Boers are displaying around Colesberg, where they even assume the offensive, tends to detract from the success Gen. French is supposed to have achieved.

The latest news of Col. Pilcher's raid shows that some of the first accounts considerably exaggerated its effects on the Boers and their sympathizers. While it is true he successfully drove a couple of hundred rebels from Sunnyside, killing or wounding 30 and capturing 43, Col. Pilcher's immediate evacuation of Douglas seems to prove that he had information that there was a sufficient number of Boers in the neighborhood to make his position unsafe.

There is reason to believe that only the dispatch of the cavalry brigade from the Modder River prevented the force of 600 men, sent by Gen. Cronje, from attacking Col. Pilcher's column, and as soon as the cavalry returned to the Modder River Gen. Cronje's troops reoccupied Sunnyside.

According to advices from Sterkstroom, the Boers have completely retired from the neighborhood of Molteno, but Gen. Gatacre does not appear to have pursued them, as the reinforcements from Sterkstroom have returned there.

Upon the whole, it is plain that the British have not yet begun to turn the tide in their favor.

An official dispatch says that Gen. French lost two well-known officers—Maj. Harvey and Maj. Alexander of the Tenth Hussars.

FIGHTING ABOUT COLESBERG

British Claim to Have Boers Surrounded, but Need Heavier Guns.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 5.—A dispatch from Rensburg, near Colesberg, says:

The British set fire last night to the trucks of the wrecked train and their contents and they are still blazing. The New South Wales Lancers performed the duty under a heavy shell and rifle fire, to which we replied. This lasted until midday, the Boers trying to loot the burning trucks, but being compelled by our shell fire to retire.

Shrapnel burst right among them several times, and must have done considerable damage, many riderless horses rushing about the veldt. Some of the enemy took shelter in the station house, but were shelled out. The survivors galloped away.

The Boers were seen to gallop a gun through one of the passes. As they did so our artillery opened fire on them. The gun has not yet been heard to fire, and we presume its escort was shot.

We have the enemy partially surrounded. His lines of communication are cut off and the roads and bridges are held. This accounts for the strenuous efforts which the enemy made to loot the wrecked food trucks.

The Berkshires have been re-enforced by the Suffolks and hold the central position, in which quarter desultory firing is still proceeding. The second cavalry brigade, consisting of a battery of the Royal Horse Artillery under Maj. Burton, the Inniskillens and the Tenth Hussars, commanded the extreme left, the whole being under Col. Fisher.

The Second Cavalry Brigade, consisting of O Battery of the Royal Horse Artillery, under Sir John Jarvis, the New Zealanders, Mounted Infantry and Carbiniers, the whole being under Col. Horter, form the extreme right.

Major-General Brabazon is in command of the whole of this force.

What we much want is more guns of a larger caliber. If we had them we could do much damage. The peculiar division of cavalry, infantry and guns will be noticed.

Gen. Gatacre's report of the Moltono affair confirms the Associated Press dispatches, showing it was merely a determined attack on a police outpost, which was successfully repelled. There were no British casualties.

GERMAN PRESS IS HOSTILE

Berlin Newspapers Condemn the Ruthless Maritime Policy of England.

BERLIN, Jan. 5.—Hostility to England is growing in Germany over the seizure of German ships. The Berliner Tageblatt says:

"The measure of patience of the German nation is full. Does England want to drive Germany violently into the arms of the Russo-French coalition?"

The Lokal Anzeiger says:

"England has always carried out a ruthless maritime policy and England, wherever her interests have demanded it, has always violated the rights of others. Before the Bundesrath was captured a number of other ships, Russian, American and French vessels were taken. It is to be hoped that the powers will unite for their common protection. For this, however, France and Germany must give up distrusting each other."

The Deustche-Tages Zeitung "regrets that the Emperor made a journey to England, which has not even prevented her open hostility."

The German Colonial Society has sent a protest to the press and intends to hold a series of indignation meetings.

THE BOER RED CROSS SERVICE

About 1000 Men and Women Have Left New York to Serve in the Transvaal.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Recruiting for the Boer Red Cross service goes on daily in New York. Gustave Simon, who is directing the movement, said that when he advertised for nurses a week ago to enter the Boer service he received about 500 applications in one day, and that applications were coming in on an average of 50 a day.

Altogether about 1000 men and women, the majority of them men, had gone from New York recently to South Africa. A number came from other States.

Mr. Simon said that all who went were willing to go for Red Cross work and about 75 had paid their own expenses. They received the special rate given the Red Cross and would be able to reach Pretoria at an expense of $100 apiece. It was stated by Mr. Simon that he had now about 900 applications in hand and that as soon as the references of an applicant had been investigated arrangements were made to raise the amount necessary to pay transportation expenses. Among the applicants, he said, were a number of specially trained nurses who were highly recommended and about 500 men recently selected would go to South Africa in the next three weeks. Some of the money for transportation expenses, he explained, had been raised among the wealthy men in New York, a number of whom were members of the South African-American Club, which has branches in South Africa and New York, and which has contributed needed transportation money which could not be raised by subscription among New Yorkers.

Mr. Simon added that as the number of applications now averaged 50 a day he should not advertise again at present, but probably would in about three weeks. He remarked that he did not wish to violate the neutrality laws and he did not desire to say anything about the possibility of the Red Cross recruits joining the Boer military service, as he had nothing to do with that.

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6.

ALL THEY DID WAS TO ADJOURN.

Meeting of the Temporary Lighting Committee.

THEY WILL MEET AGAIN LATER.

THEN THEY WILL REPORT BILLS TO THE HOUSE.

Mayor Ziegenhein Says He Has No Power to Act—Delegates Inclined to Be Humorous Over the Situation.

The House Committee on Public Improvements, which has been holding up the temporary lighting bills, met Friday morning but reached no conclusion as to its course relative to these bills.

The meeting was secret, and extraordinary precautions were taken by attaches of the House to prevent publicity. Newspaper men were barred from the clerk's office while the committee was in session. After the meeting adjourned Chairman Tamblyn said:

"We have adjourned to 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, at which time we will act upon these lighting bills. We took the adjournment until 4:30 o'clock because we require additional information."

Several delegates who are not members of the committee were present at its sessions.

Col. Edward Butler appeared at the clerk's office just before the committee went into session. His visit was short, but he staid long enough to remark that the temporary bills should have been passed long ago.

"I guess these fellows are sorry now they didn't pass the bills," said he. "But it is doubtful whether they will, will before public disapproval. They would like to, I suppose."

The House does not propose to share in the darkness that prevails at all city institutions at night.

The promoters of a patent gas producing apparatus have been given permission to give an exhibition of their light during the meeting Friday night.

Several members of the House attempted to induce Lighting Supervisor O'Reilly to authorize the placing of a gas meter in the House, but Mr. O'Reilly declined. They then accepted the promoters' offer to light the hall with their patent gas.

Members of the House who were at the City Hall put on a great show of indifference to the criticism that has been heaped upon them. They laughed and joked about the situation.

"When this little difficulty and inconvenience is over," said Delegate Keily, "our course will be appauded. If our action results in city ownership of a lighting plant our critics will feel sick."

Delegate Murrell said:

"Why didn't the Board of Public Improvements send us a bill providing for city ownership? Instead of that, they sent us bills, all of which would have made the lighting contract a cinch for the Laclede Gaslight Co. and the Missouri-Edison Co."

Delegate J. K. Murrell spoke in the same strain. He said it was nothing new for streets to be in darkness, as many streets had been dark even when a contract was in force.

In reply to a letter from the Imperial Electric Light, Heat and Power Co. offering to light the City Hall and trust to Municipal Assembly to compensate it, Mayor Ziegenhein made public the following letter Friday morning:

Imperial Electric Light, Heat and Power Co.:

Gentlemen—I am in receipt of your communication of the 3d inst., through R. G. Bruckman, general manager and secretary, offering the services of your company in the lighting of the City Hall building "until such reasonable time as the city may be able to make other arrangements therefor," and I note your further statement that the compensation which you will demand for such service shall not exceed the amount which the city paid under its former contract for similar service. Also your suggestion that you feel assured "that the municipal authorities in due and proper time will see that we are compensated for such service."

Anxious as I am to see the public lighting renewed, I am compelled of inform you that under the advice of the City Counselor upon this subject, I have no authority to enter into any contract, or arrangement partaking of the nature of a contract, with your company, or any other. I am informed that under the city charter the power to do this is vested primarily in the Municipal Assembly, and a contract for lighting must be based upon some ordinance warranting it.

If, notwithstanding this statement, you should still be willing to tender your services and take your chances of compensation, provided it may be legally afforded you, no one would be more pleased than I, and I am sure no obstacle would be placed in the way of your making good your suggestion.

HENRY ZIEGENHEIN, Mayor.

This letter simply means that if the Imperial Electric Light, Heat and Power Co. chooses to go ahead and light the City Hall it may do so, but at its own risk. Thus, if the company goes ahead, it will be placed in the category of municipal philanthropists as Supt. Runze of the Insane Asylum and Col. R. C. Kerens, who are paying for the lighting of the asylum and the City Hospital.

With all his indifference of manner Mayor Ziegenhein is greatly disturbed by the lighting situation. He sees in it danger to his political hopes. He is now seeking advice from friends in and out of politics. He is looking for some way to relieve the situation.

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6.

DEFENSE BEGAN ITS TESTIMONY.

Eugene Donnelly on Trial in the Criminal Court.

KILLED HIS EMPLOYER'S WIFE.

DR. LEARY AS AN EXPERT ON WOUNDS.

Courtroom Crowded With St. Louisans Who Are Interested in the Progress of the Famous Case.

The defense in the trial of Eugene "Hughey" Donnelly for the killing of Mrs. Grace Miller, July 4, last, began Friday morning before Judge Fisher.

When court opened every seat in the court room was taken, and a deep fringe of auditors stood at the rear. It was not known that any evidence would be taken Thursday, and the number of spectators was small. Friday morning the great majority of persons present were from North St. Louis, friends of the dead woman and of the prisoner.

Miss Minna Bowles of 2723 North Broadway, who is said to have some time ago announced that she would marry Donnelly to-morrow, if he were free, was an interested listener. She is a comely girl, and her face indicated her distress whenever damaging evidence was given against the prisoner.

Louis Becker, 2169 College avenue, an oil dealer, was the first witness. He knew the Millers and Donnelly. He gave a party in Baden on the night of July 3. The Millers and Donnelly were among those invited. Donnelly attended, the Millers did not. Donnelly left at daybreak, saying he had to get back to the store to take out the ice wagon. Hughey did not appear to be under the influence of liquor.

Miss Rose Becker, daughter of the first witness, testified to seeing Donnelly at her father's party and dancing with him. She said he was sober during the night.

David Bowles, 2721 North Broadway, lived across the street from the Millers on July 4. His daughter informed him of the shooting of Mrs. Miller and he went over. There was a crowd on the corner. Mrs. Miller had been carried into the house.

MRS. GRACE MILLER,
For Whose Death Eugene Donnelly Is on Trial for His Life.

Witness saw Mehrhoff's milk wagon there before the shooting. He said he saw the milkman carry cans into the store, saw him come out and drive off. This was half an hour before witness heard that Mrs. Miller had been shot.

Judge McBride was content with this statement as to the whereabouts of Mehrhoff, the State's eye witness, and witness was dismissed.

Dr. John A. Leavry, 3968 Finney avenue, was placed on the stand to pass upon the report of the autopsy on Mrs. Miller held by Dr. Ludwig at the instance of the Coroner.

The course of the bullet, as described by Dr. Ludwig, was read to the witness, and he was asked if a person so wounded could have uttered the sentence, "Look out, Willie, Hughey shot me and may kill you," as is attributed to Mrs. Miller.

Dr. Leavry replied that in his judgment she could not.

Mr. Bishop asked if she would have been able to run out into the street. Dr. Leavry said he did not know.

C. G. Hazlip, stenographer in the Coroner's office, identified the transcript in the Miller case and testified that he reported the evidence given before the Coroner correctly.

There was considerable delay, owing to the non-attendance of witnesses summoned for the defense. Counsel wished their testimony before the prisoner, but Judge Fisher said that too much time had been wasted and ordered the trial to proceed. Donnelly was then placed on the stand. Attorney Maurer relieved Judge McBride and conducted the direct examination.

Donnelly said he was 22 years old, and on July 4 last, lived with the Millers at 4337 North Broadway, where he was employed.

He answered questions with great deliberation. His voice was firm and strong.

"I went to Mr. Becker's party the night of the 3d," he stated, "and the next morning Mr. Miller woke me up when I returned home. He asked me how I enjoyed myself and many questions about the party. I said I was sorry I was late, and he said 'That's all right,' and went about his work. I went into the store and at the icebox met Mrs. Miller. She, too, asked me about the party and if there was any one there she knew.

"I told her the names I could remember. Just then a shot was fired outside. I said something about Fourth of July and she asked me if there were any fireworks uptown. I said 'no, I guess it's nothing.' I then said I believed I would spend the Fourth around home and asked for Mr. Miller's revolver. She said 'Get it yourself. You know where it is, Hughey.' I said 'no, you get it.'

"She went into the room where she and her husband slept, and I went on into a back room to get some tobacco out of my coat. I got the tobacco and came back. I saw Mrs. Miller go to the bed, turn down the tick and get the revolver. She handed it to me, saying 'Here it is.'

"I asked for some money. She said 'what for?' I said 'to spend to-day.' She wanted to know how much and I told her 10 cents. She gave it to me and we both went back into the store.

"Mrs. Miller stood on the inside of the counter and I was on the outside. I was trying to get the cartridges out with a lead pencil when the revolver was discharged. Mrs. Miller gasped, and I cried 'For God's sake, Mrs. Miller, are you shot?' She did not answer, but ran around the counter, past me, out the door. As she reached the sidewalk she staggered and fell. I followed her out and tried to catch her, but was not near enough. I then tried to lift her up and had her in a sitting position when I heard somebody coming down Bellefontaine road. It was Miller. I cried 'Will, help me pick her up.'

"He didn't answer at once, but went to the store door, where he paused and said, 'Yes, damn you, I'll help you.' I knew he did not go into the store for a good purpose, so I let go the woman and walked down Bellefontaine road.

"Miller came out and started after me. I turned around and said: 'Miller, it's no use your following me.' He turned back. A crowd gathered. I got excited and went down the street pretty lively. I was going to give myself up to the police, for I knew they would be looking for me."

"Did you have any intention of shooting Mrs. Miller?" asked Mr. Maurer.

"No, sir. No more than I had of shooting my brother."

"Were you perfectly friendly with her? There was no quarrel that or any day?"

"No, sir. I never quarreled with her."

"Was anyone in the store when you attempted to remove the cartridges from the revolver?"

"No, sir. There was not a soul there."

On cross-examination Mr. Bishop tried to solve the mystery of the pistol's disappearance. Donnelly stuck to his first statement that he did not know what became of it.

"At the time Mrs. Miller was shot, did she say anything or make any noise with her lips?"

"She never said a word, or screamed. She just ran to the street."

"Did you raise the pistol toward Mr. Miller when he followed you?"

"I was excited. I don't know what I did; but I don't think I did that."

"How long were you in this excited state?"

"Till the afternoon."

Mr. Bishop read the statement Donnelly is said to have made to Capt. O'Malley on the evening of July 4. It differed from the testimony of Friday in that Donnelly got the revolver from the bedroom, that he went to Hoehen's Grove in the afternoon and that it was at the suggestion of his brother Frank that he surrendered.

The prisoner denied Friday these details. Mr. Bishop declined to question him further.

Drs. Brauduy, Brokaw and Mudd were not present when called and the court refused to permit further delay.

Judge McBride stated that he wanted to question the physicians on the same lines as he did Dr. Leavry. The court ordered the prosecution to proceed with evidence in rebuttal.

Assistant Circuit Attorney Krone attempted to read the whole of Hereford's testimony to the jury. When he reached that portion relating to the relations between the prisoner and Mrs. Miller, Judge McBride interposed a vigorous objection. He persisted in arguing from his position, and called for a ruling.

"The court will rule when it pleases," sharply replied Judge Fisher.

Judge McBride was insistent and was ordered to take his seat.

Judge Fisher then instructed Mr. Krone to read only that portion of Hereford's testimony that related to the shooting.

After this had been done, Mr. Krone stated that he wished to place police Captain O'Malley on the stand, but that the Captain was not present.

A recess was taken till 2 o'clock.

THE FLOUR IS STILL HELD

Steamer Mashona, Captured in December, Has Been Released by the British.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—A dispatch from Cape Town dated to-day says the prize court has released the British steamer Mashona, captured by the British gunboat Partridge early in December with American flour, said to be intended for the Boers on board, but ordered her cargo to be warehoused, pending a trial of the case.

CANNED GOODS MAY GO UP.

Missouri Association Considering the Increased Cost of Material.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 5.—At the meeting of the Southwest Canners' Association, organized here yesterday, Chairman T. Wade of Republic estimated that the following advances in the prices of canning stock would have to be considered by factory men this year: For cans, about 25 per cent; boxes, 20 per cent; labels, 40 per cent; solder, 25 per cent; tomatoes, 20 per cent. The annual tomato product of the factories represented in the association is estimated at 45,000 tons.

STILL OPPOSED TO FUSION.

Indiana Middle-of-the-Roaders Will Have an Independent Ticket.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 5.—Chairman F. J. S. Robinson has issued an address in which he says that middle-of-the-road Populists will put a complete and independent State ticket in the field and denounces the recent conference of leaders of the other wing of the party and Silver Republicans, at which a fusion agreement was entered into.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney DRY GOODS CO.

SOROSIS TRADE MARK

The Most Popular Shoe for Women.

Styles for Dress or House Wear.

No. 21 — Hand-turned, medium slightly pointed toe, kidskin tip, with fine quality black serge top, laced.

No. 23—Hand-turned, "SOROSIS" kid, patent leather tip, concave heel, toe similar to No. 21—A handsome, light dress shoe.

No. 24—Light Button Boot, best "SOROSIS" kid, full round toe, patent leather tip, slightly pointed.

No. 25—Evening Dress Shoe, kid top, laced, best imported patent leather; plain, vamp and foxing.

No. 124 — Full dress, patent leather, hand turned shoes, cloth top slipper, cut vamp, with plain and round toe.

No. 27—Lace or button, in fine, tough, box calf skin, specially tanned for us and finished bright; heavy, double sole, hand-sewed welt.

These six styles, and all others of "Sorosis" Shoes, at the uniform price,

$3.50 Per Pair.

To be had in St. Louis Only of

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney DRY GOODS CO.

VOTE AGAINST SEATING QUAY.

Senate Committee Is Opposed to His Admission.

THREE MEMBERS IN HIS FAVOR.

TWO SENATORS PAIR AND FOUR DECLARE AGAINST HIM.

Chandler, Hoar and McComas Believe His Credentials Regular, but Burrows (Rep.) Decides Against Proposal to Seat Him.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections to-day decided by a vote of 4 to 3 to make an adverse report upon the resolution to seat Senator Quay. The resolution was as follows:

Resolved, That Matthew S. Quay be admitted as a Senator from the State of Pennsylvania in accordance with his appointment made April 19, 1899, by the Governor of said State.

The members of the committee voting for the resolution were Senators Chandler, Hoar and McComas, and those opposing, Senators Burrows (Rep.), Caffery, Pettus and Harris. Senators Turley and Pritchard were paired, the latter for and the former against the resolution.

No definite time was set for the presentation of the committee's report to the Senate. The minority will also present a report, and the understanding is that the minority shall be notified by the majority when it is ready to put in its report. Senator Burrows, the only Republican of the committee who voted against the resolution, will prepare the report of the majority and Senator Hoar that of the minority.

WERE CHARGED WITH STEALING

Lawrence Hartman and Cohen H. Elkins of Alton, Ill., Found in Possession of Railway Supplies.

Watchman Albert Seifarth of Venice, caused the arrest of two persons in possession of a wagon containing junk and railway brass Thursday night. They gave their names as Lawrence Hartman and Corbin H. Elkins with residences at 819 Eugene street, in Alton. They were driving the wagon down Main street en route to St. Louis by way of the Eads bridge, when Seifarth stopped them to examine the contents of the wagon, which was the order issued to all officers by Marshal Phayer in order to apprehend the guilty parties who have been making thefts of all descriptions in that vicinity of late. The wagon was found to contain railway brasses, lead pipes, bridge plates and a large quantity of fresh hides. Officer Jennings took charge of the team and placed the men in the hoodlo pen pending an investigation. Marshal Phayer notified Chief Voubracht of Alton by 'phone and will arrive Friday afternoon to examine the prisoners.

Detectives of the Big Four, Chicago & Alton and Wabash Railways will be present.

The railway material in possession of the prisoners has the appearance of being freshly cut, and the brasses contain an imprint of the C. B. & Q. Railway. Section men of the Alton Bridge will examine it.

FAILED TO RETURN DISHES.

Mrs. Taggart Furnished a New Year's Supper to Students.

Mrs. M. J. Taggart, who conducts a restaurant at 2016 Franklin avenue, complains that four young men, who claimed to be students, have failed to return a lot of dishes she let them have Christmas evening.

She says they engaged her to furnish them a meal, to be eaten in their rooms. She did so, but the dishes have never been returned. She wonders whether any of the schools in the city harbor such artful dodgers.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Gold for Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Lazard Freres and Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. will each ship $1,000,000 gold to-morrow.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. will ship $1,000,000 gold to-morrow. Total engagement, $3,000,000.

Baring, Magoun & Co. have ordered $500,000 gold at the Subtreasury for shipment to Europe to-morrow. Total engagements, $3,500,000.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney DRY GOODS CO.

Our Specials

For TO-MORROW (Saturday) January 6th, Will Be Ready-to-Wear Articles for Men, and Women.

For Women.

Tailor-Made Jackets that were $17.50 have been reduced to (each) $7.50

Tailor-Made Jackets that have formerly sold from $25.00 to $40.00 have been marked (each) $12.50

Silk Waists that sell in a regular way at $9.50 and $10.00, to-day (each) $6.50

Silk Waists that have been in demand all season at $11.50 and $12.50, will be included in this sale at (each) $7.00

Silk Waists that have been considered fair value at $13.50, to-day (each) $8.00

Silk Shirt and Dress Waists, usual retail prices $15.00, $17.50, $19.00, $20.00, in one lot to-day (each) $10.00

Washable Waists.

$2.00 and $2.25 White Lawn Shirt Waists, reduced to (each) 75c

$3.75, $4.00 and $4.50 White Lawn, Pique, Madras and Dimity Shirts Waists, reduced to (each) $1.35

$3.50 and $3.75 Fine White Lawn Shirt Waists, reduced to (each) $2.50

$5.00, $6.00 and $7.50 Fine White Shirt Waists, reduced to (each) $4.00

Wrappers.

Good quality Flannelette or Calico, cut extra full, 15-inch flounce, fitted lining, good value at $1.25 each—sale price 85c

MILLINERY.

Our stock of Trimmed Millinery, comprising exclusive shapes and colors—in Golf, Rough Rider, broad-brimmed and Walking Hats, together with imported models—will be offered without reservation,

At Half Present Marked Prices.

For Men.

Main Floor—South Center Aisle.

Smoking Jackets.

Fancy English Checks, trimmed with fancy silk cord; original price $3.50; present price (each) $2.50

Fancy English Cheviot, assorted colors; reverse side of material handsomely plaided; trimmed with fancy cord; satin binding; original price $6.00; present price (each) $4.00

All-Wool Florentine; fancy plaid linings, satin facings, pockets and cuffs; colors: dark green and garnet; original prices, $8.00, $8.50; present price (each) $6.00

All-Wool Florentine, lined with fancy satin; collar faced with black silk; Tuxedo effects; original price $10.00; present price (each) $7.50

Unlaundered Shirts.

Our "SPECIAL" is made of Wamsutta muslin, open front and back, or closed front and open back; single or double plaited 2000 linen bosom, backed with butchers' linen, hand-made button holes in neck band; sizes from 14 to 17½; patented sleeve shorteners, five sleeve lengths; continuous facings and gusseted throughout. Examination will show it to be the equal of any regular $1.00 shirt (each) 75c

Night Shirts.

Good quality twilled cotton or plain muslin, pearl buttons, felled seams, cut full, best of workmanship; all sizes (each) 50c

Fine quality muslin, fronts embroidered in blue, pink or white silk, pearl buttons, cut full, felled seams throughout, faultlessly made (each) 75c

DEATHS.

BAGLEY—At 1:30 p. m., Jan. 3, 1900, Thomas J. Bagley, beloved son of Penelope and the late Daniel Bagley, and brother of Bernard, Daniel, John, Mrs. J. Hughes and Mrs. William Lynch, at the age of 20 years and 4 months.

Funeral Sunday, Jan. 7, at 1:30 p. m., from family residence, 4414 Kennerly avenue, to Visitation Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

COONS—At Brooklyn (Greater New York), Jan. 2, Mrs. Sophia M. Coons, widow of the late B. Frank Coons, and eldest daughter of the late Pierre de Lore of St. Louis.

Funeral from family residence, 3702½ South Jefferson avenue, Saturday morning, Jan. 6, at 9 o'clock, to St. Thomas of Aquin Church, thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery.

HIMMER—Jan. 4, at 3:15 p. m., Barbara C. Himmer (nee Arold), beloved mother of John and Nicholas Himmer, aged 80 years 5 months and 13 days.

Funeral will take place Saturday, Jan. 6, 1900, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 3573 Arsenal street.

LYNAM—On Thursday, Jan. 4, 1900, at 5 o'clock a. m., Thomas J. Lynam, beloved husband of Mary Lynam (nee Hanlon), aged 46 years, 3 months, 10 days.

The funeral will take place Saturday, 6th instant, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., from family residence, Thirteenth and Cass avenue, to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Funeral private. Muscatine (Ia.) papers please copy.

MYERS—Emma Myers, beloved wife of P. F. Myers, Jr., 3915 West Belle place, Thursday night.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

CREDITORS ENTER A PLEA.

They Ask That Isaac Sternberg Be Declared a Bankrupt.

A petition asking that Isaac Sternberg of St. Louis be declared a bankrupt was filed in the United States Court Friday.

The petitioners and the amounts they claim due them by Sternberg are: H. Schlette, Chicago, $321.27; Rand L. Friedlander of New York, $156.46, and Fechheimer, Kiefer & Co. of Cincinnati, $711.

The petition states that within the last four months Sternberg made an assignment o his stock to Henry S. Caulfield for the benefit of his creditors.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DEATHS.

MATHEWS—Died, Mathews, on Friday, Jan. 5, at 7:45 a. m., Mary Mathews, beloved wife of John Mathews, and our dear mother and sister, Kate, John and James Bellew, aged 31 years.

Funeral from family residence, 4172 New Manchester avenue, Saturday, Jan. 6, at 1:30 p. m., to St. Cronan's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

M'CREA—On Thursday, Jan. 4, at 7:30 a. m., Albert McCrea, beloved son of John R. and Lila McCrea (nee Powley), aged 1 year, 4 months and 21 days.

Funeral Saturday, Jan. 6, at 2 p. m., from residence, 1712 Arlington avenue.

M'CARTHY—Died, Thursday, Jan. 4, at 5:30 p. m., after a short illness, Florence McCarthy, beloved brother of Mrs. Burns, Mrs. Maloney, Annie and Nonoy McCarthy.

Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Burns, 1230 Division street, Saturday, Jan. 6, at 2 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

FULL SET OF TEETH $2

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
Teeth Extracted Free. Bridgework, $3 per tooth.
Teeth Cleaned Free. Gold Crowns, $1.00.
Silver Fillings Free.
All work guaranteed for 20 years.
All work done free—small charge for material only.

Union Dental College, 622 Olive St.

Best Equipped College in the World.
Cor. of 7th and Olive, second Floor.
Hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily; Sundays, 10 to 4.

ISSUED TO DEAF MUTES.

M. S. Morey and Maggie Berg Ask for Marriage License.

A marriage license was issued Friday to M. S. Morey of Clearyville, Mo., and Miss Maggie Berg of Craig, Mo. Both are deaf and dumb.

They made application for the license in writing, and Clerk Filley was compelled to write out the usual oath before he could administer it to them. Both gave their ages as 29 years. They will be married Friday night at the home of the bride's parents in Craig.

DEATHS.

HUMMEL—Jan. 4, 1900, Mary Hummel, beloved wife of Frederick Hummel, mother of Mrs. Frederick Kuhlmann, Mrs. Henry Kuhlmann, Mrs. Frederick Kuhlmann, Jr., Mrs. Henry Kuhlmann, Jr.,

HOW TO SAIL IN SOCIAL SEAS.

New York Woman Who Is Compass and Chart to "400."

LATEST THING IN EXPERTS.

MRS. STEVENS' "BUREAU OF SOCIAL REQUIREMENTS."

She Is Called as a Witness in Case Where the Value of the Services of a "Bringer Out" Is in Question.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—There are experts and experts, but unique is Mrs. Elizabeth Winthrop Stevens in that she is the first "social expert" who has been called to give expert evidence in court, and the trial excites the inner ones of the "400."

Mrs. Stevens qualified as to family standing and fitness by swearing that she is a descendant of Peter Stuyvesant, of good old days of Holland rule on Manhattan Island, is a relative of the late Alexander Stevens and connected with many New York families.

The case is that of Miss Mary E. Howe against Mrs. Samuel Percy Skinner for $3000 for services as compass and chart of the Skinner social ship. Mrs. Skinner holds that she "brought out" Miss Howe (who indignantly says "Nay, nay; I needed not your aid"), and thereby gave value received for the young woman's companionship. Mr. Skinner agrees with his wife, though it was later intimated that this might have been an exceptional incident in his life.

Miss Howe is a granddaughter of the late Elias Howe, the multi-millionaire sewing machine man. She differs materially with her former friends. Incidentally it may be said that Miss Howe has sued Mr. Skinner for $10,000 for alienating the affections of his wife from her by alleged false statements.

Mrs. Stevens' testimony was listened to with the closest attention. She affirmed that she was the head of the Bureau of Social Requirements and held the secrets of New York's exclusive set.

Mrs. Stevens is an aristocratic looking woman of middle age. She said that she had been a society woman in New York for many years and considered herself an expert on its customs and usages.

"I conduct a society intelligence bureau. I supply advice to many society ladies. I tell them how to run their houses, how to entertain, how to act in company and furnish select lists of guests for small entertainments, such as private receptions and other home functions."

Mrs. Stevens said she also opened her patrons' houses in the fall and closed them in the spring. She furnishes companions, nurses and governesses and attends to everything pertaining to a well regulated social establishment.

Then came a long hypothetical question propounded by the attorney for the plaintiff. Briefly, Mrs. Stevens was asked what she, as an expert, thought a suitable salary for a young woman who had acted as companion under the same conditions as those which applied to Miss Howe's case. It was implied in this question that the young woman had acted as peacemaker between master and mistress.

"I should say, $5000," was the reply. Then the women spectators looked knowingly at each other. Some smiled and nodded approvingly; others shrugged their shoulders.

Further questions elicited the statement from Mrs. Stevens that she had known of a case similar to that of Miss Howe. At first she declined to give names, but on being pressed said she was the woman in the case. She affirmed that she received $150 a month for visiting a house once a day and ordering the meals.

"I simply go to the house once a day and give orders and sign bills," she said.

Mrs. Stevens said she knew of numerous other cases, but refused to give the names of the women employed.

A dozen of the "400" are subpenaed to testify later to-day.

APHASIA BOTHERS MR. BERGER

He Mixes His Words Up, and Sticks a "Burg" Everywhere It Doesn't Belong.

William Berger, a patient at the City Hospital, has a peculiar malady. He is suffering from aphasia. He puts words in the wrong place. In other respects he is rational and he realizes his infirmity.

Before starting a conversation he invariably asks that he be set straight if he gets mixed. One word especially bothers him. It is the word president. He inserts it in nearly every sentence, and he has almost as much trouble with the suffix "burg."

Friday morning he told a Post-Dispatch representative that he lived at 2029 Albersburg avenue, and that his brother Harrasburg lived near Tenth and Salsburg street. He lives on Alice avenue and his brother, whose name is Harry, lives on Salesburg street.

Berger says he is a printer and that constant work setting type is responsible for his inability to use words properly. He says he was until recently confined in an asylum at Marthasville, Mo.

NO LONGER CARES TO DIE.

Mrs. Kitterman Wishes to Live for Her Little Son's Sake.

Mrs. Sarah Kitterman, who made two attempts to commit suicide Thursday night, now says she desires to live for the sake of her 3-year-old son. She is under observation at the City Hospital.

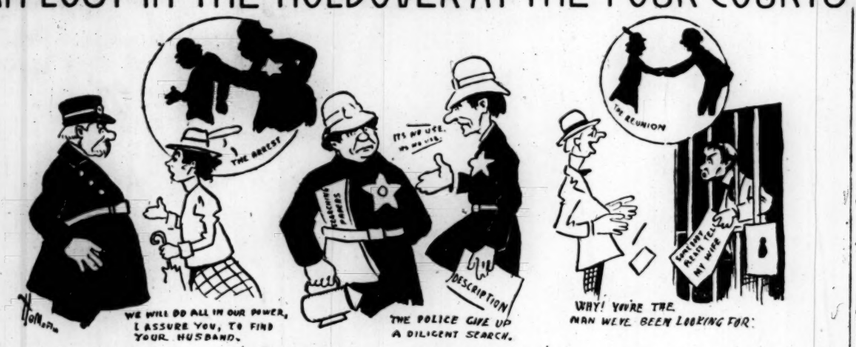
"I was despondent last night because I was unable to support and educate my boy," she said Friday. "I separated from my husband several years ago, and since then have had much trouble. Last night I had no money to buy poison, so I took some sulphur matches and soaked them in water. I was going to drink the water, but changed my mind. Later I got a soda bottle and beat the glass into a powder with a hammer. Two of my neighbors came in while I was doing this and they had me sent here.

"I feel differently this morning. My despondency has passed away and I wish to live and work for my boy."

Honest People on the Second Floor.

Mr. J. E. Moore of 820 Market street desires it known that while the shooting affray between Horracks and George Miller occurred at that number, the first and second floors of the building are occupied by honest, respectable people, who work for a living.

MAN LOST IN THE HOLDOVER AT THE FOUR COURTS



"Who Enters Here Is Lost."

This sign does not appear above the door of the holdover at the Four Courts, but it might be placed there with propriety. William Heugle entered there and forthwith he was lost—so irretrievably lost that the very police who held him a prisoner could not find him.

One book of the police records showed that he was a prisoner and another that he was missing from his home at 1122 North Twelfth street. One section of the police force was exerting itself to guard him while another was busy searching for him.

But for the eternal vigilance of reporters Heugle might still be on the missing list.

Heugle was arrested on a warrant charging him with larceny, last Tuesday. He was taken to the Four Courts and placed in the holdover. Naturally he did not go home that night. His wife waited in vain for his return. Wednesday morning she went to the Fourth District Police Station and reported her husband's disappearance to the officer in charge. Heugle's name and address and a minute description of him were taken and forwarded to the four Courts. On orders from the acting chief the memorandum was read to the policemen in all of the districts twice a day.

In time a report of Heugle's disappearance reached the reporters' room at the Four Courts, where it was at once recalled that a man of that name was in the holdover. He was identified as the man for whom the police had been searching. Heugle says he was used as a tool by thieves who employed him to help them load a wagon. He bears a good reputation and says he can easily prove his innocence.

HALLWAY ROW ENDS IN TRAGEDY.

Markman and Van Nest at Last Met and Fought.

IN THEIR JOINT REAR YARD.

VAN NEST RECEIVED THREE WOUNDS AND WILL DIE.

After the Shooting Markham Voluntarily Surrendered and Declared What He Had Done Was Done in Self-Defense.

On account of a quarrel over the use of a hallway Martin C. Van Nest was shot and fatally injured Friday morning by Andrew Markman. Markman claims he shot in self defense. After being shot Van Nest was not able to make a coherent statement. His wife claims the shooting was without direct provocation.

Markman is a tenant in second-hand clothing at 820 North Ninth street. He occupies the first floor, living with his wife and child and his parents in rooms back of the store. The second floor is occupied by Van Nest, his wife and little boy. Van Nest is employed on Easton avenue and delivers Okawville mineral water. His wife is a dressmaker.

The upstairs and the back yard are reached through the same hallway. For a long time there has been friction on account of the joint use of the hallway by the two families. Markman says Van Nest would not permit him to use it until he had been overruled by the landlord.

Friday morning about 7 o'clock Markman went to an outhouse and Van Nest went to the coal shed. That is as far as the statements agree. Mrs. Van Nest says her husband had got a bucket of coal and had come out of the shed and was locking the door, when Markman fired on him without warning from the door of the outhouse a few feet away. She heard the first shot, and ran out of the kitchen on the second floor porch, and says she saw Markman fire three times more.

Immediately after the shooting Markham went to the Fourth District Station and gave himself up to Sergeant King. He said he had shot a man. He did not know whether the man was dead or not. He gave his revolver to the sergeant. It contained five empty shells. They had all evidently been recently fired. Markham was taken back to the house and identified by Van Nest.

In his cell at the station he said to the Post-Dispatch: "I was leaving the outhouse when Van Nest came out of the woodshed. He had been chopping kindling and breaking coal. He had a hatchet in his hand. He rushed at me with the hatchet raised and caught me by the throat and bore me to the ground. I got my revolver out of my pocket and holding it so near my hip that my trousers were powder-burned, I fired it as often as I could. He rolled off of me and I ran in the house and came here and gave myself up."

Van Nest was taken to the City Dispensary and from there to the City Hospital. When he reached the hospital he was sinking rapidly. Though conscious, he was unable to relate the circumstances which led to the shooting or to tell the name of the man who shot him. He said that there had been a long standing quarrel between him and a neighbor over the right to use a hallway. Friday morning, he said, he was getting a bucket of coal when the neighbor with whom he had quarreled shot him.

When he was examined it was found that he had been shot three times. One bullet lodged in his right arm, another in his hip and a third in his abdomen. He was hurried to the operating room, where Dr. Nietert performed laparotomy.

After the operation Dr. Nietert said to the Post-Dispatch: "There is little chance of Van Nest's recovery. There are seven perforations which were caused by the bullet which entered his abdomen. One perforation of the kind is extremely serious. We succeeded in closing all of the wounds and that far the operation was successful."

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. N. Huston, a prominent New York banker, is registered at the Planters' Hotel. His name is a familiar one to every business man in the land, as, for several years, it was signed to all the bills issued by the United States Treasury. Mr. Huston was at that time Register of the Treasury.

W. H. Lee, a prominent official of the Order of Railway Trainmen, is in St. Louis conferring with labor leaders. His home is in New York.

Senator Dave Pall of Louisiana, candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Missouri, is registered at the Laclede Hotel. He was in conference Friday with his St. Louis friends.

A. P. Campbell of Denver, Attorney-General of Colorado, is at the Laclede Hotel.

Senator James Orchard of West Plains, Mo., was in St. Louis Friday on private business.

VIN MARIANI

Mariani Wine—World Famous Tonic

A restorer of the Vital Forces. Vin Mariani is a perfectly safe and reliable diffusible tonic and stimulant; it gives strength and vigor to body, brain and nerves; it fortifies against disease; it nourishes, sustains and refreshes the entire system.

All Druggists Refuse Substitutes.

NOT A WORD SPOKEN

WITNESS DESCRIBES TRAGEDY ON CHATTANOOGA STAGE.

SHOOTING OF LIDENHEIMER.

Manager Had Made No Attempt to Strike Actress Julia Morrison.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 5.—The trial of Actress Julia Morrison for the murder of Stage Manager Frank Leidenheimer was resumed in the Circuit Court to-day. Josephs, the electrician of the opera house, testified that Miss Morrison shot Leidenheimer before he spoke and that Leidenheimer made no effort to strike her.

Miss Morrison does not appear apprehensive of the outcome of the trial. She has fully recovered from the first effects of jail life, which caused her to weep and pray in her cell for deliverance. When the defendant came into court to-day she was smiling, and stopped to speak to a number of acquaintances on her way to the bar. She was accompanied by Mrs. E. E. Geese, one of the ladies of the city, who have been with her a great deal during her confinement at the county jail. Miss Morrison's husband followed her to the bar and sat beside her at the box with Mrs. Geese.

The prisoner's appearance was very much after the order of the widow in "A Trip to Chinatown"—a dress of black, with a large black cross, a dull velvet embellishment at her throat, surrounded by a pretty face, abnormally white, a wealth of blond hair, a subdued Tam O'Shanter set in the back coil; the ensemble being catchy and calculated to make a favorable impression.

One witness testified that Miss Morrison had appeared at the opera house on Sept. 23 with the other members of the Mr. Flaster of Flaster Comedy Company, which was to appear there that night; that she did not make up or put on her stage dress, but remained in her room until a short time before the curtain was rung up, in her street dress. She then she went down to the gentlemen's toilet room, which was almost adjoining Leidenheimer's dressing room. Miss Morrison, who had the leading lady's role in the play, not having appeared on the stage. Leidenheimer asked the witness to notify her that the curtain was ready to go up, and he had called her. She came up the back entrance of the stage and before she reached the top step drew her revolver and shot Leidenheimer twice, the second shot having been fired after he was on the floor.

Another witness saw the accused step over the prostrate body, place the pistol at his head and fire a third shot. Manager Roger Ryley of the theater company with which Miss Morrison is a member came from New York to give testimony. He swore that Miss Morrison was about to be discharged, refused to go into rehearsals and that she and Leidenheimer did not agree.

Mrs. George J. Antz of New Orleans, sister of the murdered actor, is present at the trial. She sat within 20 feet of the prisoner. Every few minutes their eyes would meet and the gaze of both would be quickly withdrawn. Once when a witness testified that Leidenheimer was a Jew she excitedly arose and denied the fact. Witnesses testified that at a rehearsal at the opera house on the morning of Sept. 22, when the murder occurred, they heard Miss Morrison say she would kill Leidenheimer before the curtain went up that night.

SAMUEL C. FREEMAN DEAD.

Prominent Figure in Dry Goods Trade of St. Louis for Many Years.

Samuel C. Freeman, who has been connected with the Wm. Barr Dry Goods Company since 1884, died at his home, 1520 Morgan street, Thursday morning, from heart trouble, at the age of 66 years. Mr. Freeman was a native of Yorkshire, England, and had been a resident of St. Louis since 1863. Immediately after his arrrival he became clerk for R. H. Franklin, who at that time had a store at 607 North Fourth. When Mr. Franklin retired from business Mr. Freeman became associated with Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney, in 1873, and remained with them until 1884, when he went to Europe. He married in England, and his wife survives him. He had no children, and his only relatives are two sisters, one of whom lives in Massachusetts.

The body will be buried in Bellefontaine Cemetery Saturday morning. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church Cathedral, of which he was a member, at 10 o'clock, with full choral services. The pallbearers will be his associates in the dry goods store, Messrs. Goggie, Rutledge, Gordon, Laird and Miller.

ST. LOUIS' CONTRIBUTION TO THE LAWTON FUND.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 4, 1900.—Gen. H. C. Corbin, Adjutant-General, United States Army, Treasurer: Dear Sir—I now inclose check on New York, No. 29,256, for $300. This, with the $1740 I sent you the 30th ult., makes my total remittances $2040. Mr. Busch sent you $500 and Capt. Rice $100. This makes total St. Louis contributions to Lawton fund $2640. I trust Mrs. Lawton may be impressed by these contributions, made all over the country, with the evidence thus exhibited of the high esteem the American people place on the character and services of her husband. Very truly yours,

CHARLES PARSONS.

DEFENSE OF ROBERTS

CONGRESSMAN-ELECT OF UTAH PLEADS FOR HIMSELF.

CARLISLE FAVORS OPPOSITION.

Ex-Secretary of Treasury Advises the House Committee That the Mormon Clearly Has No Rights.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The Roberts Investigating Committee continued its session to-day. Miss Roberts, the daughter of the Utah member-elect, sat near him. Chairman Tayler stated at the outset that he had received from ex-Secretary John G. Carlisle a letter giving his views on the case. Mr. Carlisle said he was suffering from a cold, and was unable to make an oral argument at this time. As to the case, he said:

"It seems to me that the question of citizenship has been abandoned, or, at least, nothing is said about it in the testimony. The record of Robert's application and admission to citizenship does not comply with the law as I understand it, and I do not think he would be allowed to vote in any State upon a certificate based upon that record.

"The resolution under which the commission is proceeding directs it to ascertain and report, not only upon Roberts' prima facie right but upon his final right."

This point Mr. Carlisle discusses on the evidence, and says:

"He is at this very moment a polygamist, not having at any time abandoned or renounced the relation assumed by the plural marriages and cohabitation with the alleged wives. The question, then, is: Is whether the committee will decide on the question of final right that an undoubted polygamist who justifies the doctrine and practices of polygamy shall be allowed to hold a seat in the House."

It was determined by the committee to ask Mr. Carlisle for his views orally at length on the general right of Congress to exclude a member.

Mr. Roberts then began his argument. Mr. Roberts read a typewritten statement, reviewing in detail the proceedings of his case up to date. It said in part:

"The questions to be considered are the prima facie and final right of B. H. Roberts, Representative-elect from Utah, to a seat in the House of Representatives, to which he was elected in the month of November, 1898, by the people of Utah; the electorate of said State gave him a plurality vote of 5665. It is a case in which there is no contest, and where, it appears so far as the proceedings before the committee is concerned, the Representative-elect possess all of the qualifications prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, and where there is no statute so far as made to appear before this committee, either in the State of Utah or the United States, applicable to the case, which disqualifies the Representative-elect from Utah for the office of Congressman in the lower House of the American Congress."

FOUR PLAYS WERE WELL ACTED

Holiday Performance by the Dramatic Pupils of Guy Lindsley.

The holiday performance of Guy Lindsley and his dramatic pupils was given to a crowded house at the Fourteenth Street Theater Thursday night, when four plays were presented. The first, "A Cigatette From Java," was given by the Misses Genevieve Connell and Nannie Albright, and Guy Lindsley. Harry M. Cowley and P. S. Whitham. "Barbara," by Jerome K. Jerome, was the second. In it appeared Miss Evelyn Parson, Miss Margaret Shannon, Arthur S. Evers and Roy Wimmer. "The Rough Diamond" was played charmingly by Misses Alice Ethel Hamilton and Lillian Road and M. R. Sweeny, Arthur S. Evers, Harry M. Cowley and Guy Lindsley. One of the features of this production was a dance by Miss Read.

The final offering was the most pretentious of the programme. It was a two-act farce by George Livingstone Furniss, entitled "Topsy Turvy." Those taking part in it were the Misses Alice Ethel Hamilton, Marie Frein and Mina B. Blanchard and M. R. Sweeny, Roy Wimmer, Harry M. Cowley, S. Olchovoy and A. S. Everts.

A breath of Pine Balsam in every cake.

Harfina SOAP FOR THE BATH

Whitens and softens the hands, purifies the complexion eradicates pimples, and makes the skin clear and beautiful.

THE REASON WHY everybody who bathes with this famous soap is delighted is because they always find it has peculiar soothing, healing and refreshing properties not possessed by any other soap, being made from specially medicated vegetable oils and balsams and entirely free from noxious ingredients present in most other soaps. Its great merit is its absolute power over germs of contagious and skin diseases. Use it freely and be safe from these dangers. It keeps the pores in healthy condition and makes the skin smooth, soft and rosy. It beautifies and preserves the skin of infants and children, and is unequalled for cleansing the scalp and making fine silken hair. Always use it for pimples, sores, tan chafing, rough, red hands; etc.

25c. Cakes at leading drug shops, or Sealed, 28c. Mailed on receipt of price by LOUDON SUPPLY CO., 833 Broadway, N. Y.

GOOD RESULTS OF PUBLICITY.

Forced Republicans to Take Up the Gage Case.

CONGRESS ACTED PROMPTLY.

HIDE-BOUND PARTISANS SEEM TO BE ASTOUNDED.

The Secretary of the Treasury Has Prepared a Statement in Which He Defends His Course.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—"Publicity" has won the fight in the Gage case.

Without a dissenting voice both branches of Congress have passed resolutions—"requesting" in the House, "directing" in the Senate—Secretary Gage to furnish a complete history of the dealings of the Treasury Department with the National City and Hanover National banks of New York and for all the facts connected with the sale of the Custom House in New York.

The Post-Dispatch has already stated the facts about the New York Custom House scandal, has shown how the statutes have been violated by the Secretary, has printed his admissions, and if the Republicans are in earnest, as they appear to be, the inquiry can have but one result:

"Gage will go!"

That an officer so powerful as the Secretary of the Treasury should be the object of such resolutions, and that his own party, overwhelmingly strong in both houses, should have passed them, astounds old-fashioned politicians.

Neither Secretary Gage nor Mr. Vanderlip would talk to the Post-Dispatch correspondent. The Secretary's friends say that he has already prepared, and has typewritten, a statement to be sent to both houses. An article in the Washington Star is said to be inspired by the Secretary. It says:

"Just as soon as either the House or Senate passes a resolution inquiring for particulars as to the recent order designating additional banks as depositories of internal revenue receipts and increasing deposits, Secretary Gage will send full details and will do so with great pleasure, it is stated at the Treasury Department. It is freely declared by friends of the Secretary that he will give such clear answers to the questions asked as to make some of the statements about him appear ridiculous.

"The main points of the answer to be made will be that it was necessary to do something to relieve the market; that the only safe thing open was to increase the deposit in national bank depositories; that to do this it was necessary to have some banking institution which would distribute the receipts as directed by Secretary Gage, inasmuch as no public money can come into the Treasury would be distributed without direct appropriation of Congress; that the National City Bank promptly came forward with security in the shape of $4,000,000 in bonds; that it was a number of days afterward before any other bank appeared with sufficient security; that the bank makes nothing; and only upon Roberts' prima facie right but upon his final right."

This point Mr. Carlisle discusses on the evidence, and says:

"He is at this very moment a polygamist, not having at any time abandoned or renounced the relation assumed by the plural marriages and cohabitation with the alleged wives. The question, then, is: Is whether the committee will decide on the question of final right that an undoubted polygamist who justifies the doctrine and practices of polygamy shall be allowed to hold a seat in the House."

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FAMOUS PREACHER COMING

Rev. Thomas Harrison, the Boy Evangelist, Expected to Arrive in St. Louis Friday Evening.

Rev. Thomas Harrison of Dorchester, Mass., the evangelist who is known throughout the country as the "boy evangelist," is expected to arrive in St. Louis Friday evening or Saturday morning. He will begin a series of revival meetings at Centenary Methodist Church, corner of Sixteenth and Pine streets, Sunday morning at 10:30.

Mr. Harrison has been called the boy preacher because he entered the ministry at an early age and because of his youthful appearance now at the age of 46. He began his ministerial career under Dr. Talmage, and later conducted a revival at the Tabernacle in Brooklyn. As a result of this revival 416 new members were received in the church in one day. Under his preaching at Galt more 1000 were converted in a few days. He conducted a meeting at Centenary Church in St. Louis 15 years ago, which resulted in the conversion of 1300 persons.

Mr. Harrison is a strong believer in old-fashioned music. A large chorus choir is being organized at Centenary Church under the direction of Mr. R. O. Bolt, and a song service will be held in the church at 7:30 Sunday evening.

Dr. Harrison will be entertained at the Planters' Hotel during his stay in St. Louis.

WILL ASK CONGRESS FOR AID.

World's Fair Committee Wants an Appropriation of $5,000,000.

At a joint meeting of the World's Fair executive, finance, legal and Legislative committees Thursday afternoon it was decided to ask Congress for an immediate appropriation of $5,000,000 to be available only when $10,000,000 has been raised in St. Louis by subscription and municipal aid.

The resolution to ask Congress not for a loan but for a direct appropriation contingent on the condition named, Chairman William H. Thompson of the Finance Committee, outlined the work already done and at the close of his address the question of the advisability of asking Congress for an appropriation at this time was discussed at length. Action was adopted on motion of ex-Mayor C. P. Walbridge, seconded by John R. O'Meara.

Ex-Governor Francis presided at the meeting, the others present being:

William H. Thompson, F. W. Lehman, James L. Blair, Pierre Chouteau, John D. Davis, E. A. Drew, R. H. Dula, Nathan Frank, F. D. Fitzhenry, C. H. Huttig, E. W. Knapp, A. L. Shapleigh, C. P. Walbridge, Julius S. Walsh, J. J. Wertheimer, H. N. Davis, Alexander S. De Menil, Breckinridge Jones, D. Ranken, Jr., Jonathan Rice, C. H. Spencer, Festus J. Wade, W. H. Woodward, Enos Clarke, S. W. Cobb, Edward Devoy, Daniel S. Holmes, Henry T. Kent, L. C. Nelson, John R. O'Meara, John M. Wood, F. N. Judson and James Cox, secretary.

Buried in Oak Hill.

The body of Miss Lizzie A. Heath, who died last Tuesday at the home of her brother, Thomas Heath, in Old Orchard, was interred in Oak Hill cemetery, near Kirkwood, Thursday afternoon.

TRUE ECONOMY!

CHEAP PRICES FOR FINE CLOTHING.

Buy the very best Ready-to-Wear Clothing, tailored by the best custom tailors. You can save money by taking advantage of our Genuine Clearing Sale. Every Suit and Overcoat in our house has been cut in price.

HERE IS AN EXAMPLE:

All-Wool Striped Worsted Suits, regular price $15.00, CUT TO..... $8.50

Werner Bros.

Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters, New Republic Building, Seventh and Olive Sts.

MONARCH SHIRTS!

Regular Price $1.00 and $1.25, CUT to 65c

Regular Price $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00, CUT TO 95c

Take advantage of our Genuine Clearing Sale. You can save money and obtain the very best Furnishing Goods in the world.

Werner Bros.

Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters. New Republic Building, Seventh and Olive Sts.

THE BEST TEN CENT CIGAR IN THE MARKET.

MERCANTILE

CONTAINS THE FINEST CUBAN TOBACCO.

F. R. RICE M. C. CO., MANUFACTURERS, ST. LOUIS, MO., UNION MADE.

GILMORE IS NOW FREE

ALL THE AMERICAN PRISONERS RESCUED FROM FILIPINOS.

FOUND BY HARE AND HOWZE.

Gen. Otis Compliments the Colonels on the Result of Their Remarkable Pursuit.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The War Department to-day received the dispatch:

Manila, Jan. 5.—Cols. Hare and Howze just arrived at Vigan, Northwest Luzon, with all American prisoners. Their successful pursuit was a remarkable achievement. Gens. Schwan and Wheaton, now with separate columns in Cavite Province. Affairs in Luzon, North of Manila, greatly improved. OTIS."

MANILA, Jan. 5, 5 p. m.—Col. Luther R. Hare of the 33d Infantry and Lieut.-Col. Robert L. Howze of the 34th Infantry, with all the American prisoners, including Lieut. Gilmore, have arrived at Vigan, Province of South Ilocos.

LOST HER WEDDING PRESENTS

Trunk Valued at $1500 Belonging to Mrs. Leigh Wyman of Alton Was Burned in a Baggage Car.

Word has been received by Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Clapp of Alton that their daughter, Mrs. Leigh Wyman, lost her trunk by its being burned in a Frisco baggage car.

The trunk contained all of her wedding trousseau, beside a large portion of the presents that she received at her wedding. She was removing them to her home in Joplin. The trunk was valued at $1500.

REVIEW OF TRANSVAAL WAR.

Interesting Discussion at the Dinner of the Contemporary Club.

At a dinner given by the Contemporary Club Thursday night the "Moral Aspect of the War in the Transvaal" was discussed. Henry T. Kent presided, and, at his right, sat Mrs. Percy Wildrington of London, England, the guest of honor. Mrs. Wildrington made the address of the evening. She took the freer side of the controversy and gave her opinion that the conflict with the Dutch Republic was a needless and utterly infamous war. She outlined the causes leading to the war with a view to showing that England's rapacity had been its only guide in the steps it had taken.

Mr. James L. Blair spoke from a directly opposite view point, championing the English and averring that the Boers throughout had acted admirably. Hon. Charles Nagel, like Mrs. Wildrington, spoke in behalf of the Boers. He said that England's defeat at this time would be her salvation, as she could not afford to have Chamberlain and Rhodes occupying the places of Burke, Fox and Gladstone. Rev. John W. Day took the English view. After the regular speeches there was a general discussion.

Long Blockade of Street Cars.

A breakdown in a powerhouse caused a serious blockade of the Union Depot and the Broadway cars Thursday evening about 6 o'clock. A Union Depot car was caught at Broadway and Pine street, just as it swung on the tracks of the cable line, and soon cars were at a standstill for blocks up Pine street and along Broadway. The switching of cars around the Lucas avenue loop was abandoned, and this relieved the blockade.

Save Money. Avoid Pain.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

Acknowledged to be the easiest and best painless extractors in St. Louis.

I had some difficult teeth extracted at the National Dental Parlors, and also had Crown and Bridgework absolutely without pain, and can cheerfully recommend them. MISS S. CARLIN, 4161 Olive st.

SET OF TEETH..$4 00 GOLD FILLINGS..$1 up
Best Teeth (8 S. W.) $ 00 SILVER FILLINGS..50c up
22k GOLD CROWNS $ 00 BRIDGEWORK ...$6 00
No charge for extracting when teeth are ordered. A written guaranty for 10 years with all work.

National Dental Parlors, Olive St. 720
Open daily 7:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays all day.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS ROOM

Robert W. Moss, a Newspaper Writer, Ends His Life While in a Fit of Despondency.

Robert W. Moss, a newspaper writer, 35 years of age and highly connected in Canada, killed himself at 1314 Pine street Thursday afternoon by swallowing morphine while in a fit of despondency. Moss had been a resident of St. Louis one year, coming here from Houston, Tex., where he had been employed for a short time as city editor of the Post, a morning paper of that city. Repeated attempts to secure work in St. Louis broke his spirit and he began to drink heavily. About a month ago he tried to kill himself by taking morphine, but failed. Recently he made a trip through Missouri in the interest of a St. Louis trade paper, but was unsuccessful in securing business and returned to St. Louis in about a week, more despondent than ever.

He was found dead in his room by Emma Rial, about 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon, when she returned to the house, after having been out on a shopping tour. Close beside the bed was a glass and a small morphine vial on a chair, which told the story of how his life had been brought to an end. Moss was well connected in Canada, and among his effects were several letters from relatives at Ironton. They have been notified of the suicide. The body was taken to the Morgue, where an inquest will be held.

TENNESSEE SOCIETY.

Extensive Preparations Being Made for the Annual Banquet.

The Tennessee Society is making extensive preparations for its annual banquet Jan. 8, which will be the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans, which was won by the American forces under the command of Tennessee's most distinguished citizen, "Old Hickory" Jackson.

According to the society's custom, two prominent Tennesseeans will be the guests of honor. They will be Gov. Benton McMillin of Nashville and Gen. W. H. Arnistead of Franklin.

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6.

Concordia Turners' Election.

The Concordia Turnverein elected the following officers Thursday night: First speaker, C. G. Pfeiffer; second speaker, Henry Frank; recording secretary, Carl Hofman; corresponding secretary, Carl Schmod; first turnwart, George Stapf; first financial secretary, Ed Bircher; second financial secretary, Charles Bicker; treasurer, Albert Mauch; chairman of the entertainment committee, C. Stapf; chairman mental culture committee, Henry Faulkenhainer; trustees, F. Esemueller, Henry Funk and August Lake.

Woman's Nightmare Mother's Friend

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them. The dreadful ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with horror. There is no necessity for the ordeal of childbirth to be either painful or dangerous. The use of MOTHER'S FRIEND during pregnancy so prepares the system for the event that it is safely passed without any discomfort whatever. This liniment has carried thousands of women through this great crisis without suffering, and they declare it a godsend to women. Send for free book containing information of priceless value. Address, Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.

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Office 513 Olive Street.

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SWORN AVERAGE
CIRCULATION
OF THE
SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH
FOR THE ENTIRE YEAR OF
1899

January	93,756	July	105,933
February	95,597	August	109,955
March	103,038	September	113,491
April	109,809	October	121,751
May	111,903	November	130,193
June	109,016	December	142,165

BIGGEST WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.
One of the ten largest in the United States.

INDEFENSIBLE CONDUCT.

President McMath of the Board of Public Improvements thoroughly disposed of all the excuses offered by Chairman Tamblyn and the members of the House Committee whose holding up of the lighting bills has brought darkness upon a large section of the city.

In particular, it was shown that the pleas in defense of the holding up of the temporary lighting bills were bosh, without a shadow of reason or weight.

In the absence of a reasonable defense the public must draw its own conclusions as to the motives which led the responsible officials to disregard the interests of the city.

There is no evidence that the course of the House of Delegates has not the hearty approval of Mayor Ziegenhein.

DEAR OLD CENTURY.

Rev. John W. Cunningham, in Thursday's Post-Dispatch, makes a plea for the nineteenth century and resents the thrusting forward of a century not yet in being. He says:

"The nineteenth century is regarded by looking-backward centenarians as the brightest century, in many respects, of the Christian era. The twentieth century, so called, is an unknown and unknowable possibility of the future."

Let us all rally round the dear old century just closing. It has been too great, too productive of wonders, too charged with blessings for the human race, to dismiss it as if in disgrace. We all hope that the coming century may be even brighter and better, but who knows? We can but hope.

While the nineteenth century remains, let us make the best of it. It has brought us up the heights of civilization into a radiance that illumines and gladdens. We will not dismiss it before its time at the behest of those who fail to appreciate its greatness.

Light is greatly needed in the darkened streets and alleys and the city institutions, but it is needed most in the House of Delegates. It is a favorite resort for thieves.

CONTRABAND AND AMERICAN INTERESTS.

Lord Rosebery's warning to the British Government not to extend the list of contraband by adding foodstuffs is a timely warning that the English Navy may not always be all powerful.

But the subject is of special interest in the United States and the Washington Government should resist such an extension by every means in its power.

In case of war in Europe the United States will be the granary of the world. We already have a large surplus for export and this could be indefinitely augmented. We should not permit Great Britain, for her own special purpose, in this hour of distress which she has brought upon herself, to add foodstuffs to contraband, thus cutting off one large source of profit, by exposing our exports of wheat, corn, meat and flour to capture and confiscation. Self-interest governs such matters, and in this it is imperative. The United States Government should never consent to putting foodstuffs on the list of contraband. While the Administration is talking so much of expanding our markets, let it guard against the possibility of cutting off the markets we have.

While we are passing from partial darkness into complete caliginosity, the voters of St. Louis may take an hour for reflection upon the folly of continually sending hoodlers to the Municipal Assembly.

MUSIC IN EDUCATION.

The story of how Miss Munck overcame the King of Sweden's objections to her marriage with his son, Prince Oscar—told in the Sunday Post-Dispatch—is not singular.

Music has power to charm all hearts, savage and civilized. The extent of its power has never been fixed and perhaps never will be, since it may be practically boundless. It can do good or ill, it strengthens or enfeebles as no other merely esthetic influence does.

This has been recognized and understood for ages, but why has no one made a study of the subject with reference to the employment of music as a direct educational influence? In Plato's dream this was provided for, the kinds of music permitted exactly described, and their employment regulated. Is there not some practical value in the philosopher's fancy?

The darkening of St. Louis by the Republican Municipal Administration gives a shadow of excuse for State interference in city affairs. Home rule should be honest rule. When it is not, the people become indifferent to the intermeddling of the State.

LEARY PROCLAIMS.

Leary is a great man. Leary is Governor of Guam. Leary doesn't stop with being Governor; he governs.

Every little while Leary proclaims. He has proclaimed the abolition of slavery and polygamy, both of which twin relics flourished in Guam before Leary began to govern. Then he proclaimed against drunkenness and the exportation of things good to eat. After that he designated holidays by proclamation and reduced the number of public celebrations and feast days in a fashion that made the friars' eyes bug out, and the simple islanders wondered what they were going to do for playtime. Leary, in short, has proclaimed Guam into a state of sobriety, thrift, industry, morality and justice.

There is nothing the matter with Leary; hezalright!

It is truly wonderful what can be accomplished by proclamation if you know how to proclaim. Why doesn't Mr. McKinley use that marvellous power of his, over the seasons, the winds and tides, to proclaim universal and eternal prosperity, which shall not cease with his administration.

The determination of the Republican leaders to investigate the conduct of Secretary Gage with regard to the National City Bank is another triumph of publicity. Led by the New York World and the St. Louis Post-Dispatch the independent press of the country has informed the people and thus created a public sentiment which the Republican party could not ignore. It has wisely decided not to ignore it. Secretary Gage has been shown to be guilty of favoritism and law-breaking. Gage must go.

SECRETARY GAGE'S PREDICAMENT.

After sneering at the charges against Secretary Gage, the Republicans of the House and Senate have suddenly changed front and consent to an investigation.

The scandal is accentuated by the fact that the monthly publication of the Treasury credit statement, showing amounts of public money deposited in banks is not forthcoming, although the law plainly requires this to be published in a Washington newspaper on the first day of each month.

That Mr. Gage has favored the National City Bank hardly admits of question. In the matter of the Custom House sale the facts show that the law was violated. In the matter of deposit, it will be difficult for him to show that he has not committed the public funds to the custody of the Rockefeller Syndicate in amounts largely in excess of that permitted by law.

As Mr. Livingston of Georgia observed, "If Secretary Gage had done 50 years ago what he has just done with reference to the National City Bank, he would have been impeached by Congress without a dissenting vote."

A great deal has been said against Andrew Carnegie, and he has some faults, but his opposition to imperialism shows him to be a better American than many a man who is native born. It seems strange that in a contest between Americanism and imperialism any native should be less American than a citizen of foreign birth.

If the Philippines are a part of the United States, Philippine sugar is as much entitled to free entry to this country as is the Hawaiian article. However, the war on the Philippines being itself unjust, any kind of injustice will naturally follow it.

The taxpayers of Great Britain would like to know what is gained by keeping a standing army or a standing navy if the standing army and the standing navy prove to be unprepared for war when the fighting has begun.

The election of Taylor in Kentucky is fortunate for those Republicans who were sentenced for carrying concealed weapons in the State canvass. A very tough one has just been pardoned by the new Governor.

It is a spirit of national selfishness that leads to expansion by war, and this spirit is mistaken for patriotism. It is the same feeling that sways the individual who wants every lot or farm that adjoins his own.

The agitation against the poisoning of rivers by Chicago should be kept up until all rivers are protected from pollution. It is a good time to begin work for so important a reform.

The assertion that the humane and just sentiment of the best people in the United States has kept up the Filipino war is the veriest rot. It is untrue, from whatever source it comes.

Germany denounces, we merely formally protest against, the seizure of foodstuffs as contraband of war. We are as kind to our "ally" as the case will permit.

The disregard of rights of others, exhibited by Chicago in passing her enormous filth to her neighbors, should be unanimously condemned by Congress.

When the Administration is a constant law-breaker, how are people generally to be expected to observe the laws?

The police are to begin drilling next week, and we may hope to see them soon on the burglar firing line.

It is not surprising that Mayor Ziegenhein has nothing to say. The facts speak for themselves.

POST-DISPATCH SNAP SHOTS.

It may shortly be too dark to see the colored vote.

As a municipal philanthropist no other Republican can hold a candle to Col. Kerens.

There was much wickedness in 1899, and the two ciphers of 1900 may indicate a naughty year.

The Prince of Wales' equerry is to go to the South African war, but it looks as if Great Britain is to have a dead horse to pay for.

It pains Mr. Bull exceedingly to contemplate the Transvaal Dutchmen munching food provided by his friend and ally, Uncle Samuel.

The feminine high kicker who fractured her nose by hitting it with her knee did so through her own carelessness. She has, as it were, "no kick coming."

The cuckoo Congress is hearing from the people in the matter of the Administration's pet bank. It is no time for a cuckoo note when the eagle begins to scream.

Church services have been interrupted in Michigan by disputes as to when the new century begins, and one positive citizen has bet his house and lot on his opinion. As the weather grows colder the debates grow hotter.

The Duke of Marlborough takes four Spanish mules with him to the war. What could more surely indicate the decline of the military genius of the Marlboroughs? A real Marlborough would have called for Missouri mules.

Uncle Sam can build at the advanced prices of materials, because he continues to grind out war stamps and gather taxes from imports, but the individual American has to stop to consider how the advances are to be met.

American Admirals, rear or front, should always endeavor to be present in our naval engagements. They should recall the British seaman who at the battle of the Nile was there all the while; all the while, all the while, at the battle of the Nile.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

INQUIRER.—A 1 cent of 1857, head to left, is worth 7 cents.

WILL POWERS.—There is no premium on a 1-cent piece of 1858.

READER.—Eugene Field died Nov. 4, 1895. Kate Field died May 19, 1896.

R. R. S.—An assistant bookkeeper must understand bookkeeping and be a competent accountant.

MRS. ROGERS.—Report the circumstances to the police. They will call the attention of the proper authorities to the case.

M. H. M.—You can make the trump in euchre without having any cards of that description in your hand if you wish to do so.

SUBSCRIBER.—Write to Colman's Rural World or some other agricultural paper for the names of books and pamphlets on cows.

STANLEY.—We do not give business addresses in this column. Refer to the paper in which article appeared. You will find a file at Public Library.

CONSTANT READER.—Hot water with a little washing soda dissolved, followed by clear hot water, should cleanse the instrument without injuring it.

LEE.—O, yes; but not too often, and be very quiet and inconspicuous. A woman can't be too careful. Circumstances must be considered; what would be improper in some cases might be entirely proper in others.

MEMBER OF ORDER.—We cannot undertake to investigate business houses and benevolent orders and pass upon their character and standing. Better consult some reliable insurance agent or insurance paper.

WM. NEWTON.—Probably John D. Rockefeller is the richest man in the world. It is not possible to estimate the wealth of any rich man at present. Recent financial developments have augmented most large fortunes.

L. W.—John Hay, Ohio, Secretary of State; Lyman J. Gage, Illinois, Secretary of the Treasury; Elihu Root, New York, Secretary of War; John W. Griggs, New Jersey, Attorney General; Chas. E. Smith, Pennsylvania, Postmaster-General; John D. Long, Massachusetts, Secretary of the Navy; Ethen A. Hitchcock, Missouri, Secretary of the Interior; James Wilson, Iowa, Secretary of Agriculture.

A DAILY MAGAZINE.

AN OKLAHOMAN'S CASTLE.

Charles Babcock, horseshoer, alderman and an admirer of pugilism, is building the most remarkable house in Oklahoma. Babcock's house is three stories high and as round as a silver dollar just from the mint. The upper stories are each smaller in diameter than the one below. On top of the third story is a staff, crowned with a "knitting ball." The lower floor is divided into three rooms, each resembling in shape a slice of pie. Along the wall of one room is a narrow stairway to the second story.

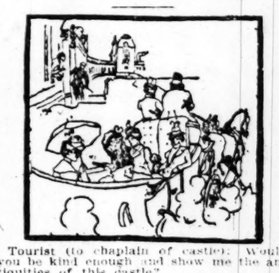
One of Babcock's troubles is to get his furniture to fit. If his beds and tables and chairs and sofas were round he could arrange matters with less difficulty. Somebody has remarked that a stranger might walk himself to death trying to get into the house on a dark night, going continually in a circle, in an attempt to find the door.

AN EXCESS OF FAME.

"Bramblebush seems to be getting his name up everywhere."

"Yes. He'll be up before the grandjury next week."

ANTIQUITIES NOT AT HOME.



Tourist (to chaplain of castle): Would you be kind enough and show me the antiquities of this castle?

Chaplain: I am very sorry, but her ladyship the Countess and her daughters have just left for a ride to the town.—Filegende Blaetter.

A WINTER SONG.

O, but to see again the vernal glow
Kindle to blossom-fires the wastes of snow!
That were a boon for all these icy hoards,
That were a solace for this wintry woe!

O, but to list the laugh of leaves once more,
The lyric water singing to the shore!
That were to hear the soothing voice of peace
Succeeding strife that cries with lion roar!

O, but to know the old light in your eyes
Dawn like the morning in the virgin skies!
That were a dream of happiness come true,
That were a little rift of paradise!

—Clinton Scollard, in Cosmopolitan.

A CHARITABLE ACT.

They were telling a story in Wall street last week about a speculator who is notoriously parsimonious, even miserly, with his money. He had a religious up-bringing in his youth, however, and, though he has departed pretty far from the precepts he learned at his mother's knee, he yet has spasms of conscience once in awhile.

One of these occurred recently, and while the conscience-stricken broker was under the spell a consumptive-looking beggar asked him for a nickel to get something to eat. Instead of ignoring the mendicant, as usual, the broker stopped and interrogated him. Evidently convinced that the man was genuinely in need of food, the broker told him to wait a minute. Then, turning into a nearby saloon, the broker bought a drink and swallowed it. Taking a handful of crackers from the free lunch counter, he walked out and gave them to the beggar.—New York Press.

DIRE VENGEANCE.

She: "I heard about the elopement. Has her mother forgiven them?"

He: "I think not. I understand she has gone to live with them."—Collier's Weekly.

A WELL-TRAINED HOUSEHOLD.

Visiting Lady: What dear little children—and how well behaved they are!

Proud Father: My wife has been very strict in giving them a good training.

Little Girl: To you, too, papa?—Filegende Blaetter.

ON THE RUN.

"Once," said the dreamy tragedian, "I toured the great State of Illinois in less than a week."

"Who was your backer?" inquired the press agent.

"Beg pardon?"

"I say who backed you on this tour?"

"I really do not grasp your meaning."

"Who was behind you on this meteoric tour?"

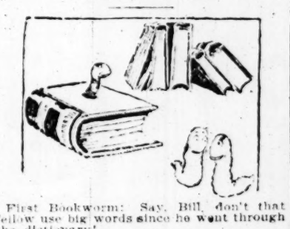
"O! The Sheriff."

MAKING ALLOWANCES.

"Do you admire Beethoven's music?" asked the young man whose hair is long and curls at the ends.

"O, yes," answered the young woman. Beethoven was all right for his day. You see, ragtime hadn't been invented then."

A HEAVY DIET.



First Bookworm: Say, Bill, don't that fellow use big words since he went through the dictionary!

THE Days Love Story AN OLD MAID'S DIARY

APRIL, 1893.—Yes, it is true that I must be classed with "old maids." My mirror has said to me: "Resign yourself" and I shall do so. I, who would have loved so well, could have devoted my life to the happiness of one other, must close my heart, and remain in the solitude of my little room, isolated in the midst of this gay Paris, whose pleasure-seeking throngs are oblivious of an old maid's lonely tears.

October, 1895.—During the last week news has come to me which has changed my whole life. Last year I had saved up a little money and bought some exposition stock as an investment. It has risen marvelously, and I have realized 100,000 francs. Think of it! I am rich. I, who have had barely enough to live on all my life!

After the good news came the bad. Sorrow will always follow close upon my happiness. My sister, Antoinette, a widow, who lived in the country town where we were born, has just died, leaving two little children, Pierre and Jeanne, without means of supporting themselves.

January, 1898.—It is in Badonviller, my native place, that I write these lines. I found my nephew and niece in a pitiful situation.

Jeanne is a charming girl of 18 and Pierre a fine lad of 16. I love them both already and see that my mission in life is to care for them, to be as much a mother as an aunt can be. "Aunt," that is better than "old maid."

Kasper Dollfuls is still here. When I saw him again after all these years my heart beat as it often used to when I was a girl, and saw him often. I thought that this foolishness had left me, but the mere sight of him set me trembling and I felt that I blushed.

I have bought a little house—simple, but

sweet and homelike. We call it our little nest in the trees.

February, 1898.—I can hardly see to write, and my hand trembles with emotion. Kasper has just been here. He found me alone, and told me what my heart has ached to hear all these years.

He says he has always loved me; that he has never forgotten me during all these years of absence, and that my return has made him happy. He wants me to marry him. Is he sincere? I have searched my heart for an answer and it is "Yes!"

March, 1898.—I return to my journal, where the secrets of my heart find expression, to write of this new sorrow that has come to me.

Jeanne confessed to me that she was deeply in love with a young officer here and he is in love with her.

It seems that the young man is poor, too poor to marry unless his wife brings a little money. Jeanne, he knows, has none, and he has resolved to leave the service he loves and try to make a fortune elsewhere, to be able to marry her. She is in despair, for she knows the full weight of his sacrifice.

When I tried to console her, she cried:

"Oh, if you knew how I love him!"

I made up my mind then to give her 25,000 francs, as I had to Pierre. It is a large sum, but I thought I would not need it so much now that I was to marry Kasper.

That night I told him and saw his face stubbornly change become cold and cruel. When I had finished he cried:

"It is absurd! You have no right to give your money away in this manner!"

I told him that I had already given to Pierre a like sum, and he cried out again that it was folly. After many words he left the house in anger, and saying at the door:

"When you come to your senses I will return—until then, good-by!"

He has never loved me! It was my poor little fortune he was after. God help me. I can know this, and still love him.

April, 1898.—I made my decision, and though my heart is broken, my conscience is at rest.

Jeanne is happy, so happy that I try to find my own comfort in feeling that I am the cause of her joy.

Yesterday I met Kasper on the street and he did not look at me. They say that he is to marry a rich widow, older even than I.

Jeanne will leave me soon to follow her husband. Pierre is going to college next year, and I shall once more be alone. Alone an old maid with bitter memories and long, heavy hours of anguish.—From the French.

THE GREAT CENTURY PUZZLE!

Post-Dispatch Readers Are Doing Their Level Best Towards Its Solution.

A Novel Explanation.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

For the benefit of Post-Dispatch readers, I submit the following solution of the "Twentieth Century Puzzle." Time, in the Christian Era, is not measured in the same way in which we compute our age. The years are called "years of the Lord," not "years after the Lord." Jan. 1, 1 A. D., the first day of the first year of the Lord, is the date of his birth, and the beginning of the era. Jan. 1, 2 A. D., is the beginning of the second year of the Lord, but is only one year after his birth. So Jan. 1, 100 A. D., is the beginning of the one hundredth year of the Lord, while it is but 99 years after his birth. Jan. 1, 101 A. D., is 100 years after his birth. Likewise, Jan. 1, 1900 A. D. (meaning, remember, the year 1900 of our Lord), is only 1899 years after his birth and only on Jan. 1, 1901, have we passed through 1900 years since the beginning of the era, and do we enter upon the twentieth century.

It all hinges upon the terms "years of" and "years after," and as this is accepted as the year 1900 of the Lord, it must be conceded that it is the year 1899 after Christ. If we used the term "after" in our system we would be compelled to call the year one of the Lord the year zero after the Lord, which is evidently rather inconvenient.

St. Louis. EBRH.

The Levee Is the First Street.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

It appears to me that to settle the question, "What century are we living in?" we have but to compare it to the numbers of the streets of St. Louis, or if you please, the growth of the city. Let us start at the river and travel west; when we arrive at First street, we have, what?—traversed one block, one foot past First street, we are entering upon the second block, at second street we have traveled two blocks and enter the third, likewise to the nineteen hundredth street, we cross and enter the next century of blocks which must be the twentieth. How can it be otherwise?

A babe born today—one year from today will be its birthday, the year will have past, and sigohe, the child will be a full year old entering upon its second. We do not wait for twenty-four months to pass before we say the child is a year old and in his second.

In short, was not Sunday night or midnight, between Sunday and Monday last, the birth of the twentieth century?

H. H. JOUGHNES.

Another Unconvinced.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I am one of those who claim that this is the first year of the twentieth century. Why not say that this month belongs to the year 1899? Why not say that we must pass through the first month of any year, in order to complete the previous year.

Now, 12 o'clock midnight is the dividing line between days, is it not? Then you, who say that we begin to count time with "one," why not wait until 1 o'clock after midnight to commence a new day?

To me this seems just as reasonable as to say that we must pass one year of the new century in order to complete the century previous.

If this is not the twentieth century, then the entire system of education is wrong, and every arithmetic in the country must need revision. Very truly yours.

ANOTHER TWENTIETH CENTURY MAID.

(We know of no arithmetic books that teach that 19 articles of any kind makes 20, or that the 100th article in a series is the first in the 20th hundred. Do you? Ed. of Post-Dispatch.)

An Odd Argument.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Please allow me space to reply to what you term "The Mythical Year 0."

We have at the beginning of every century the double 00, namely, the first century ended when we reached 100 years, the 1 representing the first century and the 00 the intervening time between the end of the first century and the end of the first year of the second century, when we have had 101 full years and so on up to Jan. 1, 1900. Now, to fully illustrate it, we will start with the new era, Jan. 1, 1900. We will strike out the 19 and have the double 00 left. Now, a child born Jan. 1 in the new era will be 100 years old Jan. 1, 1900, and if it should do the improbable act, and live until Jan. 1, 1901, it would be exactly 1900 years old. Should it continue to live another year it would be 1901 years old.

"Now will you be good?"

St. Louis. L. F. GARDNER.

Bad Rhyme, but Live Subject.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

This is

THE MAN WITH THE TIME.

Pray tell me when I'm living, Father Time?

In what century did my life begin?
Did century one end at ninety-nine?
Where am I at and what century in?

Pray tell me, Father Time; my dates are mixed.
Some say nineteen, others say it's twenty.
If I don't soon get this date matter fixed
I shall become a hopeless nonentity.

Pray tell me, Father Time, in what century,
If so, did the wheels of time slip a cog?
And is this eighteen, nineteen or twenty?
Your conundrum has set the world agog.

Do tell when was this century begun.
And will you kindly post me of the next?
Will it begin with nineteen hundred one?
O, Father Time, will you appease my quest?

St. Louis. L. M. V. S.

How To Be Beautiful.

Harriet Hubbard Ayer Tells Post-Dispatch Lady Readers to Eat Plenty of Ripe Fruit.

Written for the Post-Dispatch.

THE value of ripe fruit, eaten on an empty stomach, can scarcely be overestimated as a complexion beautifier.

If women who sit day after day at the various luncheon resorts and surfeit themselves on cream puffs, eclairs and other cloying and destroying combinations, only would give over eating all their indigestibles and would lunch off delicious ripe fruits, with possibly one substantial dish added, they would very shortly notice a remarkable change in their skins.

I speak on this important subject with the courage of desperation.

I have no idea my chocolate-cream and pie clientele of girls will do as I entreat them.

Nevertheless, I do entreat.

Eat fruit—sound, ripe fruit and lots of it.

The old adage that fruit is gold in the morning and lead at night is disproven.

Fruit is gold at any time when not eaten upon a full stomach, after the appetite is satisfied and the digestive organs are already taxed sufficiently, if not overtaxed, as is too frequently the case.

Eat oranges, if you can get them—ripe, juicy oranges.

Eat them in the morning before the fast of the night has been broken.

Don't swallow the pulp; there is no nourishment in it and it is difficult to digest.

The other day I urged fruit upon a sweet young thing who was bewailing the hideous fate which had dealt out three pimples to her charming chin "just," as she said to me, pleadingly, "at the one time when everything in life depends upon my looking at least unobnoxious."

She ate an orange for her breakfast with the air of a young and down-trodden victim engaged in highly moral and self-sacrificing human endeavor.

"Eat another one, my love," I said, and she replied:

"I cannot. If I do I shall have no room for my broiled ham and waffles."

The fruit that was really what she needed to make her feel better, brighter, stronger and to cure by its acids the condition of her blood that produced the ugly pimples, was to be curtailed in quantity to make room for an abominable breakfast of ham and greasy, indigestible waffles, swimming in butter and maple syrup.

Oh, my dear girls! But what is the use? You are just like a lot of naughty babies who have been told over and over again that the fire will burn and insist on just trying a little weenty bit to see if it really would burn a finger to hold it in the flame of a candle.

Well, the candle burns the little fingers, but not more surely than sweet food, greasy food, hot, improperly compounded cakes and breads produce pimples, red noses and blackheads.

If I were to offer a prize at the end of a year of a beautiful, satiny complexion to the girl who would honestly earn one there would be 100,000 who would enter the race. I doubt if there would be 20 competitors at the end of the first fortnight and there would not be one in sight at the termination of the twelvemonth.

A beautiful skin is a perishable gift.

If you were born with one you will lose it before you are 30 if you defy the laws by which it is maintained.

If you have a bad skin you may use the formulas I give you, and you will at least acquire temporary improvement from them, but so long as you insist in filling your stomach with the elements for producing pimples and every sort of complexion blemish you make it almost impossible for me to do much for you.

Eat fruit—oranges, grape fruit, grapes, apples (raw and cooked)—and let the greasy sweets go.

If you only would!

HARRIET HUBBARD AYER.

BROWN'S FINISH.

"Unless you get another job," the doctor said to Brown,
"Inside of half a dozen years disease will cut you down,
And your demise will be a fact recorded in this town.

"You need a fresher kind of air; your lungs are getting dry;
Your muscles, see, are much too soft; your pulse is much too high.
I wonder how you've lived so long. Get out of here or die!

"If you are careful with yourself, in spite of friendly jeers,
You may delay the final scene of orphans' blinding tears;
In fact, you may prolong your life as much as 20 years."

Poor Brown was greatly frightened at this terrifying talk;
His eyes dilated fiercely and his face was white as chalk.
To seek another place at once he took an oath to walk.

He got a job collecting rents. "Just think how near a wreck
I came to being! Thank the Lord," he said, "I'm still on deck!"
Next day a street car came along and ran across his neck!

J. GEINHER GUNN.

Back to the Birch.

From the Kansas City Times.

The abolition of corporal punishment in the Sedalia public schools has not been a success. Hereafter the old-fashioned "twig" will be on regular duty.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

(This column is open to everybody who has a complaint to make, a grievance to ventilate, information to give or a subject of general interest to discuss, or a public service to acknowledge, and who can put the idea into the fewest words possible. Letters from persons seeking employment cannot be given place in this column.)

Let the Authorities Act.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The way to prevent mob law is for the authorities to be vigilant in detecting crime and the courts prompt in its punishment.

There is a rumor that the turning off of the public light in the city is due to the fact that the lighting companies refused to put up the amount of "boodle" demanded by the parties whose duty it is to make such contracts.

If this is true the facts should be ascertained and the guilty ones punished.

If the legally organized courts do not act promptly in the matter the case may be referred to Judge Lynch with authority to act.

Jan. 4, 1900. WM. PAYNE.

Competition in Labor.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I read in yesterday's paper a letter from a man who signed himself "Another Reader." I want to say that the man who says any man can get work in St. Louis who wants it must be one of those fellows who would work cheaper than another to get that other's position, and any man who will work for $1 per week can come pretty near holding his position forever.

A MECHANIC.

"United States of South Africa."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In a few days will occur the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans. All true republicans the world over hope that Bulloe will attack Joubert on that day and meet the same fate that Packenham met Jan. 8, 1815, at New Orleans. We hope and trust that the coming century will usher in the "United States of South Africa" to the republican family of nations. 1776.

Not Discouraged.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I noticed in this evening's Post-Dispatch a man signing himself "Another Reader" saying "any man who cannot find work in St. Louis does not want it." I want to say he makes a great mistake. I have been looking for work four months without success. At one time I could say as "Another Reader" does, that work is easy to obtain, but times are different now. But I am not discouraged yet; as long as there is life there is hope. S. A.

St. Louis

CHICAGO'S FILTH MAY BE STOPPED.

Attorney-General Crow Moves On Behalf of Missouri.

WILL ASK FOR AN INJUNCTION.

IMMEDIATE APPLICATION TO FEDERAL SUPREME COURT.

The Attorney-General Claims That This State Has the Power to Close the Gates of the Drainage Canal.

"I shall apply in behalf of the State of Missouri to the Federal Supreme Court at Washington city for an injunction to prevent the pollution of the Mississippi River by means of sewage from the Chicago Drainage Canal. In my opinion, it is within the power of the State of Missouri to protect these waters from pollution in order to preserve the health of the citizens."—ATTORNEY-GENERAL CROW.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 5.—The power of the State of Missouri will be used to prevent the pollution of the waters of the Mississippi by the germ-laden filth of Chicago's sewage and stock yard's offal.

Attorney-General Crow will proceed at once to begin proceedings for an injunction in the United States Federal Supreme Court against the Drainage Canal Commissioners of Illinois and the Chicago Board having control of the ditch.

As the case now stands, Chicago's sewage comes no further south than Lockport, where are situated the dam and gates controlling the outlet from the ditch into the Desplaines and Illinois rivers. The purpose of Attorney-General Crow's step is to prevent the Canal Board from opening the gates and turning the polluted lake water into the river channel.

Gen. Crow thinks the right of the State of Missouri is clear and that application for injunction will be granted and the State win its case at the final hearing.

In explanation of his action he says:

"The City of St. Louis can only proceed against the city of Chicago and the sewage canal trustees in the lower federal court at Chicago, and the case upon its determination there will have to go through the slow process of an appeal to the Federal Supreme Court and await its turn on the docket of that court for hearing.

"Now, if I, as Attorney-General of Missouri, can, in behalf of the State, file a bill in equity and obtain an injunction in the Federal Supreme Court against the city of Chicago and the sewage canal trustees who are citizens of Illinois, on the ground that the State of Missouri can interfere to prevent the pollution of the waters of a navigable stream within its borders, this will very much hasten the final decision of the question.

"I have, so far as I could, investigated the facts with reference to the proposed pollution of the waters of the Mississippi River by the turning of the Chicago sewage into it through the canal, and I believe the State of Missouri has a right to proceed through the Federal Supreme Court in the way I have indicated. I believe the right of every owner of land through or by which a stream of water flows to the use and enjoyment of the water and to have the same flow in its natural and accustomed course without corruption, obstruction or diversion, exists and extends to the quality of the water, as well as to the quantity thereof. It has been so decided in the following cases: Holsman against Boiling Spring Bleaching Company, 14, New Jersey Eq., Rep. U. P., 335-342, 10, Rhode Island Rep., 106.

"Missouri has jurisdiction of the waters of the Mississippi River to the middle of the main channel, and hence, in my opinion, it is within the power of the State of Missouri to protect these waters from pollution, in order to preserve the health of our citizens. The protection of the health of the citizens of a state is perhaps one of the highest duties of the State government.

"I shall apply in behalf of the State of Missouri to the Federal Supreme Court at Washington City for an injunction to prevent the pollution of the Mississippi River by means of sewage from the Chicago Canal."

NO FEAR OF ST. LOUIS.

Chicago Drainage Trustees Make Light of Injunction Proceedings.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Drainage canal trustees profess to fear nothing from the efforts of St. Louis and Missouri to close their sewage ditch. The attitude of all is expressed by Trustee B. A. Eckhart, who says:

"I do not believe St. Louis can present allegations against the canal that will induce any court in the land to issue an injunction. The channel will prove a purifier to both the Illinois and Mississippi Rivers, not a pollution. Furthermore, the canal is legally opened under a permit from Gen. Russell A. Alger, as Secretary of the War Department. It is not necessary for the water to flow over the dam at Lockport for the canal to be legally open. There is water in the artificial channel now, and that makes the work in use. No court will issue an injunction to prevent something that has been done already. I want to say further that I believe that the majority of the people of St. Louis are not in sympathy with the fight that a few politicians down there are making. The trustees will certainly combat any attempt to interfere with the using of the drainage canal."

MR. CROW'S ACTION APPROVED.

City Counselor Gone to Chicago to Consult With Special Counsel Brown.

City Counselor Schnurmacher went to Chicago Thursday night to consult with William Brown, special counsel for the city in the drainage canal case.

It is not unlikely that he and Mr. Brown will begin proceedings in the Federal Court soon.

Mayor Ziegenhein directed Mr. Schnurmacher to make the trip.

"We have been unable to ascertain exactly how far Chicago has gone toward opening the canal," said the Mayor, "and Mr. Schnurmacher and I thought it better that he be on the ground.

"Attorney-General Crow's proposal to apply for an injunction against Chicago in the Federal Supreme Court is very welcome. It is a good move. We cannot do too much to prevent the outrage Chicago is attempting to put upon us. Mr. Crow's proceeding and ours will not conflict. His move simply gives us another chance to win.

"We cannot hit Chicago too hard, and I am in favor of anybody and everybody taking a hand in the fight."

Left $7000 to Charity.

By her will filed Thursday, Mrs. Habertine Wagner, left $7000 to charity. She was the widow of William Wagner, who died some years ago, and she had no near relatives. She divided her small fortune, and thus remembered a number of church and charitable institutions. The bequests range from $200 down.

Railroad Trainmen's Ball.

The Annual ball of the Future Great Lodge, No. 45, Brotherhood of Railroad trainmen, will be given at Germania Turner Hall, Michigan and Robert avenues, Wednesday evening, January 17.

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6.

WILD WITH ECZEMA

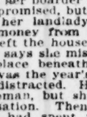
One of Pittsburg's Most Estimable Business Men Certifies to the Wonderful Efficacy of Cuticura.

I was a sufferer for eight years from that most distressing of all diseases, Eczema. I tried some of the best physicians in the country, but they did me little good. The palms of my hands were covered, and would become inflamed; little white blisters at first would appear, then they would peel off, leaving a red, smooth surface which would burn like fire, and itch; well, there is no name for it. On the inside of the upper part of both my limbs, great red blotches, not unlike hives, would appear, and as soon as I became warm, the burning and itching would begin. Night after night I would lie awake all night and scratch and almost go wild. I got a box of CUTICURA Ointment, a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and gave them a thorough trial, and after a few applications I noticed the redness and inflammation disappear; before I had used one box there was not a sign of Eczema left. I can truthfully assert that $2.00 worth of CUTICURA REMEDIES cured me.

J. D. PORTE, 428 4th Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

CUTICURA THE SET $1.25

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment (50c.), to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin and scalp humors, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, especially of infants and children, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humor," free.



BAD COMPLEXIONS, pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, oily skin, red, rough hands with shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, with itching, scaly, irritated scalps, prevented by CUTICURA MEDICINAL AND TOILET SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. Two soaps combined in one at one price, 25c.

MRS RAUH PAID HER BOARD BILL.

At This, Mrs. Fink, Her Landlady, Became Suspicious.

FOR MRS. FINK HAD LOST $100.

RESULT IS THAT MRS. RAUH HAS BEEN ARRESTED.

Detectives Say She Confessed to Having Robbed Peter That Paul Might Be Settled With—Well Dressed Widow's Plight.

Mrs. Sophia Rauh, a well-dressed widow, who claims noble ancestry, is a prisoner at the Baden Mounted Police Station, charged with taking $100 from her landlady, Mrs. Lewis Fink of Baden, on New Year's Day. Detective Rice, who arrested Mrs. Rauh, says the woman told him she took the money in order to pay Mrs. Fink the $35 board bill she had contracted.

Two months ago Mrs. Rauh applied to Mrs. Fink for board and lodging. Mrs. Fink, whose husband conducts a farm, was glad to have a boarder who would swell the family funds. She had met Mrs. Rauh several years before, when she was a servant in a prominent family at Woodlawn and Mrs. Rauh was an honored guest.

When the first month's board was due, Mrs. Mrs. Rauh failed to pay. "All my money is in a bank at Hannibal," she said, "and I can't get it for several months."

Then she told Mrs. Fink how she had lost money by the failure of a lumber company in Hannibal. Mrs. Fink believed her and allowed the board bill to go over.

On New Year's Day the second month's board was due. Then Mrs. Fink began to press her boarder for settlement. Mrs. Rauh still promised, but did not pay. Finally she told her landlady that she would borrow the money from her friend in Woodlawn. She left the house, and that same day Mrs. Fink says she missed the $100, from its hiding place beneath her bed.

It was the year's savings and the woman was distracted. Her suspicions centered on a woman, but she hesitated to make the accusation. Then she learned that Mrs. Fink had spent the previous night at a downtown hotel, registering as Mrs. Eldridge. Further she heard that her boarder had made extensive purchases in downtown stores. Mrs. Fink's suspicions crystalized when Mrs. Rauh appeared and paid the board bill with the money which she said she borrowed from her Woodlawn friend. Mrs. Fink went to the mounted station and requested Mrs. Rauh's arrest. Special Officers Rice and Cabanne investigated. Thursday they arrested Mrs. Rauh at the home of her friend in Woodlawn.

Mrs. Rauh had friends in Woodlawn and they were indignant at her arrest. "She cannot be guilty," they urged. "She attends our church regularly and is one of the leaders at the weekly prayer meeting."

"She confessed to me that she had taken Mrs. Fink's money," said Detective Rice. "Her denials at Woodlawn were forgotten when she reached the station. We placed her in the cell and she told of finding the money in the mattress New Year's day, and its temptation for her. Once in possession of the purse she started down town. She spent $40 shopping and staid that night at a prominent hotel. Next day she returned and found Mrs. Fink suspicious. Mrs. Rauh decided to pay her board bill. She paid and felt secure, but her arrest broke her nerve. After her confession she turned aside and drew $50 from her skirts.

"This is all the money I have left, the rest has been spent," she sobbed.

"Mrs. Rauh is 45 years old and claims to have children in Hannibal where she lived many years with her husband. She told the Finks that her father was an attache of the royal court in Denmark, and that she was born in the Palace at Copenhagen while her father was in the royal service.

It is known that she received money from time to time from a foreign source.

Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson issued a warrant against Mrs. Rauh Thursday, charging her with the theft.

MERCHANTS TO GO VISITING.

Implement and Vehicle Board of Trade Will See Terre Haute.

The first excursion of the Implement and Vehicle Board of Trade into St. Louis jobbing territory will be run Jan. 19 over the Big Four route to Terre Haute, Ind. Stops will be made at all intermediate points. The excursion will return over the Vandalia line.

The implement and vehicle dealers will be accompanied on this excursion by members of the Furniture Board of Trade and of the Interstate Merchants' Association.

The purpose for which the excursions are to be run is to provide a way by which the heads of manufacturing and jobbing houses in St. Louis may become better acquainted with their customers and prospective customers. On the excursion to Terre Haute no salesmen will be allowed and the party will be made up entirely of members of the leading firms of the city. About 50 persons have signified their intention of making the trip.

In short, a party of big merchants propose to go "a visitin'" and customers and those who are not customers who may be honored with a call will not be annoyed by price currents and arguments to buy. The visiting party will, however, attempt to convince customers that St. Louis is the best market in which to purchase goods.

Other excursions will follow and one through the South and to Havana, Cuba, is being contemplated.

HALSEY C. IVES WILL SPEAK.

To Address the Good Government League Republican Club.

The Good Government League Republican Club met Thursday night and these names for the offices for the coming year were presented:

President, L. J. W. Wall; first vice-president, F. B. Brownell; second vice-president, Joseph B. Ambs; third vice-president, Harry M. Coudrey; secretary, Wilbur B. Allen; treasurer, F. B. Brownell; corresponding secretary, Joseph T. Tatum; financial secretary, Theodore H. Koelling; sergeant-at-arms, Herman Bader. Directors—Henry F. Wrausman, Henry Reinstedler, Henry Froeckman, Joseph L. Schuler, Adolph Hartman, Charles Sachse, John Loesch, Nick Link, Richard B. Wall, F. H. Powell, Andy Herbel, George E. Berrett, Louis Meyer, John E. Morische, Geo. S. Tourville, Herman Bader, William B. Allen, Richard P. McClure, Chauncey I. Filley, Joseph B. Ambs, William E. May, Charles P. Mason, Charles Rohre, Louis Wollbrinck, J. M. Jones.

Halsey C. Ives will address the club on Jan. 18.

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6.

DEATH CAME TO R. E. MUSICK.

He Expired Suddenly in the Corridor of the Commercial Building.

Death came suddenly to C. E. Musick while standing in the corridor of the Commercial Building Thursday afternoon, as told in late editions of the Post-Dispatch.

He had just addressed a word of greeting to the young woman in charge of a laundry branch there when he reeled and fell heavily to the floor. A few minutes after he was dead.

Mr. Musick was 65 years old, and of late years had made his home in Kirkwood with his daughter. He was born in Florissant, Mo., where he passed his boyhood days. For a long time he was engaged in the cattle business in Texas, where he owned a large ranch.

He also lived in Sedalia, but abandoned his enterprises about a year ago. His son, Edwin, lives at 1106 Hickory street.

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

Shot by a Watchman.—Jacob Benner, a private watchman employed by Fred Burkhart & Co., 240 Gano avenue, created excitement at the neighborhood of 1441 Kosciusko street Thursday night by firing two shots at Jacob Snyder, inflicting a light flesh wound in the left shoulder. Renner was locked up on the charge of disturbing the peace.

DON'T SWIM

when there's a bridge. Don't experiment with your health. Profit by the experience of others. Abbey's Effervescent Salt has acted as a bridge for many to carry them over sickness and disease. The daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt will keep you in good health and spirits the year 'round.

ABBEY'S SALT cures and prevents Constipation, Headache, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nervous Depression, Rheumatism.

There are some people who never do anything until they have to. Don't be one of them. Take care of your health while you have it. Retain it by the daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt.

All Druggists. 25c., 50c. and $1 per bottle.

FREE Send two 2-ct. stamps, to pay postage and packing, and we will mail you one of the most dainty and beautiful colored calendar creations of the year.

The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., 9-15 Murray St., New York.

Surprise Special Sale No. 117

For one week only, beginning to-morrow and ending next Friday, at the Good Luck, N. W. Cor. Sixth and St. Charles (GOOD LUCK CORNER.)

Men's Tan Fancy Back Covert Overcoats.

The very thing this season. **$5** For winter and early spring wear.

These Overcoats, made by Good Luck tailors on the premises, show the same care in making, fit and style as higher priced garments. The Good Luck lets the purchaser judge for himself the value of our goods. The Good Luck has no need to resort to such well-known claims as "Overcoats worth $15 for $5." This house believes in the intelligence of the people.

Star Waists, ages 10 to 14 ..... 48c	*The Most Comprehensive* PANTS DEPARTMENT *In the West. Excellent values at* $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 to $5	Elegant Cashmere Half Hose 25c
Boys' Reefers, in frieze or chinchilla, $1.93, $2.50 to $3.98		Fine Camel's Hair and Natural Wool Underwear, per garment 75c
Men's elegant All-Wool Suits, $5, $6.50, $7.50 to $10		Handsome patterns in Men's and Boys' Fancy Shirts 50c

FLYER FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY ONLY—Men's Stiff or Fedora Hats, black and brown, late shapes, silk band and binding and Russia leather sweats, clear stock nutria fur..... **75c**

Our double guarantee protects our customers: 1—Money back without an argument if desired. 2—All clothing kept in repair free for one year.

See our ad in this paper every Friday. Open every Saturday until 10 P. M.

What Next? THE **Good Luck** SCHMITZ & SHRODER

SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES STREETS, MAKERS OF GOOD ST. LOUIS CLOTHING.

BROWNING, KING & CO.

BROADWAY AND PINE STREET.

The past season has been an exceptionally prosperous one with us. But we still have a good stock of SUITS, OVERCOATS and ULSTERS which we have determined shall be sold, if prices will sell them.

The following are some of the bargains:

MEN'S OVERCOATS.

Fine All-Wool Kersey, cut from $13.50 to..... $10.00
Fine All-Wool Melton, cut from $15.00 to $12.00
Elegant Frieze, Melton and Beavers—Cut from $18.00 and $20.00 to $15.00

MEN'S ULSTERS.

Fine quality Irish Frieze, cut from $15.00 to. $12.00
Good quality Irish Frieze, cut from $13.50 to $10.00

MEN'S SUITS.

Fine quality Worsteds, cut from $20.00 to $15.00
Handsome Cheviots and Cassimeres—cut from $15.00 and $13.50 to $12.00 and $10.00. All choice patterns made in our very best style.

Boys' Single and Double-Breasted Long Pant Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters—reduced from 20% to 40%. Some odd lots one-half price.

Children's Vest Suits, Reefers and Topcoats—cut from ¼ to ⅓ in price. A few lots ½ price.

Children's India Linen Blouse Waists less than ½ price.

It will pay you to buy now to lay aside for next winter—woolens are advancing and prices will be much higher.

ALE! MADE IN ST. LOUIS By the BURTON Ale and Porter Brewing Co.

Brewers of SPARKLING and STOCK ALES, PORTER, HALF-AND-HALF, BROWN STOUT and PECKINGTON SPECIAL.

If your grocer or liquor dealer cannot supply you, telephone us direct. Kinloch - - - D 1344.

STEINER'S Ticket Offices Reduced Railway Rates

Established 1877.

TO ALL POINTS.

Sleeping Car Reservation Secured. Baggage Checked to Destination.

Member of American Ticket Brokers' Association. 210 N. 4th Street. Phone 2088 Main. Branch, 1007 Market St. Opp. Union Station. Phone 2098 Main.

CUT RATE DENTIST

Until Jan. 7 we have decided to do all work for one half the regular price.

Full Set of Teeth	$3.00
Bridgework, per tooth	$2.50
Gold Crowns, 22k	$2.50
Silver Fillings	25c

All work guaranteed for 10 years. Positively no pain in any of our operations. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain.

DIAMOND DENTAL PARLORS,
606 OLIVE ST. —Opposite Barr's Olive street Entrance.

ESTABLISHED 36 YEARS. THE BEN **WALKER** LOAN CO., **213** NORTH SEVENTH ST. **213**

Business confidential. (Ground Floor, Holland Building.) First class Loan Office. Private Loan Rooms.

Not a biscuit is ever lost if it's raised with *Jack Frost...* A Favorite BAKING POWDER wherever introduced.

Recommended by all grocers. Fair price—pound can, 25c.

STOP YOUR COUGH!

We Will Stop Your Cough With a 20c Bottle of

Balsam of Tar

OR REFUND YOUR MONEY.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

MISSOURI PHARMACY, 8th Av., S. Louis, Mo. And BOSTON DRUG CO., 12th and Franklin Av.

FREE—A Goldfish with every $1.00 purchase at our two stores.

Munyon's Inhaler

Cures Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung diseases. Prevents Consumption. Relieves at once. Certain cure. At all druggists. Price $1.00

Superfluous Hairs

Warts, moles, scars, permanently removed without pain. PIMPLES, ECZEMA, PSORIASIS or any skin and SCALP DISEASES quickly cured by a new method. Use "LEPIDUS" to remove freckles, tan, etc. Trial jar, 50c. JOHN WEHRLY, M. D., 307 Union Trust Building.

Ladies' "Storm King" Boot, $3.50

This elegant boot is an exclusive style—no use to ask for it anywhere else. Cut from Box Calf, with fine kid lining. Cork soles and rubber heels. Excludes cold and dampness.

You Walk on Velvet With Rubber Heels.

BAKER SHOE BAYLES CO.

509 N. SIXTH ST., Opp. Wolff-Wilson's.

THOSE CANNON ON THEIR WAY.

Where to Place the War Trophies is the Next Question.

The captured cannon for St. Louis are on their way from the East. They consist of one 7-inch bronze gun, from the defenses of Santiago, and four guns captured in the civil war. They will be delivered in St. Louis free of charge to the city.

It has not been decided what to do with them, but Mayor Ziegenhein suggests a meeting of representative citizens who shall settle this point. The guns will be mounted and placed in public parks, but in which parks has to be determined. It has been suggested also that the formal presentation to the city be not made until May, when Admiral Dewey is expected to visit St. Louis.

ANNUAL DINNER OF DOCTORS.

City Hospital Alumni Society Banquet at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

The City Hospital Alumni Medical Society gave its annual banquet at the St. Nicholas Hotel Thursday night. The hall was brilliantly illuminated and decorated with palms and potted plants. The tables were arranged to form a T. The guests of honor were seated along the west side of the hall, and the table at which the members of the society sat joined it in the center at right angles. Dr. George Homan presided.

After the banquet and speechmaking the new officers of the society were announced as follows: Dr. Charles J. Orr, President; Dr. Norvelle W. Sharpe, Vice-President; Dr. John Greene, Jr., Secretary; Dr. H. W. Soper, Treasurer.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS

... MANUFACTURED BY ... CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

NOTE THE NAME.

DAD'S STRENGTHENING DETS

ABSOLUTE SPECIFIC FOR Indigestion, Constipation, COLDS, SHATTERED NERVES.

A Det is a tiny red pill, made only by the Dad Chem. Co., N. Y. 25c a bottle.

DES PERES POLLUTED ALSO.

Health Commissioner Finds the Little River Is Being Misused.

The Health Commissioner has asked the City Counselor for an opinion on what could be done to prevent the sections outside of St. Louis draining their sewage into the River des Peres.

The residents south of the Manchester Road at Cheltenham have complained of the malodorous condition of the river and the Health Commissioner says he finds that the sections north of Bonhomme road and the section lying west of Hazel avenue and west of the city limits empty large quantities of sewage into River des Peres. An effort will be made to have this sewage drained in another direction.

MERCANTILE CLUB'S BIG YEAR.

Membership Roll Full and Many on the Waiting List.

The Mercantile Club has just concluded probably the most successful year in its history, and the prospects are that the new year will equal if not surpass it. The membership list of 500 is full, and there is quite a long waiting list.

During the last two months of the old year 25 new members were added to the membership. This large increase was partly due to the temporary suspension of the entrance fee.

During the coming year the club expects to redecorate extensively and to put in a great deal of new furniture. Other improvements, all tending to increase the attractiveness and comfort of the clubhouse, are contemplated.

AMUSEMENTS.

HAVLIN'S.

25c Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

25c Matinee To-Morrow | Mat. ADEN'S ROW OF FLATS. | Night Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c

Sunday Matinee, January 7—In Old Kentucky.

CENTURY. | NIGHT At 8:15

Smyth & Rice present WILLIE COLLIER, In His Own New Farce, ...MR. SMOOTH... Regular Mat. Saturday.

NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT CHAS. FROHMAN PRESENTS THE GIRL FROM MAXIM'S. Seats now on sale

OLYMPIC. CURTAIN AT 8 SHARP.

Charles Frohman presents HENRY MILLER, In the Romantic Play, THE ONLY WAY. Regular Mat. Saturday.

JULIA ARTHUR OLYMPIC Next Monday —IN— MORE THAN QUEEN. Reserved Seats on Sale Now.

GRAND HIGH CLASS Attractions ONLY. Matinees 25c to $1

Wed. Sat. Mat. Good Seats, 25c. | JACK AND THE BEANSTALK. | Night Prices—15, 25, 35, 50, 75c

Next Sunday Mat.—A COLONIAL GIRL.

STANDARD. The Home of Folly—Two Frolics Daily.

REILLY & WOODS' BIG SHOW, "ONE FLIGHT DOWN." Next Week—Fred Rider's NIGHT OWLS.

MUSIC HALL. | CASTLE SQUARE OPERA CO.

Matinee Saturday at 2 sharp—25c, 50c, 75c. Second week of the splendid double bill, H. M. S. PINAFORE and CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Every night at 8 sharp—25c, 50c, 75c & $1; boxes $5 & $3. January 8—The Lovers' Harbor and Pirates of Penzance—not a line cut.

COLUMBIA —CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.

NO STOPS FROM 1 TILL 10:30 DAILY. WILLIAMS AND WALKER And their own company in the New Musical Farce, "THE POLICY PLAYERS." The Biggest Vaudeville offering ever made at a Continuous Performance Theater.

HOPKINS Bargain Matinees 25c

CUMBERLAND '61. Vaudeville. Broet & Rivers, Capitan, Blinn & Binns, De Haven & May.

DAILY MATS. 10-20-30

Next week—PAWN TICKET 210. Souvenir Matinee Today.

ICE PALACE. Cook and Channing Av. SKATING DAY AND EVENINGS. HOCKEY GAME TO-NIGHT. ADMISSION, 25c. Next week—Minnie Cummings, Famous Fancy Skater.

Poultry, Pigeon and Cat Show. PROF. DE ALMA'S DOG AND MONKEY CIRCUS At the COLISEUM. JANUARY 1st to 6th, 1900. ADMISSION, 25c. CHILDREN, 15c. OPEN FROM 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M. EVERY DAY.

DENTISTS.

NEW YORK DENTAL ROOMS. Leading Dentists. Established over 40 years. N. W. cor. Broadway and Olive. Entrance, 509 Olive st.

Extracting PAIN when teeth are ordered. Largest and oldest dental establishment in the city. We employ the most skilful men in the profession. All work guaranteed. CONSULTATION FREE. Do not look for cheap dentists, but come to us and get reliable work at lowest prices. Open Sunday from 9:30 to 1 p. m.

J. A. SHOBER, DENTIST. 811 N. 7th ST. SUITE 707, HOLLAND BLDG. 22-Karat Gold Crowns, $4.00. ALBANY DENTAL CO. TAKE ELEVATOR.

PENNYROYAL OF ANCIENT AND HONORABLE USE. EGYPTIAN TANSY compounded with other powerful, harmless drugs. Each tablet contains important and absolutely safe monthly guards. CRIC-UT TABLETS, women's safeguard. Famous remedies guaranteed and prepared by physicians. $1 a Box by mail. Sample Orig. size, 25c. Free Confidential Advice by our physicians. Egyptian Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE of STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Fireworks Co. for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 513 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, Jan. 15, 1900, convening at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.
D. W. WOODS, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 30, 1899.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Fireworks Co. for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 513 North Main street, St. Louis, Mo., on the 8th day of January, 1900. Polls open from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

ED J. BINGLE, Secretary. J. SPIEGELHALTER, JR., Vice-President.

THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS.—St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 29, 1899.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of fifteen (15) directors, to serve for one year, will be held at the banking rooms, s. w. cor. 4th and Locust sts., Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1900. Polls open from 10 o'clock a. m. to 12 noon.

LOGAN TOMPKINS, Cashier.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Office Shults Belting Co., corner Bismarck and Barton streets, St. Louis, Dec. 25, 1899. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of five (5) directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1900. Polls open from 9 a. m. until 2 p. m.

JNO. A. J. SHULTZ, President.
B. C. ALVORD, Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the H. E. Grote Paint Store Co., for the election of three (3) directors, to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 521 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo., on the eighth day of January, 1900, at 5 p. m.

H. E. GROTE, President.
Attest: M. L. ELDRIDGE, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 29, 1899.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wagner Flier Plate Company for 1900 will be held at the north end of second floor of the Planters' Hotel, corner of Fourth and Pine streets, St. Louis, beginning at 9 o'clock a. m., on Friday, Jan. 12, 1900. The purpose of the meeting is to elect directors and to transact such other business as may come before it. OTTO F. STIFEL, President.
F. R. O'NEIL, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 29, 1899.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Roberts, Johnson & Rand Shoe Co. will be held at their office, on the corner of Tenth street and Washington avenue, in the City of St. Louis, at 9 a. m., on Tuesday, Jan. 9. All the stockholders are requested to be present.

J. JOHNSON, President.
E. E. Rand, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE annual meeting of the Woman's Humane Society will be held at the Lindell Hotel Monday morning, Jan. 8, 1900, at 10 o'clock. By order of Board of Directors. Rillie E. Comstock, Pres. St. Louis, Dec. 28, 1899.

DR. CROSSMAN'S SPECIFIC MIXTURE

For the cure of Gonorrhoea, Gleets, Strictures, and analogous complaints of the Organs of Generation. Price $1 a bottle. For sale by druggists.

SPORTS OF THE DAY.

TOM O'ROURKE ANGRY.

ROW WITH SHARKEY MAY END BOXING AROUND NEW YORK.

HORTON LAW MAY BE REPEALED

Then the Big Pugilists Will Have to Fight in the Woods, as They Used to in Olden Times.

If the Horton law is repealed there will be no more prize fights and big purses around New York and the fighters will have to take to the woods just as they used to when bare knuckle fighting under the old London rules was the fashion.

Under the old rules almost anything went, except kicking and biting.

Few of the bare knuckle performers ever indulged in a contest that was not marred by foul play of some kind.

Where one man was getting the better of the argument it was comparatively easy for the partisans of the beaten one to break into the ring and indulge in a "free-for-all" fight, during the course of which the unfortunate principals had reason to be thankful if they were not half killed.

Such was the case in the battle between Lightweight Jack McAuliffe and Jem Carney of England, which took place at Revere, Mass., in 1887. McAuliffe's supporters, observing that the Britisher was wearing down their man, broke through the ropes in the 74th round and put a stop to the battle. The fight was never finished and Carney was robbed of almost certain victory.

In 1889 Frank Slavin of Australia and Jem Smith, the then English heavyweight champion, met under London rules at Bruges, Belgium.

When in the fourteenth round it became evident that Smith was slated for a tremendous beating, the latter's Birmingham friends rushed into the ring, and Slavin, in addition to losing the victory, was badly mauled with sticks and knuckle dusters by his assailants. In this instance, however, Slavin got the money and was acknowledged champion of England. Squire Abington was expelled from the Pelican Club of London for his complicity in the affair.

Nearer home the disgraceful scenes which followed the pulling off of the Allen and McCoole, Allen and Hogan and other championship battles are well remembered by old-time followers of the ring. The Omaha crowd with their guns at Jack Looney's head demanding a decision for Hogan, and Looney's reply: "I've got too much sense to decide that way," was only one incident of many seen at every prize fight in those days.

In fact the above are only a few instances of scandals resulting from battles conducted under the old rules, and which occurred when the old style of fighting was fast approaching its end. But the earlier records of the ring abound in such flagrant instances of foul play.

To-day we have the padded ring floor, stuffed gloves, comfortable clubhouses, and rules which prohibit any such savage methods of warfare as were in vogue among the gladiators of a past age. But all those things are to be set aside and just because Tom Sharkey and his manager, Tom O'Rourke, have fallen out. Sharkey the other day announced that he was going to manage himself. O'Rourke replied that if he did that when he came to New York he would be given the "hot end" of it. By "hot end" O'Rourke evidently means that he will stop prize fighting in New York altogether, for on the heels of his declaration comes the news that the New York State Legislature has taken up the Horton law, which allows public boxing exhibitions in New York state, with a view to repealing it.

ANSON NOW ENTHUSIASTIC.

He Receives Cheering News From New York City.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—A. C. Anson received word from a real estate man in New York that grounds available for a baseball site could be secured near the Battery in that city, says the Chicago Tribune. This appears to be rather an improbable statement to those familiar with the value of property in that neighborhood of the metropolis, and Capt. Anson himself does not pretend to know what place the real estate man has in mind.

The real estate man was authorized to look out for a good site for ball grounds, and it is possible a site within easy access of the boats leaving the wharf near this point is what he means in the letter.

Anson was not at all surprised at the news telegraphed from Boston last night that the new association had secured a site for grounds in Boston.

"The fact of the matter is," said he, "that if we could get some good, responsible man to back a club in New York there would be a meeting of the American Association promoters in a hurry, and the league would get under way at once. As I have said a number of times before, we have plenty of backing in Chicago, and only wait for a good showing in other cities. I don't mind telling you that the men who stand ready to back an American Association club in Chicago will represent more capital than is represented back of the present Chicago club."

Capt. Anson refuses to name his backers, but it is common report that Samuel Allerton is one of them.

THE ST. LOUIS TURNERS.

That Team to Appear in a Hockey Game on Friday Night.

At the Ice Palace Friday night at 8 o'clock a hockey team composed of athletes picked from the many different Turner societies in St. Louis will make its debut and will have for its opponents the strong team representing the Association Football League.

The foobail players are beginning to play a great game on the ice and their friends will be out to see them to-night in a body.

The Turners are a well-trained, well-conditioned set of young fellows and they will give the other members of the St. Louis Hockey League considerable trouble.

A tie—0 to 0—was the result of the Inter-scholastic League hockey game that took place at the Ice Palace Thursday afternoon between teams from Smith Academy and St. Louis University.

In the evening the team representing the St. Louis University Alumni beat the St. Louis A. A. A. seven by a score of 2 to 1.

Mound City Rowing Club's Election.

The Mound City Rowing Club has elected these officers: President, F. H. Mentz; vice-president, T. Schmittheusler; recording secretary, John Kelly; financial secretary, H. Hussmann; treasurer, George Eschbach; captain, O. Yackey; lieutenant, H. A. Krueger. Board of Directors, W. Gerner, M. J. Begley, J. Eschbach; Bowling Committee, T. Schmittheusler, M. J. Begley and Doe Schmith; Tug-of-War Committee, T. Schmittheusler and C. Hall. Most of the officers selected are old members of the club, and several of them were re-elected for another term. The club has also elected H. A. Krueger, F. H. Mentz and Fred Schaettler as delegates of the club to the Southwestern Amateur Rowing Association.

Sunday's Coursing Meet.

Coursing will be resumed Sunday at Pastime Park. The arrangement for the meet will take place Friday night at De Hodiamont. All owners are invited to attend. The big draw for the Green Tree Loving Cup stands, and will most likely constitute Sunday's coursing. It is a 20-dog stake with a consolation stake, making 30 races in all.

Madison Turf Exchange Reopens.

Trains leave foot of Olive street: 1 p. m., 1:30, 3, 3:30, 3:55, 3:30, 4, 4:25, 5:25, 6:25.

TO SIGN CONTRACTS.

THAT IS WHAT LEAGUE MANAGERS WANT PLAYERS TO DO.

LATTER ARE HOLDING BACK.

They Believe That If a New League Is Formed There Will Be a Rise in Salaries.

The National League managers, while claiming that they are not paying any attention to the new league being formed and to the declaration made by the American League, are really alarmed.

This was proven this week when nearly all the National League players residents of St. Louis received blank contracts from their respective managers with requests to sign them and return them immediately.

One prominent league player, resident of St. Louis, said Thursday:

"Yes, I got my contract this week. It was accompanied by a request to sign and return immediately. But I have not complied with the request.

"I don't believe in knuckling to any such hurry-up game and beside that there is plenty of time between now and spring to sign contracts without signing them in the middle of winter.

"If the new league is formed and I have pretty good inside information that it will be, we will be in a position to demand better salaries than are offered us now, and if it is not formed I suppose our salaries will be cut no matter whether we have signed before then or not. So I am going to hold off, for if the new league is formed the club offering the most money for my services will get them without reference to the organization it may belong to."

TIPS FROM THE TURF.

Parties Ruled Off Now Being Barred From the Race Tracks.

Slowly but surely the American turf is being cleared of rogues and thieves. At New Orleans this week the Turf Congress rule against harboring persons ruled off by any recognized turf authority went into rigid effect Monday. Persons in bad standing who had been allowed to exercise the privileges of the track for the first four weeks of the meeting, took the hint and stayed away. The only exception was Jockey Rutter, who was found on the track during the afternoon, and he was escorted to the gate.

Man of Honor is a badly broken down racehorse, and after his miserable showing of Tuesday he will doubtless be started no more during the winter, as nothing but a long rest will fit him for training again.

Ed Corrigan started Vassel at Tanforan Tuesday, and although the stallion has been in the stud two years and some of his colts are about ready to race, he galloped over his field, showing that he had been carefully prepared for the return to the racing game.

Entries closed Tuesday for the California Jockey Club's Futurity Stakes, to be run in 1902. This is an innovation on the coast, and the value of the stake is expected to be $50,000, of which the association adds nearly $10,000. It is hoped in time that this event will rival the rich classic Futurity of the East.

St. Wood, the gallant son of St. Blaise, won the handicap at New Orleans Thursday. He was fifth in the stretch but came through then and won nicely.

Louis Ezell made a killing with his three-year-old Thomas Carey at Tanforan Park on Thursday. Carey was backed from 50 to 1 down to 5 to 1 and won by a block. Ezell hit the ring harder than any ring has ever been hit before in California. Every penciller in line dropped a lot of money.

The handicap at Tanforan Park Friday is the fourth race in the programme, and is at seven furlongs, and the only entries are:

Bannockburn	114	Afamada	109
Geyser	111	Bathos	100

The fourth race at New Orleans on Friday is a handicap at a mile, with these entries:

Turney	93	Debride	100
Water Crest	94	Lady Callahan	101
Village Pride	97	Andes	102
Magic Light	97	Alex	102
Dero	97	Deering	103
Virgie O.	99		

The Baden Stakes run at Tanforan Park Thursday was captured by the St. Louis Timemaker, with Bullman up. He got away three lengths in the lead of his field and made every post a winning one.

The following have been declared out of the Crescent City Derby, which will be the closing feature of the New Orleans meeting: Crane, J. Lucile, Earl of Aberdeen, Joe Wheeler, Arthur Behan, Dennie Duffy, Prince Wilhelm, Sam Fullen, Hardie L. Flaunt, Jodee, Diabeuse, Lelogray, Engano, Belle of Orleans, Kilmarnock, Starbright, Linden Ella, El Derim, Fair American and Highland Lad.

NILSSON CHALLENGES DAVIDSON

The Champion Skaters Hold Different Opinions of Each Other's Skill.

"So John Davidson thinks he can beat me in a skating race, does he?" said John Nilsson, champion speed skater of the world, at the Ice Palace Thursday.

"I have won the title of champion of the world by defeating the best skaters on both sides of the water, and it sounds funny to hear a fancy skater like John Davidson say he can beat me on the St. Louis rink.

"I won the indoor championship in this very same rink last year by defeating John S. Johnson and Harley Davidson. Harley and John are brothers and the former has always been acknowledged to be much the better of the two when it comes to speed. So when I can defeat Harley I have not the slightest doubt in the world but that I can lick John. However, if John wants some of my game I will make it easy for him.

"I will skate a five-mile relay race against five men and Davidson can take the last relay. By this I mean that I can skate the fifth mile of a five-mile relay race faster than Davidson, who will be fresh when he starts. I will back myself for any amount from $200 to $500 on this proposition and if Davidson accepts and the Ice Palace management offers at suitable purse the race will take place in St. Louis within the next two weeks."

THE DEATH OF FRANK LENZ.

The U. S. Government Asked to Find and Punish His Murderers.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—T. J. Keenan of Pittsburg, President of the League of American Wheelmen, and Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, had an interview with President McKinley to-day, at which they urged him to press the claim against the Turkish Government made by the relatives of Frank Lenz, the American bicyclist, who was murdered near Erzeroum in Armenia in 1894. The L. A. W. are very much interested in the case, which attracted a great deal of attention at the time.

Rival League's Backers.

In Chicago it is believed that Samuel Fullerton or Marshall Field is behind Anson in his rival league scheme, while from New York the story comes that a prominent baseball man who is opposed to Spalding has offered Ban Johnson and the American League backing if they will launch a rival circuit and cut loose from the ties that bind the minors to the major organization.

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

THE GLOBE'S 41st SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE

STARTED THIS MORNING WITH A RUSH!

No sale in the city can compare to this. The people know when the BIG STORE advertises a CLEARING SALE, everything has to go regardless of cost or value. If there is anything you wish to buy, join the crowds and MAKE ONE DOLLAR DO THE WORK OF TWO, for THESE CHANCES DO NOT COME OFTEN.

Men's Suits and Overcoats.

Suits consist of all the latest styles and cuts, in cheviots, cassimeres and nobby stripes and checked worsteds.
The OVERCOATS consist of all the latest in kerseys, beavers, vicunas, coverts, whipcords, in blue, black, oxford and tan colors.

All Men's $5 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$2.45
All Men's $7.50 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$4.49
All Men's $10 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$6.75
All Men's $12.50 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$8.90
All Men's $15 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$10.75
All Men's $18 and $20 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$12.90

Suits, Overcoats and Topcoats.

For Young Men Up to 20 Years.

The SUITS are cheviots, cassimeres, worsteds, etc., in a variety of patterns, single and double-breasted.
The OVERCOATS are blue and black kerseys and top coats in all the latest shades of whipcords and coverts, very nobby.

All Young Men's $6.50 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$3.85
All Young Men's $10 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$6.40
All Young Men's $12.50 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$8.45
All Young Men's $15 Suits and Overcoats cut to	$9.80

Ladies' Corsets. 50c values, drab only	25c
Odds and ends of $1.00 and $1.50 Corsets, sizes 24 to 36 only, best makes	50c
Ladies' Vests. Heavy ribbed and fleeced, gray only, 15c kind	9c
Ladies' Vests or Pants. Heavy ribbed and fleeced, 25c kind	12½c
Ladies' Union Suits. Heavy ribbed and fleeced, buttoned down in front	18c
Extra heavy ribbed and fleeced Union Suits, ecru or gray, buttoned across chest, 50c kind	29c
Regular 75c Union Suits, ecru or gray	39c

Boys' Suits, Overcoats and Reefers.

In Cheviots, Worsteds, Cassimeres, Chinchillas, Astrakhan and Kerseys.

All Boys' $2.00 Suits and Reefers	89c
All Boys' $2.50 Suits and Reefers	$1.39
All Boys' $3.00 Suits and Reefers	$1.89
All Boys' $3.50 Suits and Reefers	$2.39
All Boys' $4.00 Suits and Reefers	$2.89
All Boys' $5 and $6 Suits and Reefers	$3.89

BOYS' ULSTERS.

Ages 6 to 14.

All Boys' $2.00 Ulsters	95c
All Boys' $3.00 Ulsters	$1.39
All Boys' $5.00 and $6.00 Ulsters	$3.29

Men's and Boys' Pants.

All Boys' 25c Pants	12c
All Boys' 75c Pants	39c
All Men's $1.50 Pants, cut to	79c
All Men's $3.00 Pants, cut to	$1.79
All Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Pants, cut to	$3.39

SHOES.

All Infants' Moccasins, regular 25c kind, cut to	5c
All ladies' felt Overgaiters, regular 35c kind, Clearing Sale Price	9c
All children's storm Rubbers, sizes 7 to 10, regular 35c kind, cut to	10c
All ladies' croquet Rubbers, sizes 2½ to 4, regular 50c kind	15c
All Men's Rubbers, all styles and sizes 6 to 8, regular 75c kind, cut to	25c
All ladies' vici kid lace Shoes, all styles and sizes, regular $1.50 kind, cut to	99c
All children's vici kid button Shoes, spring heels, regular 75c kind	49c
All misses' Donzola lace Shoes, regular $1 kind, Clearing Sale Price	59c
Child's box calf, lace or button, sizes 8½ to 11, regular $1 kind, cut to	75c
All youths' satin calf, lace Shoes, 12 to 2, regular $1.25 kind	75c
All Boys' Casco calf Shoes, all sizes, regular $1.25 kind	89c
All ladies' tan and black fur-trimmed warm-lined, hand-turned Fausts, sizes 2½ to 4, regular $1.50 kind	75c
All ladies' felt Fausts, sizes 4 to 8, regular 65c kind	39c
All ladies' warm-lined felt Slippers, leather soles, regular 65c kind	35c
All Ladies' fine sample Shoes, $3, $3.50 and $4 kind	$1.69
All men's satin calf, lace and congress, all styles and sizes, regular $1.50 kind, Clearing Sale Price	$1.19
All men's heavy double sole tan storm calf lace Shoes, regular $2.50 kind, Clearing Sale Price	$1.79
Your choice of any men's $4 and $5 Shoes in the house go during this sale	$2.98

THE BIG STORE.

Globe

ENTIRE HALF BLOCK, Seventh and Franklin Av.

Monarch Shirts, 66⅔c.

Your unrestricted choice of any Percale Shirt in the house, made open front and back, with separate pair of link cuffs to match. MONARCH, EAGLE or CONGRESS make, formerly sold at $1.00 and $1.50, now for less than the wholesale price.
THREE SHIRTS FOR $2.00
SINGLE SHIRTS 75c
(See Window Display.)

MEN'S LINEN COLLARS, 5c.

Any of our regular 10c Linen Collars, latest up-to-date styles, standing or turned down, all sizes	5c
Same qualities Cuffs, plain or link, per pair	10c

MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS.

Boys' Winter Caps, all styles, regular 25c values	12c
Children's, Men's and Boys' Winter Caps, Tams, Toques, Turbans, Brightons and Windsor styles, a variety of materials, not one worth less than 50c, reduced to	25c
Men's and Boys' Winter Caps, Plushes, Heavers, Kerseys and Corduroys, goods that sell readily at $1.00, reduced to	48c
Your choice of our best grade of Boys' and Children's Winter Caps, that sell at $1.25 and $1, reduced to	69c
Men's Winter Caps, all shapes and colors, that sell at $1.25 and $1.50, reduced to	85c
Stiff and Fedora Hats, in the new shapes and colors, grades sold at $1.50, reduced to	85c
Men's Derby and Fedora Hats, latest shapes and colors, actually sold for $3.00, cut to	$1.45

Our Double Guarantee.
To keep all Clothing bought of us in repair FREE.
Money back in every instance if you are not satisfied.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 10:30 P. M.

LADIES' CLOAKS AND WRAPS.

READ THIS.

All Ladies' Heavy Weight Cloaks or Fur Trimmed double Capes, worth up to $5.50, actually given away at	50c
All our 50c Ladies' Flannelette Shirt Waists	19c
All our 75c Ladies' Shirt Waists, go at	25c
All our Infants' $1 lined Flannelette Cloaks	25c
All our 98c all-wool Flannelette Shirt Waists, sizes up to 50 bust	49c
All our $1.50 and $2.00 all-wool Trimmed Waists, go at	98c
All our $1 Ladies' Flannelette and Calico Wrappers, tight interlining	49c
All Ladies' Double-Breasted Reefer Jackets, in cheviot, beaver; stitched seams, cloth faced, sold up to $6, cut to	$1.98
All Ladies' Heavyweight Beaver Capes, 30 inches long, inlaid pleat, storm collar, military effect, $4.50 value, at	$2.49
All Ladies' 30-inch Boucle Capes, heavily lined and padded, storm collar and front edge with genuine Thibet Fur, regular price, $5.98, go at	$2.75
All Ladies' Reefer Jackets, in Irish Frieze, Beaver, Boucle and Venetian Cloth, some of them fur trimmed, others lined throughout. Regular price, $4.95, go at	$2.98
All Ladies' Jackets in Four and Six Button Reefer Effect, Square or dip front, come in Castor Blue, Brown and Black, Lined Throughout, with Mercerized Lining. Regular price, $7.95, go at	$3.95
All our Ladies' $10.00 Jackets, in Light Tan, Castor, French Blue and Black Silk or Satin Lined, Straight Shield or dip front, neatly Tailored and Finished, go at	$4.95
All our $15.00 Cloaks, Kerseys, Meltons, and Venetians, Light Tan, Castor, French Blue, Ox Blood and Black, handsomely lined with Skinner satin, strapped seams, Plain or Velvet Collars, go at	$7.49
All our $25.00 and $30.00 Cloaks, finest materials manufactured, any of the season's styles; beautifully lined, with Plain Taffeta or Corded Silk; each one a novelty; take your choice at	$9.95
All our 30-inch $9.00 Silk Plush Capes	$4.95
All our Beaded and Fur Trimmed Plush Capes, $6.50 value	$2.95
All our $15.00 Novelty Silk Plush Capes, reduced to	$7.95
All our $1.98 Fur Collarettes	$1.25
All our $2.98 Fur Collarettes	$1.98
All our $6.00 Fur Collarettes	$2.98

ABLE'S LUCK TURNS

THE GAME THIS TIME GOES AGAINST THE BUNKO MAN.

GETS A FIVE YEARS' SENTENCE.

One of the Most Dangerous Swindlers Who Ever Operated Here at Last Convicted.

"Big Charley" Able, the confidence man, was convicted by a jury in Judge Spencer's court Friday morning, and he was given a five years' penitentiary sentence.

The police are jubilant over Able's conviction. They consider that one of the most dangerous criminals who ever operated in St. Louis has been stowed away.

Able has been arrested scores of times charged with all of the offenses that confidence men resort to. He had influential backers, and everything that could be done to keep him out of prison has been done. Prosecuting witnesses have been persuaded to leave the city. Others have been bluffed. Others simply could not remain in the city to prosecute, their business demanding their presence at home.

The Union Station was a favorite resort for Able. He would meet strangers there and escort them to some saloon where he and his accomplices would rob them under some pretense or other.

The crime for which Able was convicted was the robbery of Francis M. King. The case was worked up by Special Officers Bambrick and Roach, who arrested Able and collected all of the evidence. Though the prosecuting witness was not present the case was made, and the special officers have been commended by their superior officers.

King is a Government official at Oklahoma City, O. T. Last November he had a son in this city who underwent a surgical operation. On the morning of Nov. 5 King was walking on Chestnut street near Fifteenth street. He was returning from the hospital where his son was a patient. On the street he met Abels, who spoke to him and seemed glad that he, too, was a stranger in the city and that he had relative in a hospital. Abels invited King into Repetto's saloon, at 15th Pine street, to take a drink. On entering the saloon a confederate of the confidence man joined them. They both ordered a drink and each one threw down a $5 bill. The bartender, William McCarthy, could not change both bills, so it was agreed to throw dice to see which should pay. Thus a dice game was begun. The game was called "21." Abels' confederate stepped out and while he was gone Abels showed the Oklahoman how they could fleece the other fellow.

King did not want to shake for money, but for some reason he drew forth a roll

CHARLES ABLE.

of money amounting to $51. Abels snatched this, and, handing it to the barkeeper, ran.

Roach and Bambrick were assigned to the case. Abels and McCarthy were arrested. King agreed to prosecute. Warrants were obtained and the men were indicted. King remained for a season to prosecute, but when the case was called he was not present and it was said that the money which had been taken away from him had been returned to him. McCarthy, who was a co-defendant, turned State's evidence, and the case against him was nolle prosequied.

The case was tried in Judge Spencer's court Thursday. A sealed verdict was returned late Thursday afternoon. Abels was out on bond. Thursday night he was seen by a patrolman in the neighborhood of Union Station and was arrested. Efforts were made by his friends to obtain his release on bond, but the police would not release him.

Before the verdict of the jury was read Thursday morning, Abels went into the court room accompanied by a police official. Former Judge Murphy objected to the returning of a verdict, claiming that the police had no right to arrest a man who was on trial in the Circuit Court. Judge Spencer ruled otherwise.

"So far as I can see," said the judge, "there was no effort to hamper the work of this court. I do not know why this man was arrested. He may have been arrested and be held for the chief. When even if he were arrested solely because the police believed he intended to leave the State I think it would have been commendable on the part of the police."

The verdict was read. It found Abels guilty and fixed his punishment at five years in the penitentiary.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy for their children.

Prof. Malmene's Second Lecture.

Prof. W. Malmene has chosen "The History of the Opera" as a subject for his second lecture to be delivered Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the Shattinger Recital Hall, 1114 Olive street. The admission is free. Prof. J. L. Schoen, who has the reputation of being a highly cultivated musician, will perform several violin solos.

RICHER THAN KLONDIKE IS THE MANLY MAN.

W. A. Cook, M. D.

Such a man controls the respect of his fellow-man and commands the admiration of the fairer sex. In his every action there is magnetism. His steady nerve, his sparkling eye and his ruddy complexion all proclaim him a prince socially, and in the business world he is the peer of the brightest and best.

So many men fail to reach this high standard of physical excellence because their manhood has been weakened or destroyed through errors, excesses, overwork or mental worry.

If this is your condition, I want you to honestly investigate my special treatment for weak men. It does not stimulate temporarily, but builds up permanently. During the past few months it has been tested on hundreds of cases right here in St. Louis, and not a single failure or an unpleasant result has been reported. What it has done for others it will do for you. It stops every unnatural drain and builds up the muscular and nervous system, purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys when irritated or congested, invigorates the liver, revives the spirits, brightens the intellect, and restores the wasted power of sexual manhood.

I also cure to stay cured VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted 30 of the best years of my life, and claim advantages over other physicians for their treatment. I make no charge for private counsel, and give each patient a legal contract in writing to hold for my promise. If afflicted it is your duty to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men.

If you cannot come to my office, write me your symptoms fully. My home treatment is successful and strictly private. Address W. A. COOK, M. D., or

COOK MEDICAL COMPANY, 610 OLIVE ST., St. Louis, Mo.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

The New Buildings OF THE BLEES MILITARY ACADEMY

Are Now Completed And Will Be Occupied TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1900.

FOR CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION ADDRESS
BLEES MILITARY ACADEMY, MACON, MO.

THE GYPSY QUEEN ARRIVES

New Year's Feast Prepared by a Band of Gypsies Camped Near Venice, Ill.

A band of gypsies who make their annual camping quarters south of the Merchants' Bridge in Venice, Ill., began celebrating the new year Friday morning, according to their religious belief, with a feast.

A number of hogs have been barbecued and several kegs of beer were ordered from the merchants of Venice for the event.

Leah Stanley, Queen of the tribe, arrived Friday morning to take part in the ceremonies.

GIVEN TEMPORARY ALIMONY.

Mrs. Dodie Van Dillen Peters Is Awarded $50 a Month.

Mrs. Dodie Van Dillen Peters, who is suing James M. Peters for a divorce, was awarded $50 a month alimony Friday during the pendency of the suit.

Both parties are members of prominent St. Louis families. The plaintiff charges the defendants with many indignities.

Cunningham Bro. Woolen Co. have removed to 902-4-6 Olive street.

...FREE with Next...

Sunday's Post-Dispatch

...January 7, 1900...

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5,000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

A. G. ENDERLE, Southeast Corner Sixth and Chestnut Streets.

Important Notice to Vehicle and Dog Owners.

All Vehicle and Dog Owners are hereby notified that their Vehicle and Dog Licenses for 1900 are now due and must be paid at once to the City Collector, and their license plate will be issued to them by the License Commissioner on presentation of the Collector's receipt. Respectfully,

THEO. D. KALBFELL,
License Commissioner

Room 102, City Hall.

DEMOCRATS WIN IN MEMPHIS.

Majority Over the Independent Municipal Ticket Is Overwhelming.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 5.—At the municipal election yesterday the regular Democratic ticket was elected by an overwhelming majority over the Independent ticket. Hon. H. D. Brinkley, for Fire and Police Commissioner, was elected.

BANK PRESIDENT OUT ON BOND.

Charles H. Cole Has Been Taken Back to Boston From Los Angeles.

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—Charles H. Cole, former president of the Globe National Bank, who is charged with misappropriating funds of that institution, has been brought back from Los Angeles, and released under bonds of $50,000.

Established 1823.

WILSON WHISKEY.

That's All!

THE WILSON DISTILLING CO., Baltimore, Md.

DAVID NICHOLSON, St. Louis, Distributor.

FOUGHT A NEGRO HIGHWAYMAN.

Miss Lulu Frank Pluckily Saved Her Purse.

SHE KICKED THE NEGRO OFF.

HER SCREAMS BROUGHT NO AID FROM POLICE.

She Vows She Will Never Return to St. Louis Until the City Can Protect People From Thieves.

Miss Lulu Frank, a Missouri girl, 19 years old, successfully resisted the attack of a negro highwayman and saved her purse containing between $40 and $50, at the mouth of an alley on the west side of Sixteenth street, between Cass avenue and Mullanphy street, Thursday night at 7 o'clock.

Miss Frank lives near St. Clair, in Franklin County, Mo. She was visiting her aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth Schultz, 1610 Mullanphy street. She returned home Friday, vowing that she would never again visit a city so poorly policed as St. Louis.

The negro choked her, and lacerated her

MISS LULU FRANK.

ear with his finger nails. She was badly frightened and her neck was bruised. Otherwise she was not injured.

Miss Frank was returning to her relative's house from the drug store at Sixteenth and Cass avenue, when the highwayman attacked her. She carried bundles in her left arm and held her purse in the right hand. She did not notice the man until he grabbed her. He threw an arm around her neck, stifling the scream she uttered, and drew her into the dark alley.

"Gimme your money!" the man commanded, tightening the pressure of his arm about her neck and trying with his other hand to wrest the purse from her grasp.

Miss Frank held to her purse and struggled with all her strength to free herself. She kicked the negro's shins and scratched at his eyes. The struggle lasted only a minute. Despite the negro's efforts to choke Miss Frank into silence, she succeeded in screaming. The man released her and fled further into the alley.

Miss Frank ran into Sixteenth street, crying for help. Johnny McGann, 9 years old, of 1612 North Eighteenth street, saw the attack from the opposite side of the street. Child that he is, the manly little fellow ran to Miss Frank's assistance. He was too late to take part in the struggle, and probably knowing the relative values of discretion and valor, he did not follow the fleeing highwayman.

Johnny accompanied Miss Frank to her aunt's house and then ran home and locked the door behind him before his mother could learn what had happened to him. Johnny is now a hero in his neighborhood.

Miss Frank is a Missouri girl, who has lived in environments that give women some strength and considerable self-confidence and courage. She did not propose to give up her money at the mere command of a highwayman and she defended her property, as she believes all women should.

"Of course I was frightened," she said. "I was scared worse than ever before in my life. But that did not make me let go of my purse. It had use for the money and I would not have given it up unless the man had overpowered me.

"He took me so by surprise that I all but dropped my purse with the bundles when he grabbed me. In an instant, though, I realized that I was in for a desperate experience and that robbery was the man's object, and I determined to make the strongest resistance possible. My country girl's strength helped me. The man's arm hurt me dreadfully and almost shut my wind off, but I screamed just the same. And I kicked and scratched and struggled all I knew how.

"I'll wager that man will not attack another woman, soon. But one experience like that is enough for me. I am going back home where there are no highwaymen, and I will not come back to St. Louis again either. The next time I visit a city it will be a city where the police protect people from thieves."

Calling Cards.

100 finest engraved calling cards and best copper plate only $1.50 at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust, the society stationers of St. Louis. One hundred cards from plate, $1.00.

MALKASIAN VS. MALKASIAN.

Wife Called Another Man's Name in Her Sleep and Separation Followed.

An Armenian petition for divorce was filed in the Circuit Court Thursday and the pronouncing of the names led passers-by to think that the whole clerk's office had a bad cold. The petitioner's name is Kachaboor Malkasian and the name of the defendant, his wife, is Shoshan Malkasian. Among the witnesses are Spolchek Schesian, Aborak Kalchikek, Rachel Sporzi and Damoran Lopamerein.

The parties are all Armenians. With the exception of the wife of the petitioner they are residents of the Armenian colony on South Sixth street. The woman talked of another man in her sleep, and that was the cause of it all.

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

Birth Month Rings.

For January the garnet, signifying "constancy." Solitaire garnet rings, or with settings of diamonds and pearls, $2.50 to $80. Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust.

Wedding in the Ashley Building.

The Ashley building at Third and Biddle streets was a scene of gaiety Thursday night, when Miss Philippine Le Brunte became the bride of Malek Gabris. The ceremony took place in room No. 9, which is the home of the bride's parents. Father Raphael F. X. Gnielinski, pastor of St. Casimir's Church, officiated.

Mr. and Mrs. Gabris will be at home after Jan. 15.

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6

TWO TINY TRAVELERS WHO HAVE STARTED ALONE TO GERMANY.

HERBERT AND WERNER GUEMPEL.

The accompanying pictures of Herbert and Werner Guempel, the two Sedalia, Mo., lads, who, as was told in Thursday's Post-Dispatch, are traveling unattended to Bremen, Germany, were made while the youthful tourists were waiting in Matron Hunter's room at Union Station for their train.

The boys are going to Bremen to live with an uncle who has wealth and desires to adopt them into his family and educate them as his children. Herbert is 11 years old and Werner is two year his junior. They have the distinction of being the youngest travelers on such a long journey who have ever passed through St. Louis without a guardian or attendant. Their mother lives in Sedalia, where, they say, she works very hard for her living. They are bright boys and she had enough confidence in their ability to take care of themselves to give them the money their uncle sent them to pay their expenses to Germany and to trust to them to find their way. They were not tagged, as is usual in such cases, and their cautious and intelligent conduct while at Union Station showed that such precautions were not necessary.

IN COURT IN A CHAIR

JUDGE, LAWYERS AND ALL DEFERRED TO MRS. LOGAN.

INVALID TOLD OF HER INJURIES.

Oscar Vocke, on Whose Account She May Never Move a Foot, Was Fined Fifty Dollars.

Mrs. Della Logan was carried into the First District Police Court Friday morning in an invalid's chair to give her testimony in the case against Oscar Vocke, who was charged with careless driving.

Mrs. Logan is a widow and she lives at 2351 Park avenue. She is young, refined and attractive in appearance. Since the day she was injured she has been a helpless invalid, unable to move herself. She has been under a physician's care, and it

MRS. DELLA LOGAN.
Carried Into Court in an Invalid's Chair.

is possible she may never regain the use of her limbs.

When she was carried into Judge Sidener's court the judge caused room to be made for her easy chair and she was propped up with pillows. The woman, elegantly attired but looking so helpless, made a picture not usually seen in the dingy old courtroom. Her attendance appeared to have a softening effect on the court officials. The marshals were not so harsh in dealing with defendants as usual and there was an absence of the shuffling of feet and conversation which so often interferes with the dispatch of business in that court.

When the case in which Mrs. Logan was the prosecuting witness was called Judge Sidener said he could not ask Mrs. Logan to occupy the witness chair. Clerk Reagan administered the oath where she sat and Judge Sidener ordered a chair placed for himself down by Mrs. Logan's side. The attorneys gathered around, and reclining in that cushions Mrs. Logan gave her testimony.

Oscar Vocke, the defendant, was charged with having driven over Mrs. Logan at the Broadway and Locust street on Dec. 14. The case had been continued several times because Mrs. Logan was unable to be brought to court.

"It was about 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Dec. 14," said Mrs. Logan in reply to questions, "when I was crossing Locust street at Broadway. I had been shopping, and was going to another store. I had only left the pavement at Broadway and Locust, and had not yet reached the car tracks. Suddenly I saw the horse and wagon almost upon me. The animal was coming at a rapid rate of speed. I had no time to escape.

"I was struck and knocked down. I do not know what it was that struck me. My head was injured, and I lost consciousness. How long I remained unconscious I do not know. I was carried into a near-by store where Dr. Phillips treated me. Ever since that day I have been an invalid. My limbs are paralyzed and I am unable to move myself an inch. I have not been on my feet a moment since I was run over."

J. H. Letschaw, who has an office in one of the buildings, witnessed the accident. He said that Vocke was not driving at a rapid rate at the time of the accident. He says Vocke, after knocking the woman down, made no attempt to stop his horse and ascertain the extent of the woman's injuries. Instead he applied the whip and drove rapidly away.

Bernard Gierks, an agent for a German newspaper, testified to the same facts.

Patrolman Reeves said that he did not witness the accident, but he saw Vocke driving rapidly away afterwards. Vocke was driving at the rate of 12 or 15 miles an hour. The policeman ran into the street and stopped Vocke.

Vocke is the son of a saloonkeeper at 807 Locust street and he was driving a light delivery wagon at the time. He said he did not see Mrs. Logan. He was trying to get out of the car tracks. He said he was driving slowly.

Judge Sidener said that if Vocke were driving as slowly as he said, he could not have helped seeing Mrs. Logan, and it would have been impossible to have inflicted such injuries. Then, the Judge said, it was shown that Vocke tried to get away. Judge Sidener assessed a fine of $50. The defendant announced he would take an appeal.

Splendid offices for rent in the Mermod & Jaccard fireproof building, Broadway and Locust, $17.50 per month and up.

THREE FIREMEN WERE INJURED

Olive Street Cable Smashes Into a Hose Reel at Twenty-Second and Wrecks Things.

Alonzo Salmon of 1109 Francis street, Jacob O'Brien of 1319 Newstead avenue and Richard O'Neill of 1300 Laflin avenue, who are firemen connected with the engine company at Twentieth and Washington avenue, were painfully injured in a collision between their hose reel and a grip car in charge of D. C. Fray at Twenty-second and Olive streets at 6 o'clock Thursday evening.

O'Brien was cut about the arms, legs and body. Salmon's legs were cut and his left ankle was severely cut and sprained. O'Neill was cut about the head and severely bruised. The injured men were treated at the City Dispensary. Salmon was sent from there to St. John's Hospital at his request. The others were sent to the City Hospital and from there to their homes.

The hose reel was responding to an alarm from Twenty-third and Chestnut streets when the collision occurred. O'Brien was driving. Salmon, who is foreman of the company, was on the seat with O'Brien. O'Neill was on the rear footboard. The engine and ladder truck were in the rear of the hose reel.

As the reel neared Olive street Salmon ordered O'Brien to slow up for the cars. O'Brien checked his team slightly. A westbound cable train sped by, and Salmon, seeing no other train, ordered O'Brien to go ahead. The horses leaped forward and had barely cleared the tracks when an eastbound train struck the reel.

The horses escaped the crash. The reel was hurled to one side and upset. The men were thrown from the machine. The horses dashed away with the wreckage of the machine behind them. Salmon was thrown 40 feet and against an iron tree box. He was unconscious. The force with which he struck the tree box bent the iron bars.

The horses were caught near where the collision occurred. The firemen think the gripman should have heard their gong and stopped his train.

There were few passengers on the cable train and none was hurt.

Many People Misuse Their Eyes.

At the first warning of trouble consult an optician. Perhaps you need glasses and are not aware of it. Dr. Bond, expert optician at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust, will examine your eyes free of charge, and if you require glasses will see that you are correctly fitted.

Death of Mrs. W. B. Swan.

Mrs. Ella F. A. Swan, wife of William B. Swan of Kirkwood, died Thursday after a long illness of Bright's disease. The funeral was held at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, Rev. Dr. H. C. Evans, pastor of the Kirkwood Presbyterian Church officiating.

GOOD NATURED BABIES ARE THOSE RAISED ON

GAIL BORDEN

EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK

"BABIES" ADVISORY BOOK FREE

Borden's Condensed Milk Co., N. Y.

HAS A SCAR ON HER LEFT ARM.

One Means of Identifying Miss Ethel Estes.

AN OLD CIRCUS MAN'S LETTER.

NEW STORY OF IDENTIFICATION IN NEW YORK.

Mrs. Clark Persists in Her Belief That Miss Estes Is the Daughter of Gambler Daly.

ETHEL ESTES' APPEAL.

I shall be very grateful to the Post-Dispatch if it can discover who I am. My sad life will be a happy one if I can only find my father and mother, and if the Post-Dispatch can help me to succeed in this it will make a glorious Christmas for me.—Miss Ethel Estes of Denver, Colo., in last Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

Mrs. John Clark of 2225 Olive street persists in her identification of Ethel Estes of Denver as Ethel Daly, daughter of "Bill" Daly, a noted gambler, notwithstanding the young woman's telegraphed denial.

When Miss Ethel read the account of her life as given to the Post-Dispatch by Mrs. Clark she said: "I am sure I can't imagine why Mrs. Clark should tell such a story. I know absolutely that it is not true. If she was associated with Daly 17 years it is queer that I never heard of her, as I succeeded in getting rid of him only three years ago. I have Daly's brother's own word for it that I never was his daughter, but that I was stolen from my parents, who were refined people. You can say for me I am satisfied to remain where I am."

This statement, with the one of John Carr of Brooklyn, in which he claims Ethel Estes is his sister Emma, was shown Mrs. Clark Friday.

"The New York story I know nothing about," said Mrs. Clark. "The names are all unknown to me. Carr said his sister is dark. When I saw Ethel last her hair was light brown and hazel would nearest express the color of her eyes. When she was a little girl she had blue eyes and light hair, like her mother. Bill Daly was very dark.

"As to Ethel's statement, you will notice that she does not use the name De Miller. That was an alias. She said Daly's brother and again that she got rid of 'Daly.' There is no question in my mind that she is Ethel Daly, and that she has listened to the soft words of others until the child really believes she is to inherit a large fortune and in that belief tries to bury her true origin.

"I helped nurse Bill Daly through his siege of over a month, with the child and her stepmother, seeing both many times a day. Ethel was between 12 and 13 years old then.

"You cannot tell me that she has forgotten all this in these few years. The picture is hers. I would almost swear to that."

Mrs. Clark received the following letter Friday morning:

BELLEVILLE, Jan. 4.

To Mrs. John Clark:

Madame—Seeing the story of the young lady, Ethel Estes or Daly, I wish to say that I was a companion of Bill Daly for over 10 years. I knew his first wife, whose name was Belle Harris, not Delia. After she left Bill I was her partner with the old James Robinson shows and also with the Harris Nickle Plate Co. I saw her in St. Paul two months ago. She was living at 515 Washington street, she told me. I remember the little girl very well and the last time I saw her was one day when Bill came down to my place on State street in Chicago with Johnny Ratchford and Spencer Lorge. He said he was going out her in school at that time. I did not see her after that, but I went to Denver in the spring with Bill and we took in the mining town of. I left Bill at Kansas City and I have always thought he died at Grand Rapids, Mich.

The little girl was with us at Dayton, O., with the Robinson show and one Sunday morning she was sitting in the dressing tent on a trunk and in getting down from the trunk she cut her arm on the hand of the trunk very badly and I also I mean Ethel Estes—is the daughter of Bill Daly the scar will be on the left forearm.

I hope you will excuse me for taking the liberty to write to you, especially from a place like this, but being an old white-top carnival man and wishing to help the girl out I write this. I am in here for a little trouble with a Chinaman at East St. Louis and can't tell how long I will be here. Respectfully yours,

CHARLES HASTINGS,
St. Clair County Jail, Belleville, Ill.

I went under the name of Montague.

A special telegram from New York to the Post-Dispatch gives this story, which Mrs. Clark declares is not in accordance with what she thinks are the facts in the case:

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—John Carr, a young machinist of Brooklyn, believes that Ethel Estes is his sister Emma, who was stolen in her babyhood back in 1872. There are many circumstances in the story he tells which seem to indicate that his belief may be well founded.

Miss Estes' extraordinary life story was printed in last Sunday's Post-Dispatch. She says she was a very small child when she was stolen from her parents—just how old she does not know. She remembers being in the custody of a gambler named William de Miller, who placed her for a time in the care of Mrs. Florence de Miller in Crestline, O., but later took her to Denver. For a time she lived with the gambler and his wife.

Before Ethel Estes she was known as Ettie Bond and Ettie Deer. In 1893 she was taken away from the gambler and given a home with a good family in Denver. The gambler has since died and his wife has disappeared.

John Carr read the story of Ethel Estes and was much impressed by it. He had scarcely finished it when Mrs. George Adams, an old friend of the family, rushed into his apartments and exclaimed: "John Carr, that is surely your sister Emma!" At the same time producing the picture of Miss Estes in the paper.

"When my sister was stolen," said Carr to a Post-Dispatch reporter, "we were living in Monckton, New Brunswick. It was 18 years ago. My father had just died. A few miles from Monckton was a country place called Irishton. There was a family there named Ankettle. One of the daughters was Mrs. O'Dowd, who was married to young John O'Dowd, who they gave out, had a position under the Government.

"Mrs. O'Dowd took a great fancy to my little sister Emma, and persuaded my mother to let her go and live on the farm in Irishton. Mother went to call on her. Mr. Ankettle told her that Mr. and Mrs. O'Dowd and the child had gone West, he did not know where.

Six months later Mrs. O'Dowd slipped back home, and we got a warrant for her arrest. Old man Ankettle swore she was not at his house.

"If she is, I hope I may be a cripple for life," he said. He became paralyzed one and one half years later, and has never moved since. Mrs. O'Dowd was arrested that night. In court she swore she had left Emma with relatives in Denver, and gave my mother the address. She was discharged, and that is the last any of us ever saw of her. The address proved fictitious.

"Three years ago my mother moved to Boston and married again. She is now Mrs. A. E. Jones. Ever since my little sister disappeared my mother has set a place for her at the table three times a day. She has never failed to do this in 18 years."

Emma Carr had dark hair, blue eyes and a dimple in her left cheek. A peculiar coincidence is that for a time Miss Estes' name was Bond, and that Mrs. O'Dowd had relatives in the West named Bond.

Started New Hair

Hon. John H. Gardner, member Wyoming State Legislature from Beulah, Crook Co., in letter dated February 20, 1899, to the

7 Sutherland Sisters

says: "According to agreement made in Salt Lake City, if your preparations proved a benefit to my bald head, I was to send you a testimonial. . . There is a fine growth of new hair started. Am not troubled any more with dandruff and that annoying itching of the scalp. I had tried everything I could hear of before I saw you, but received no benefit. You can use this if you wish. Please send me half-dozen bottles."

We have thousands of testimonials equally as strong. All hair and scalp troubles readily succumb to these meritorious preparations.

Sold by dealers everywhere.

...EXTRAORDINARY ANNOUNCEMENT...

The time has been set and the expectant public need wait no longer—the great **RYAN-CLARKSON DRY GOODS STOCK** goes on sale at

BANKRUPT PRICES!

At the old stand, Broadway, Washington Av. and St. Charles St., Monday morning at 9 o'clock sharp. Ryan-Clarkson's entire force and two hundred additional salespeople to help facilitate your purchases. This is, without question, the most gigantic and important sale, from an economical standpoint, ever inaugurated in the city. Blind indeed are those to their own interest who do not take advantage of this, the golden opportunity of a decade.

THE MAX SCHULZ DRY GOODS CO.

BROADWAY, WASHINGTON AVENUE AND ST. CHARLES STREET.

P. S.—Mr. Schulz's Store, at Broadway and Hickory street, will continue business uninterruptedly as before.

BRIEF NEWS ABOUT TOWN

Items of Interest Condensed for the Convenience of Busy Readers of the Post-Dispatch.

There was a man in our town
And he was wondrous bright,
But when the town was in the dark
He wouldn't furnish light.

Visited by Burglars.—The residence of George Forrester at Kirkwood was entered by burglars Thursday night and $4.60 in cash secured.

Automatic Call.—The Kinloch Telephone Company will remove all cranks from their phones in St. Louis on Jan. 15, making the "call" automatic.

No Kindergarten.—The committee of instruction of the Board of Education has refused to grant the petition from patrons of the Washington School for the establishment of a kindergarten, on account of lack of room.

Stolen Dress Goods.—Detectives recovered a wagon load of silks and dress goods at the room of Martha Carter, a negress, a living at 709 North Sixteenth street, Thursday night. The police claim she is a professional shop-lifter.

Infant in Hallway.—A female child was found Thursday night by Mrs. Rose Burkhardt in a hallway on the second floor at 2363A, St. Charles street. The infant, which was apparently about four days old, was taken to the Bethesda Home.

Money for Hospitals.—Statistics of all the hospitals in the city doing free work are being prepared by the Auditing Committee of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association for the purpose of making a distribution of the $15,000 recently collected.

St. Louis' Flour Output.—In an annual statement prepared by Secretary George H. Morgan of the Merchants' Exchange of the flour output of St. Louis mills during the last year is shown to be 1,113,619 barrels. In 1898 the same mills turned out 1,064,875 barrels.

Dress Parade.—Another regimental dress parade will be given at the Armory Jan. 24. In addition to the promenade concert by the band, a drill will be given by the First Battalion, under command of Lieut. Col. Holtcamp, and a company drill by a company yet unnamed.

Buffalos Entertain.—The men of the Williams & Walker company, playing this week at the Columbia Theater, were tendered a banquet Thursday night at Eleventh avenue and Franklin avenue, by Parker Lodge No. 5, Benevolent and Protective Order of Buffalos, a colored secret society of St. Louis.

Wedded at Last.—William Murphy and Hattie H. Jackson, both of Cheltenham, were denied a marriage license at Clayton Thursday because Miss Jackson admitted that she was not 18 years old. Later they returned with the young lady's father, secured the license and were married by Judge Groensfelder.

Dr. Bridgett Will Lecture.—A series of lectures will be delivered by Dr. Bridgett of the medical department of the Washington University on "The Chemistry of Digestion" on successive Wednesday evenings, beginning Jan. 10. The lectures will be in the lower lecture room of the medical college, 1806 Locust street.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE SALESMEN.

Must be well acquainted locally. Only first-class men need apply. Splendid permanent positions for the right parties. Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway, corner Locust street.

Have Been Refuced Licenses.

Excise Commissioner Higgins has forwarded to the Police Department the names of the saloon keepers whose licenses he refused to renew at the end of the year. They are James Rothschild, 600 Elm street; George Schumacher, 118 South Seventh street; Gillaspy & Tomlinson, Fifteenth and Pine streets; W. J. Eads, 552 Clark avenue; Augusta Brumer, 222 Valentine street; Bryant Feeley, 534 South Twenty-second street; Patrick Tighe, 1431 Pine street; Harry E. Williams, 2364 Chestnut street; T. E. Tobin, 301 North Twelfth street. Two were reported to have wineerooms, Fletcher & Keiser, 2301 Olive street, and Frank Devoto, 1701 Olive street.

Globe Clearing Sale started this morning with a rush. See page 6.

For a New Power House.

The Directory of the Citizens' Electric Light and Power Company decided at its meeting Thursday to break ground for its new power house inside of thirty days. The capital of the company was increased to $1,000,000. The company says it has 100 miles of conduit laid, and has cross-arm privileges on the Kinloch poles. Its franchise runs forty-three years yet.

MONEY RAISED FOR THE BOERS.

St. Louis Sharpshooters Subscribe to the Fund for Oom Paul's Men.

The St. Louis Sharpshooters' Association met Thursday night and elected the following officers: President, Dominick Delabar; vice-president, Andrew Frack; treasurer, Jacob M. Gruen; financial secretary, William Bauer; collector, John Rued; recording secretary, Aug. Delabar; standard bearer, Edward Deimer; financial committee, Joseph Delabar, Henry Wyt and Ed Deimer.

After the election of officers the members of the association subscribed $50 to the fund being raised for the Boers.

Killed by Her Fall.

Mrs. Charlotte Clarke, colored, 50 years old, lost her balance while attempting to empty a bucket of water from the second floor window of a stable at 3424 Morgan street Thursday, and fell to the yard below. Her skull was crushed, and she died instantly.

DURING JANUARY.

Causes Leading to the Final Announcement of Time Extended to Feb. 1—To Avoid Disappointment to Hundreds Owing to Pressure of "Eleventh Hour" Applicants During the Expiring Hours of the December Offer. There Was Absolutely No Alternative but to Extend the Offer Through January.

Doctor Copeland has extended the $3 rate to all during the month of January. The extension was made necessary by the crowds of patients who thronged the Copeland offices during Saturday and Sunday, December 30 and 31, crowding them beyond their capacity.

Had there been a score of physicians instead of the number engaged they could not have begun to care for the belated applicants coming at the eleventh hour. The offer was made for the purpose of

giving to all the sick an opportunity to test and enjoy the Copeland treatment.

Doctor Copeland felt he had given abundant time for that, but the events of the last few days showed him that he was mistaken. He, therefore, extended the rate, not for a week, but for the entire month of January. This is to give all abundant time to avail themselves of this remarkable opportunity.

The rate is extended to all until February 1. All who apply before that date will be treated until cured at this rate.

NOTIFICATION TO THOSE WHO HAVE APPLIED BY MAIL.

Hundreds of letters applying for the rate are as yet unanswered. This announcement will serve as notification to all of those who have applied by mail. It may be several days before their communications can receive attention. ***The force of stenographers has as yet been unable to make but little impression upon the tremendous bulk of correspondence which has come into the office in the last week.*** All, however, will receive answers to their communications as soon as possible, and all will be entitled to the rate. The extension is just as broad and unequivocal as was the original announcement.

For the entire month of January all patients applying for treatment, and all patients renewing treatment, will be treated until cured at the uniform rate of $3 a month.

Cured of Ringing Noises and Deafness.

Mrs. Matilda Thalinger, 1808 Arsenal street: "I had been deaf in both ears for years and this was accompanied by noises in the head like the sound of escaping steam. I was so deaf that I could not hear the street cars pass my home. In order for me to hear anyone it was necessary for them to shout very loudly right in my ear, and when people spoke to me in ordinary tones I could see their lips moving but could not hear a sound.

"I consulted Dr. Copeland in regard to my deafness, and, after an examination of my ears, he told me that I could be cured if I followed the treatment properly. He has cured me perfectly and I can now hear as well as I ever did in my life."

THE $3 RATE FOR HOME TREATMENT.

If you cannot visit the office, write for consultation sheet and diagnosis blank.

"Is your hearing failing?"
"Do your ears discharge?"
"Do your ears itch and burn?"
"Are the ears dry and scaly?"
"Is there throbbing in the ears?"
"Have you pain behind the ears?"
"Is there a buzzing sound heard?"
"Is your hearing bad cloudy days?"
"Are there crackling sounds heard?"
"Do you have earache occasionally?"
"Do you have a ringing in the ears?"
"Are there sounds like steam escaping?"
"Is roaring like a waterfall in the head?"
"Is hearing worse when you have a cold?"
"Do your ears hurt when you blow your nose?"
"Do you constantly hear noises in the ears?"
"Do you hear better some days than others?"
"Do the noises in your ears keep you awake?"
"When you blow your nose do the ears crack?"

Patients living at a distance, inclosing $3 with application, are entitled to the privilege of this rate, providing their applications are filed with Doctor Copeland before Feb. 1.

Copeland Medical Institute

DR. W. H. COPELAND, } Consulting
DR. J. E. THOMPSON, } Physicians.

Rooms 201 and 202 Odd Fellows Bldg., 816 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

Office hours—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 2 p. m. to 6 p. m.; 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

NOTICE!

FOR THE PROTECTION OF OUR WANT ADVERTISERS.

Answers to advertisements will not be delivered except on presentation of the check calling for same.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
20 Words or Less, 5 Cents.

BAKER—Second or third baker wants position; good reference; hotel or small shop; city or country. Ad. H 69, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER—A young cake baker, having thorough experience, desires sit. Ad. B 78, Post-Dispatch.

BAKER—A third-hand baker would like to get a place. Call at 2804 S. 12th st. M. Peter.

BARBER—Sit. wanted by experienced, allround, handy barber; good, willing worker. Mr. Cassidy, 3502 Franklin av.

BARBER—Wanted, by a barber, situation, or run a shop. Address Barber, 2096 Chouteau av.

BOOKKEEPER—Bookkeeper and stenographer, best of references, 7 years' experience in leaf tobacco. Ad. H 72, Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—Position wanted as bookkeeper, stenographer and general office man; experienced; best references. Ad. T 78, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—A boy wishes a position with some reliable firm where there is a chance for advancement. Ad. K 76, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Sit. wanted in drug store by a boy of 16, with some experience. Ad. E 76, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Wanted, position in grocery story or office by boy of 18; best of reference. Ad. W 74, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Sit. wanted by neat colored boy; can take care of dining room and work anywhere in house. Ad. P 76, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Sit. wanted by boy of 18; anxious to secure employment. Ad. R 76, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER—Carpenter wants work; good workingman; will work cheap. Ad. E. Oswald, 5726 Easton av.

CARPENTER—A good, first-class carpenter wants sit. in factory or wholesale house; reasonable. Ad. E 69, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—Sit. wanted by young man, Swede; can give best reference as to honesty and capability. Ad. N 68, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—Sit. as coachman; care for cows, furnace, house and dining room and porter in general; colored; refs., city. Ad. R 79, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—Sit. wanted by coachman who thoroughly understands coaching business; best city references. Philip Hughes, 306 North Theresa av.

COACHMAN—Sit. wanted by strictly first-class and reliable coachman; wants steady place; colored; references. Please ad. B 70, Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Situation wanted by German man as cook in private family, at once. Apply 1509 Washington av., basement.

CUTTER—Sit. wanted by young man of 25 as cutter in cotton or silk goods. Ad. 4450 Maffitt. A. Zora.

DRAUGHTSMAN—Architectural draughtsman, thoroughly familiar with making estimates of material and supervising construction work, desires position with architect, contractor or similar firm; best of references given. Ad. K 79, Post-Dispatch.

DRIVER—Young man of 20 would like a position as a driver. Ad. A 82, Post-Dispatch.

DRIVER—Experienced driver, 26, stout and sober, would like to drive for some wholesale house or delivery wagon. Ad. G 74, Post-Dispatch.

DRIVER—Sit. wanted as driver by reliable man; can give reference from present employer. Ad. K 74, Post-Dispatch.

DRUG CLERK—Situation wanted by drug clerk; age 18; almost two years' experience in retail drug store in city; best of references; wages no object. Ad. L 76, Post-Dispatch.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR—Sit. wanted by an experienced elevator operator. Ad. T 73, Post-Dispatch.

ENGINEER—A sober, competent licensed engineer wants a situation in or out of city; familiar with hoist engines; low wages at a steady place. Ad. G 79, Post-Dispatch.

ENGINEER—Sit. wanted by a good licensed stationary engineer; does his own repairing; best of city references; city or country. Ad. N 71, Post-Dispatch.

FIREMAN—Sit. by first-class fireman or assistant engineer; can do repairs, and not afraid of work. Ad. O 62, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEMAN—Sit. wanted by good handy allround man, colored; best references. Please ad. B 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Sit. wanted by reliable, industrious young man in wholesale grocery house. Ad. N 78, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man wants work; understands driving and care of horses; handy around the house. 3010 Easton av.

MAN—Situation wanted by young man, age 25, in some wholesale house as porter or driver; not afraid of work. Ad. Y 78, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Sit. wanted by a good, reliable colored man; can furnish best of reference; willing to work. 823 N. 8th st.

MAN—Strong young man to work in coal yard; delivering orders and board with employer. 2216 Biddle st.

MAN—Young German wants position as driver, porter or night watchman or anything; best of reference; bond if required. Ad. H 79, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man of 20 would like a position in a grocery; has had experience. Ad. A 80, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man, 20 years old, wants work of any kind. 916 Theresa av.

MAN—Sit. wanted by man; understands work around private place, furnace, cow, horses, etc.; honest and willing; good references. Ad. P 78, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Sit. wanted by sober, reliable man as porter or day watchman; willing to work; best city reference. Address Thomas McGovern, 3409 Morgan st.

MAN—Sit. wanted by a young colored man at jobwork and attending furnace. Address 4203 Delmar bl.

MAN—A sober, reliable man wants work of any kind, painting preferred. J. A. H., 2081 Mosgan st.

MAN—Young man well acquainted with city would like steady situation. Ad. F 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man wants sit.; 11 years' experience general office work; first-class references; not afraid of work. Ad. B 68, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, a specialty to sell on the road on commission; no side line; 20 years' experience traveling. Ad. M 79, Post-Dispatch.

STUDENT—A student would like a place to work for board and room. Ad. M 78, Post-Dispatch.

WALL PAPER CLEANING—Wanted, wall paper to clean; 8 years' experience in this work exclusively; send postal; will call. J. Neal, 222 Marion st.

WANTED—Sit. by elderly German; handy with tools and around house or live stock; best of references. Ad. N 62, Post-Dispatch.

WATCHMAN—Sit. wanted by nightwatchman; six years' experience; good references. Ad. F 68, Post-Dispatch.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS—Have your negatives retouched. Byers, expert retoucher, 2221 Locust.

BARBER WANTED—Good barber for Saturday and Sunday. 1913 Franklin av.

BARBER WANTED—Barber at Venice. Byrnes' barber shop.

BARBER WANTED—Barber for Saturday and Sunday; bring tools. 2850 Easton av.

BARBER WANTED—Barber. 1238 N. Broadway; steady if suited.

BARBER WANTED—Barber for Saturday and Sunday. 1806 Cass av.

BARBER WANTED—Barber Saturday and Sunday. Prudential Bldg., 531 St. Louis av., East St. Louis.

BARBER WANTED—Barber for Saturday and Sunday. 2101 S. 2d st.

BARBER WANTED—Barber for Saturday and Sunday; bring tools; $3 guaranteed. 925 Cass av.

BARBER WANTED—Good barber; steady work. 2001 Market st.

BARBER WANTED—Barber, young man preferred. 2606 N. 13th st.

BILL BOY WANTED—Bill boy with city hotel reference. Apply 8574 Olive st.

BOY WANTED—Boy that can catalogue postage stamps. Ad. O 76, Post-Dispatch.

BOYS WANTED—To try Harris' $1.98 shoes; made for good wear. 520 Pine st.

BOY WANTED—Boy about 16 to learn drug business; must speak German and English. Ad. F 79, Post-Dispatch.

BOY WANTED—Colored boy to attend house, horse and cow; call after 6 p. m. 3327 Pine.

BOY WANTED—To learn baker trade; experienced preferred. 2112 S. Broadway.

BOY WANTED—Boy to wash dishes in restaurant. 1004 Franklin av.

BOY WANTED—Boy residing with parents in city for accurate shorthand and typewriting; small start; chances for advancement good. Ad. L 79, Post-Dispatch.

BUGGYWASHER WANTED—Buggywasher at 818 N. Leffingwell av.

BUGGYWASHER WANTED—Experienced buggywasher. 811 Hickory st.

CARPENTER WANTED—Carpenter for a job of cabinet work; part cash, part dentistry. Ad. D 76, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTERS WANTED—Carpenters to work for wholesale house by the week; state age and references. Ad. T 74, Post-Dispatch.

CASH for acceptable ideas; state if patented. Address The Patent Record, Baltimore, Md.

CIRCULAR FOLDER WANTED—Quick boy or girl to fold circulars; $1.50 per week. Genelli, 923 Olive st.

COOK WANTED—Good cook; good plain cooking; no fancy prices. 2615 Clark av.

CUTTERS WANTED—3 first-class trimming cutters. Goodbar Shoe Mfg. Co., 2206 Chestnut.

ENGINEER WANTED—First-class engineer; must have city hotel reference. Apply 3574 Olive st.

HELPERS WANTED—Tinner helpers. 2349 S. Broadway.

MAN WANTED—Man with furniture to care for furnace and help around house for room and board. 3032 Lucas av.

MAN WANTED—Man of common school education to work in city. 2731 Franklin av.

MAN WANTED—A man with references to move coal on shares. 6140 Bartmer av.

MAN WANTED—A young man to whom wages are not the main object, and who knows something about drawing, will have an opportunity to study fine architecture. Ad. D 80, Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—Young man in restaurant, about 18 years old; must be good appearing. 1709 Washington av.

MAN WANTED—Good, sober man; must be able to work both hands and steam power machine for seal bottles. Inquire bottle shop National Brewery.

MEN WANTED—Men, to learn barber trade; only 8 weeks required; special advantages this season; complete outfit of tools presented students; wages Saturdays; positions positively guaranteed; can earn tuition working for us; catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, 1141 Market st.

MEN WANTED—Barb wire fence makers and wire drawers. Apply Merchants' Wire and Nail Co., Granite City, Ill.

MEN WANTED—Wire drawers and barb wire fence makers. Apply Merchants' Wire and Nail Co., Granite City, Ill.

MEN WANTED—To stop at Grace Hotel, 414 Market; rooms, 25c day; $1.50 week and up.

PAINTER WANTED—Good painter; state wages; old man preferred. Ad. H 293, Post-Dispatch.

PRIVATE diseases a specialty at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary. 1214 Franklin av.

SHOE CUTTERS WANTED—Experienced cutters on men's and ladies' work. Friedman Bros. Shoe Co., 3417 Locust st.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—Shoemakers, experience lasters. S. Falek, 2215 N. Broadway.

SHOEMAKER WANTED—Apply 1923 Franklin av.

STRIPPERS WANTED—Strippers, boys or girls, at the Mercantile Cigar Factory, 306 N. 4th st.

THE MAGNOLIA, first-class bar, s. e. cor. 14th and Olive; very finest whiskies, 10c per drink. Frank M. Brooks, proprietor.

TRANSFERER WANTED—We want a good, sober lithograph transferer; one who understands commercial and color work both preferred. Ad. with full particulars, Brandon Printing Co., Nashville, Tenn.

WAITERS WANTED—4 first-class colored waiters at Hotel Berlin, corner Berlin and Taylor avs.

WAITER WANTED—Experienced waiter. Apply cafe, n. e. cor. Washington and Vandeventer.

Perkins & Herpel

MERCANTILE COLLEGE,

Lincoln Trust Bldg., 7th and Chestnut sts.; Individual instruction given in Commercial, Shorthand, English Branches; write for catalogue; New Year term, day and night, now open.

STOVE REPAIRS

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G BRAUER'S, 219 Locust st.

SALESMEN WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

SALESMAN WANTED—A traveling salesman, familiar with the drug line; with references. Ad. W 76, Post-Dispatch.

AGENTS WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

AGENTS WANTED—All photo ticket agents call on Willyerd, 810 Olive st.; something new.

AGENTS WANTED—Solicitors; industrial and fraternal insurance men to sell accident insurance on a monthly-premium plan; big money can be made. For full information apply to Union Casualty and Surety Co., room 303 Wainwright Bldg.

AGENTS WANTED—Our agents' benefit fund great success; Jan. bank opens Feb. 1; start now; also extra com. every night. Murillo, 1314 Olive st.

AGENTS WANTED—$15 per day and all expenses selling our up-to-date aluminum cases for cards to merchants, doctors, lawyers, ladies; beautiful engraved case and 100 cards. For free sample write Monopole Mills, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED—$240 monthly selling improved nickel-plated Brilliant Gaslight Burner; fits kerosene lamps, beautiful gaslight without chimney; sample free. Enterprise Mfg. Co., G 151, Cincinnati, O.

NEW ticket; big offer to agents; ex. com. 25c on tickets need; paid week. Genelli, 923 Olive st.

MAIL ORDERS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

START mail order business at home; $50 weekly; full information and big list receipts, one dime. Johnson Mfg. Co., 18 W. Randolph st., room 52, Chicago, Ill.

PARTNERS WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

PARTNER WANTED—Lady partner with some cash to join me in forming college to teach magnetic healing; experience not needed; we can make fine returns. Ad. O 68, Post-Dispatch.

CANVASSERS AND SOLICITORS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

SOLICITORS WANTED—Wide-awake and honest men to know they can make money soliciting for the United States Benevolent Society; the best accident and sick indemnity in the world. R. H. Wood, 204 Pezzoni Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

SOLICITORS WANTED—Coal solicitors; good pay; pleasant work. Superior Coal Co., 247 Century Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.
20 Words or Less, 5 Cents.

CHAMBERMAID—Situation wanted as chambermaid. 3119 Washington av.

CHAMBERMAID—Wanted, situation by colored woman as chambermaid; reference. 434 S. 14th st., upstairs.

COMPANION—Wanted, a position as companion by a refined Southern woman; middle-aged and single; best of reference. Ad. B 80, Post-Dispatch.

COMPANION—Sit. wanted as companion or nurse for elderly lady or invalid; reference. Ad. E 66, Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Sit. wanted by middle-aged woman cook in private family. Call 2810 Morgan st.

COOK—Girl, well recommended, wants sit. as cook or general housework, without washing. 1625 Washington av.

COOK—Sit. wanted by colored woman as cook. 1924 Wash st.

COOK—Wanted by neat colored girl sit. as cook; good reference. Call 526 N. Theresa av.

DRESSMAKER—Experienced dressmaker wants work to take home; plain sewing or dressmaking. Address 917 Geyer av.

DRESSMAKER—Good dressmaker wants sewing by day; good cutter and fitter; at $1 per day. Ad. O 65, Post-Dispatch.

GIRLS—Sits. wanted by two girls, colored, to do general housework, cooking, etc. Ad. O 74, Post-Dispatch.

G'RLS—Situations wanted by two German girls to do ironing in laundry by the week. M. H., 1234 N. 17th st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by girl from country to do housework (Forest 258.) Call or send no postals. 2284 Carr st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by middle-aged lady, no incumbrance; a thoroughly tidy housekeeper of years of experience; a neat seamstress, careful and saving; a position in family where servant is kept, or institution; city or suburbs; highest reference. Ad. K 75, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation wanted at general housework; best city refs.; colored. 1305 Morgan.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted by an experienced, middle-aged woman as housekeeper for 2 or more adults; good cook; good references. Ad. J. H. W., 1807 Washington av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Will a gentleman or aged couple requiring first-class housekeeper, and who will not object to little girl, please call or address 2305 Olive st.

——Situation wanted by competent housekeeper for widower or bachelor; none but horrorible parties need apply. Miss Virginia, 1315 N. 10th st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing and cleaning. Apply 1906 Morgan.

LAUNDRESS—Laundry work by day or bring home. Anna Thompson, 2800 Laclede av., upstairs.

LAUNDRESS—Lady will wash for basement rooms; has two children. 1022 S. 12th st., first floor, rear.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, lace curtains to clean; 25c per pair. 2833 Walnut st.; entrance on Market.

LAUNDRESS—Situation wanted to do laundry work, Wednesday and Thursday; colored woman. 4149 Fairfax av.

LAUNDRESS—A laundress wishes washing out by day; good references; please call. 613 Montrose av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to take home or go out by day. 3973 Fairfax av.

SEAMSTRESS—A first-class seamstress desires sewing in private family; children's work a specialty. Ad. P 64, Post-Dispatch.

SEAMSTRESS—Sit. wanted by 1st-class seamstress; dresses, repairing and children's clothes a specialty. Ad. G 70, Post-Dispatch.

WOMAN—Sit. wanted by a neat colored woman to do day work or washing by day. Ad. R 73, Post-Dispatch.

WOMAN—Sit. wanted by neat colored woman from the South; experienced dressmaker; will help do light work. Ad. R 78, Post-Dispatch.

WOMAN—Wants laundry work or to clean offices. Miss Wissinger, 1626 Carr st.

WOMAN—Wanted, office cleaning or washing and ironing. 1334 Merchant st.

WHEN, maker of best photos and enlargements for Xmas presents. When, 1631 Franklin av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 Words or Less, 10 Cents.
Business Announcements, 10 Cents Per Line.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—For small hotel, 4026 West Belle pl.

COOK WANTED—Good cook; also boy for general housework. 5900 Cates av.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron in small family; good wages to competent girl. Apply 3901 Flad av.

COOK WANTED—Good experienced allround restaurant cook. 1916 Olive st.

COOK WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer, or man and wife; do not apply unless very competent, with best of reference. 2622 N. King's Highway.

COOK WANTED—Cook who is willing to do laundry work or assist; must be neat; six in family. 5502 Clemens av.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. 3435 Franklin av.

COOK WANTED—No 1 cook and housegirl. 3636 Finney av.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook in boarding house; come ready to work. 1706 Locust st.

COOK WANTED—Good woman, white, who understands cooking and all work; go home nights. 3032 Lucas.

COOK WANTED—Good white cook for small family. Apply 3010 Laclede av.

COOK WANTED—White girl for cooking and ironing. 4426 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—Girl for cooking, washing and ironing; wages, $18. 3409 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—Good cook. 2615 Clark av.

COOK WANTED—Neat, strong woman, assistant cook; Protestant; references; wages $15. 4885 Maryland av., Methodist Home.

DEMONSTRATOR WANTED—First-class demonstrator; only those who are thoroughly experienced and can give reference need apply; state salary and experience. Ad. C 76, Post-Dispatch.

DINING ROOM GIRL WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. 1015 Washington av.

DRESSMAKER WANTED—Experienced dressmaker; answer with name of the reference. Ad. C 156, Post-Dispatch.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to do work around store. 1628 S. Broadway.

GIRL WANTED—German girl for house and dining room work. 3630 Pine bl.

GIRL WANTED—Young girl as nurse, to return home at night. 4123 Page av.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. 2119 Washington av.

GIRL WANTED—First-class house and dining room girl in private family. Call 1709 Papin st.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced machine hand and girls to learn on coats; pay while learning. Apply H. Brode, 1305 Biddle st.

GIRLS WANTED—Two experienced hand girls to sew pants; steady work. 1516 S. 8th st.

GIRL WANTED—German girl for lunchroom. 215 N. 18th st.

GIRL WANTED—Dining room girl for boarding house. 1424 Locust st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl, German preferred. 3658 Cook av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to assist in dining room. 3719 N. Broadway.

GIRL WANTED—Young girl for upstairs work and nursing. 4235 Morgan st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl 14 or 15 years old. 1304 Clark av.

GIRLS WANTED—Girls for hand and machine sewing. 1628 S. Broadway.

DINING ROOM GIRL WANTED—Good German girl for dining room work. 2201 Randolph st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl, about 15 years old. 1047 Howard st.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced girl for Standard Cording Machine. High Art Waist Co., 705 Lucas av.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced machine hands and finisher on pants; good pay; steady work. 1520 N. 19th st., 3d floor.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent girl for general housework; small family. Inquire 1445 Carr Lane av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl, for general work; no washing; small family; good wages; kind treatment. 3561 Von Versen av.; telephone in house (Forest 258.)

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl for general housework; bring references. 623 N. Garrison av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl for general housework. J. Hornberger's Bakery, 1119 Biddle.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl for general housework; steady place; best wages. 5286 Page.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, in small private family. 1182 Leonard.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4030 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A white girl for general housework. 4022A Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. Apply, with references, 5567 Vernon av.; Cabanne district.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, washing and ironing; good wages. 4123 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 4057 McPherson av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply 1189 Geyer av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good, steady girl or woman for general housework in private family. 4528 Evans av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in a flat; 506 N. Theresa av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl 17 or 18 years old to do general housework; no washing; Thursday and Sunday afternoons and evenings off. 4806A St. Louis av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl to take care of child and assist in housework; small family. 4255 Lindell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; reference required; wages $16 month. 4519 Page av.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Middle-aged housekeeper. Apply between 6 and 8, 1426 Wittenberg av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. 1818 La Salle st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4247A Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; good wages. 3053 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1801A Goode av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl to assist with general housework. 1446 Hogan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat, reliable German girl for general housework; good cook; references required. 4124 Delmar av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat colored girl for housework. 2907 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Must sleep at home. 2614 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good house and dining room girl. 2106 Clark av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 2716 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 1916A Hickory st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; 3 in family. 1437 N. Newstead av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A young German girl, 16 years old, to assist with light housework; must be neat and clean; sleep at home. Call 3948A N. 11th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4458 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl, general housework; no washing; family 3; refs. 5524 Maple.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family of three. 5043A Delmar.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German or Swede country girl for general housework. 619 N. Leffingwell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 1017 N. Leonard av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 2130 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Intelligent girl for housework; German preferred; no laundry work. 1721 Wash st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2123 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat colored girl to help do general housework. 3230 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; must understand cooking. 4211A Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Reliable girl for general housework; must be good cook. 3553½ Olive.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; must be good cook. 3555½ Olive.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4247

PERSONAL.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

PERSONAL—Lady who left Park at. car at Armstrong Thursday noon, and who noticed gent in back seat, please address T 76, Post-Dispatch.

PERSONAL—John: Be at Penny & Gentle's at 1:30 p. m. to-morrow (Saturday). Wilson.

PERSONAL—Wanted, the gentleman that called yesterday in answer to advertisement at 2959 Olive to call at once; misunderstanding through landlady.

MATRIMONIAL.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

MATRIMONY. Bright, prepossessing widow, 33, wishes to meet middle-aged gentleman who would invest some money in legitimate business paying 200 per cent; object, matrimony, if suited. Address F 72, Post-Dispatch.

MATRIMONIAL—Gentleman in city three months desires acquaintance young lady or widow who speaks French fluently; object, matrimony. Ad. G 79, Post-Dispatch.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

A BUSINESS BRINGER—Our $1 business cards. Crole & Co., 416 N. 7th. Printing on the jump.

ADVICE free—by able and responsible lawyers who practice in all courts; divorces quietly and legally obtained at reasonable charges; damages secured for injuries to person or property; discharges in bankruptcy speedily procured; collection department; branch offices in other States; established 18 years; highest commercial and bank references. Missouri Legal Agency, 702 Holland Bldg., 211 N. 7th st.

A1 PRINTING. Cheapest place in town. McGill & Co., 1110 Pine st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, 205 S. 14th st.; home for ladies before and during confinement; irregularities from any cause successfully treated.

DR. MANSFIELD'S monthly regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no pain; no danger; no interference with work; by mail or office, $2. Mansfield Remedy Co., 167 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.

DR. MARY ARTHUR'S monthly regulator; ladies save time and money by calling at 2907 Morgan.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, specialist; ladies' private home during confinement; trained nurses in attendance; best of medical attention; treats irregularities; guarantee success or no charge; infants adopted; write or call, 2907 Morgan st. Kinloch D 121.

DR. ELLA ALLEN, female specialist; special attention to female diseases; 18 years' successful experience; perfect seclusion during confinement; only private, reliable, incorporated home; those dissatisfied elsewhere especially invited; terms reasonable; will take one to work. 2908 Olive.

FREE treatment for private troubles, pimples, discharges, etc.; either sex. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th st.; Tapeworm expelled; cure guaranteed.

LADIES in trouble will not regret calling on Mrs. Hollen; lowest terms. 1109 N. 19th st.

LADIES—If in trouble, save time and money by calling at 2911 Franklin av.

LADIES—Dr. Anna Newland's Regulator never fails; try treatment free. 205 S. 14th st.

LADIES—My regulator never fails; one complete treatment free. Mrs. R. Starr, 291; Franklin av.

LADIES—Free, harmless monthly regulator; cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 16, Milwaukee, Wis.

LADIES in trouble call; private home before and during confinement. Mrs. Meyers, 2018 Wash st.

MRS. DR. MURPHY receives before confinement; try my safeguard anu regulator; ladies in trouble call or write. 2123 Olive st.; also 1422 O'Fallon.

MRS. DR. HOGAN receives before and during confinement; homes for infants, if desired; call or write; strictly confidential. 2215 Olive st.

MRS. RENNEKAMP—Specialist; reliable, private home before and during confinement. Call 2925 Franklin av.

MRS. L. HOTSON, ladies' private home during confinement; absolute protection and safety assured; motherly care; irregularities; success guaranteed or no charge; infants adopted; information free; ladies in trouble call or write; no sign on second door. 2201 and 2203 Olive st.

MRS. DR. HOGAN receives before and during confinement; homes for infants, if desired; call or write; strictly confidential. 2215 Olive st.

VALUABLE information free to women. To all ladies sending us 10c we will mail sample of Femaline smooth-ettes and valuable information concerning the female sex. Branch Femaline Chemical Co., 1831 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo.

ADVICE FREE, DIVORCES A specialty; liberal terms, quick, confidential. Attorney, law office, 1062 Olive, 2d floor.

CANCER—CANCER

Can be cured without knife, pain or burning plaster. Dr. Miller, 611 Holland Bldg.

RUPTURE

Cured permanently. No cutting, no pain. NO PAY UNTIL CURED. Consultation free.

DR. LEWIN, RO M 907.
HOLLAND BUILDING, 211 N. SEVENTH ST.

FURS. FURS. FURS.

Furs artistically remodeled and repaired in the latest style, positively at lower prices than elsewhere. Country work promptly attended to.
FRIEDMAN FUR CO., 710 Lucas av.

RUPTURE

Cured for $25.00. Home treatment; no knife; no syringe; no pain or detention from business. Our office treatment guarantee unfailing in statistics over 3000 cured; cure guaranteed; city testimonials furnished. Examination and one treatment free. Rooms 620 and 621 Holland Bldg., 211 N. 7th st., St. Louis, Mo. BELL RUPTURE CURE.

DANCING.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

DANCING—All the latest dances taught privately for $3. Prof. Maurice Adams, 3127 Olive st.

LEARN TODANCE FOR $3.

Prof. De Honey will sell you a full term of three months in classes for $3 to all entering this week, or will teach you the waltz and two-step perfectly in private lessons for $5; each lesson receives the Professor's entire attention, with music; avoid inferior teachers; call on Prof. De Honey, who is acknowledged to be the best dancer and instructor in the city, and will teach you all the latest and popular dances in one term; take advantage of these offers; all day, day or eve., at my private lesson academy, 2827 Olive av.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ALL loans on furniture, pianos or any good security done quickly and quietly; property left in your possession; loans made up in monthly payments, thus reducing loan at each payment; our terms to be lowest in the city. See us before going elsewhere. NEW YORK FINANCE CO., 207-8-9 Odd Fellows' Bldg., 9th and Olive sts.

ARE you a salaried employe of a firm or corporation? If you need money see Steiner, 823 Merchant & Laclede Bldg., 7th way and Locust st.

MONEY furnished salaried people and retail merchants without security; easy payments. Toomah, room 801 211 N. 7th st.

EASY PAYMENT LOANS

On furniture and pianos; lowest possible rates; no publicity; discount if paid before due. Fidelity Brokerage Co., 914½ Olive st., room 1.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

FRIENDS of Mrs. Hanna E. Moe, Waukena, Kan., want information of C. H. Moe, who left his wife and four children in poverty a few years ago and not heard of since. Ad. F 140, Post-Dispatch.

STORAGE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF STORAGE—New warehouse; Grand and Laclede avs.; for safekeeping of furniture, pianos, pictures, trunks, boxes, etc.; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; money advanced; get our rates; telephone Bell, R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1218-21 Olive.

AMERICAN STORAGE & MOVING CO., 2315 Olive —Moving, packing and shipping, etc.; in separate rooms. Tel Main 2551A. H. Langdale, Prop.

H. PORTMANN Storage, Moving and Packing Co., St. Louis and East St. Louis. Kinloch D 2207. Bell Tyler 2690A Office, 2801 Cass av.

SOUTH SIDE STORAGE & MOVING CO., 1901 to 1906 Sidney st.; telephone Sidney 235.

CANGAN & TAYLOR

2622 OLIVE STREET.
Storage, moving, packing and shipping. 'Phone Main 2564.

DEUTY STORAGE PACKING & MOVING CO.

1723-25-27 and 1729 Morgan St.
Main office, 1000 Pine st.
Phone—Bell, Main 1174 and Main 268. Kinloch D 2

THIGH BONE IN COURT

ENTERED BY THE CLERK AS "PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT A."

MRS. ROSE SMITH IS PLAINTIFF.

Bone to Be Made a Permanent Feature of the Record in a $15,000 Damage Suit.

The most remarkable piece of evidence to be made a permanent feature of the record of any case ever tried in the St. Louis Circuit Court, was filed Friday with Clerk Harry Baer of Judge Talty's court.

It is said to be a six-inch piece of the right thigh bone of Mrs. Rose Smith, and was entered by Clerk Baer as "Plaintiff's Exhibit A."

This bone is expected to figure prominently in Mrs. Smith's suit for $15,000 damages against the Good Samaritan Hospital and Drs. D. M. and O. G. Gibson. The recovery is sought upon a charge of personal injuries.

The plaintiff alleges that, being very sick in September, 1898, from the effects of a fall she experienced during the previous winter, she went to the Good Samaritan Hospital for treatment. She claims that, while she was there, the Drs. Gibson, without informing her of their intention, put her under the influence of an anesthetic and, opening her right thigh while she was in that condition, removed six inches of the bone. She alleges that her affliction was not of a character that warranted the operation and that the physicians, as experienced practitioners, should have known this, and by the exercise of proper care could have known it. She claims she was made an invalid for life by the operation.

Soon after filing her petition, Mrs. Smith's attorney was informed that the Drs. Gibson still had the bone that was alleged to have been removed in their possession, and he promptly applied to the court for an order, directing the defendants to deposit the bone with the clerk as evidence. The order was complied with Friday.

The plaintiff maintains that the bone is sound and healthy and will convince the court that there was no necessity for its removal. She contends that, if she can do this, she will recover.

IN DESTITUTE CIRCUMSTANCES.

Two Women With Small Children Without Food or Money.

Mrs. Rachel Jackson was evicted from 1222 North Fourth street Friday because she was unable to pay her week's rent, amounting to $2.50.

A constable called in the morning and removed her furniture from the house to the sidewalk, where it remained during the day. Mrs. Jackson has four children, and the youngest is very sick. She says she has neither money nor food.

Mrs. Mary Wheeler of 1206 North Fourth street is threatened with an experience similar to Mrs. Jackson's. She is in arrears with her rent and says she has been informed that she must leave the building if she does not pay up immediately. She is destitute and has no friends to whom she can appeal for aid. She has four children and is in poor health.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

M. S. Morey ..... Clearyville, Mo
Maggie Berg ..... Crelle, Mo
J. W. Cole ..... 4309 Farlin st
Fannie M. Ott ..... 1109 Lafayette av
J. P. Koeln ..... 8300 Vulcan st
Lillie M. Ammon ..... 8512 Minnesota av
Henry Beckmann ..... 924 Tyler st
Dena Hug ..... 924 Tyler st
Frank Capony ..... Mace City, Io
Maria Mercurio ..... 820 N. Ninth st
J. H. Moss ..... Springfield, Ill
Mary D. Deardorff ..... Sheridan, Ind
Prairie Brown ..... 1110 Cardinal st
Venia Nixon ..... Quincy, Ill
Adam Nagel ..... 2220 N. Broadway
Mart Reh ..... 2220 N. Broadway
Nick Krum ..... Wapenton, N. D
Theresa Pittnack ..... 8540 Oregon av
Max Schunzel ..... 902 Lami st
Clementine Bourdeaux ..... 902 Lami st
Henry Freise ..... 2700 S. Broadway
Mary Gleiber ..... 2205 St. George st

18-Kt. Gold Wedding Rings.

Finest quality, prices from $5 to $20.
Mermod & Jaccard's Broadway, cor Locust.

BIRTHS RECORDED.

J. H. and M. A. Hogan, 2631 Pine; boy.
P. G. and A. Diemer, 4140 Nebraska; girl.
F. J. and Julia Nobel, 1712 S. 12th; boy.
C. and S. Moore, 2353A Rutger; boy.
J. and L. Holzwarth, 1847 N. Broadway; girl.
J. and A. Oitzenberger, 7527 Virginia; girl.
P. and R. O'Toole, 7323 Minnesota; boy.
J. M. Mathis, 314 West Stein; girl.
J. W. and L. Stense, 628 Redbud; girl.
W. and A. Geisel, 2533 Dodier; girl.
G. W. and M. Kunda, 1734A Dolman; girl.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — Twenty-five experienced saleslades for Muslin Underwear Dept. Apply to Superintendent, to-morrow, Saturday morning.
GRAND-LEADER.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

MONEY—$400 to loan on real estate at 5 per cent. Ad. N 76, Post-Dispatch.

MONEY WANTED.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

MONEY WANTED—$400, for 3 years, on new house and lot in East St. Louis; no commission. Address M 72, Post-Dispatch.

MONEY WANTED—$2200 at 4½, on improved business property; gilt-edged; no agents or commission. Ad. R 67, Post-Dispatch.

MAGNETIC HEALING.

14 Words or Less, 30 Cents.

PROFESSIONAL gentleman will give private magnetic healing; teach it if desired; delightfully restorative and luxurious. Ad. O 78, Post-Dispatch.

BOOKS.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

BOOKS of all kinds bought, sold or exchanged. Call or send add. to Mills Book Store, 810 Pine.

EDUCATIONAL.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

EDUCATIONAL—Private school for boys and young men; special advantages. Anselm B. Brown (Yale), 3838 Finney av.

EDUCATIONAL—Private lessons; complete shorthand course, $30; business course, $25, per month. $5; day and night. Hartsook's School of Business, 2800 Olive st.

The Berlitz School of Languages,
Mermod & Jaccard Bldg., Broadway and Locust st.; 94 schools in America and Europe; no other branch in St. Louis; send for circulars; a free trial lesson will persuade of the superiority of the Berlitz method and teachers; special advantages for visitors to Paris Exposition.

WEST END SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
Linmar Bldg., Vandeventer and Washington. Hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Best conversational method; best professional native teachers; best terms; best location; lessons at school or at residence; trial lesson free; now is the time to engage your hours.

MEDICAL.

14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

DR. MERWIN, 2322 Olive st., treats all ladies' troubles.

DR. BOHANNAN'S Vegetable Curative Positively seminal weakness. Lost Manhood, etc., the result of youthful errors and excesses, in two to seven weeks. Price $5; trial size $1. Dr. Bohannan, No. 622 Morgan st., St. Louis, Mo. Treatise and Confidential consultation FREE.

THE MARKETS.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, Jan. 5, 1900.

The news this morning was mostly of a bullish character, but in spite of this the local market persisted in slumping slowly. Foreign cereals were advanced slightly, while the Argentine grain shipment is much below that of last week, the primary receipts of this country are also small; as a whole, this was an array of news that generally would result in a strong and lively market.

The Argentine reports the harvest still progressing; with the weather favorable, a fair crop estimate will result.

The Weather—Rain to-night and probably Saturday. The barometer is highest over the Virginia Coast and Upper Missouri Valley and lowest over the North Pacific.

Rain occured in Texas, Missouri, Illinois, Oklahoma, Western Arkansas and Pacific Coast.

The temperature has risen in the South and from the Mississippi River eastward and has fallen generally elsewhere.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yes'day.	Year ago
Wheat	1,730,739	1,734,887	1,400,662
Corn	404,472	747,390	575,880
Oats	31,372	31,372	181,063
Rye	10,639	10,639	6,016
Barley	36,465	33,639	14,265

Export Movements of Grain.

PLACE.	Wheat. Rec.	Wheat. Ship.	Corn. Rec.	Corn. Ship.
New York	6,400	32,658	58,500	46,148
Baltimore	5,563		117,879	369,653
Philadelphia	4,333	669	46,504	117,190
Boston	7,033	5,404	4,504	

Export Flour Movement.

PLACE.	Receipts. Barrels.	Receipts. Sacks.	Shipments. Barrels.	Shipments. Sacks.
New York	3,389	11,195	4	21,945
Baltimore	6,555		6,649	
Boston	2,612			

Western Flour Movement.

PLACE.	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	8,250	25,000	54,400	63,980
Chicago	74,830	30,801	286,971	127,795
Toledo	6,600	8,700	53,180	28,000
Detroit	4,132	2,033	21,472	6,204
Kansas City	22,400	28,600	20,400	20,300
Milwaukee	25,200	7,100	13,040	4,250
Minneapolis	358,580	46,440	11,180	5,100
Duluth	11,382		14,558	

Western Movements of Grain.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
St. Louis	3,185	7,576
Chicago	37,480	33,132
Detroit	800	1,200
Milwaukee	1,875	4,430
Minneapolis		45,078

Sample Market Prices.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
No. 2 red	72	72 @72½	72
No. 3 red	69½@71	70 @72	70 @71
No. 4 red	63 @68	64 @67	63 @68
No. 2 hard	65¾@67	65¾@67	67 @68
No. 3 hard	62 @65	64 @66¾	64 @66
No. 2 spring	65 @66	65 @66	63 @65¾
No. 3 spring	62 @64½	64¾	

CORN.

No. 2 mixed	31¾@31¾	31¾@31¾	36½
No. 2 white	31¾@32	31¾@32	37 @37½
No. 3 mixed	31	30½	36
No. 4 mixed	30	31	35 @37

OATS.

No. 2 mixed	24½	24¾	28½@28¾
No. 2 Northern	24¾@24¾	24¾	29
No. 2 white	26	26½	30 @30¾
No. 3 white	25¼@25½	25 @26	29 @29½
No. 4 white	25	25½	28½
No. 3 mixed	24	23¾	27½@28
No. 4 mixed			27

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Jan	70			69½@
May	71¾b	71¾	71	71 n
July	69¾b	69	68¼	68¾a
CORN.				
Jan	30¾b			30 n
May	32¾@32¾b	31¾@32	31¾	31¾
OATS.				
May	25¼b			25 a

Chicago Markets.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	69¾	69¾@69¾	68¾	68¾b
July	70¾	70 @70¾	69¾	69¾b
CORN.				
May	30¾	30½	30¾	30¾b
July	33¼@33¼	33½	32¾	32¾@33 a
OATS.				
May	22¾			22 n
July	24	24	23¾@23¾	23¾a
PORK.				
Jan	$10.57			$10.47 n
May	10.87½@90	10.95@97	10.72	10.77 n
LARD.				
Jan	5.87			5.80 n
May	6.02½@05	6.05@07	5.92	5.95 a
RIBS.				
Jan	5.67			5.62 n
May	5.80	5.82	5.72	5.72@75

Chicago Close.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Wheat—Jan., 65¾c n; May, 68¾c b; July, 67¾c b. Corn—Jan., 30¼c b; May, 32½@32¾c a; July, 33¾c. Oats—Jan., 22c n; May, 25¾c a.

Flax—Northwest, $1.40½; Southwest, $1.49½; May, $1.49.

CURB MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 5.—May wheat, 71c; puts, 70⅝c; calls, 71¾c.

Chicago—May wheat—Puts, 68⅝@68¾c; calls, 69@69¾c b.

May corn—Puts, 33c; calls, 32⅞c.

WHEAT.

Foreign markets opened slightly stronger this morning, on account of the steadier tone in America towards the close of yesterday's session; later the market eased off, there being little support. This weakness abroad was felt by the local market, for, though it opened slightly below yesterday's close, it was firmer for a time and then began to slump.

The bears were in control almost all the time during the day's session; there were few even small gains made by the bulls, and these were quickly overcome. The pit did not manifest any great degree of interest in any of the futures, most of the time there being few traders in sight.

The market at present is very peculiar in its actions. Some days it will follow the pace set by the trade abroad, as it did by the Chicago futures, and then it may go off on a tangent, following a course of its own choosing, and allowing no news to guide it.

Yesterday Liverpool was down, consequently St Louis slumped. To-day Liverpool was slightly advanced at the opening, but the local market persisted in going down.

The receipts at St. Louis to-day were 8250 bu, compared with 11,900 bu the same day last year. Of these 71 cars were local, against 16 cars a year ago to-day.

The Argentine wheat shipment is 672,000 bu, compared with 980,000 bu last week.

May opened at 71¾c, being the closing figure of yesterday's market; 71¾c was then recorded as an offered price, and 71⅝c bid; later it sold at 71¾c.

The January and July futures did not open till late in the session, a scant number of bid and offered prices being recorded for these months.

Liverpool closed ¼d down. London opened ¼d up. Paris closed 10c advanced.

Late in the session, the bears being more determined in their efforts on the market, as a result May sold at 71⅝c and then at 71¾c.

July opened at 69c and late, after 68¾c had been asked for it, sold at 68¾c.

Receipts of wheat at primary points to-day were 506,374 bu, as compared with 652,000 bu same date last year. Shipments, 340,364 bu, compared with 1,190,000 bu same date last year.

Outlook of the Modern Miller:

The demand for flour is slow, and the trade has not recovered from the dullness that came with the holidays. The outlook, however, is more encouraging, as jobbers' supplies are low and need replenishing, and the low price is an inducement to be bold.

Winter wheat continues to make favorable progress; damage reports from there being occasional complaints of fly and injury by alternate freezing and thawing weather. Generally the condition is good.

CORN.

Argentine corn shipments, 432,000 bu, compared with 684,000 bu last week.

The receipts at St. Louis to-day were 54,400 bu, against 93,000 bu the same day last year. Of these 43 cars were local, while 69 cars were local a year ago to-day.

Liverpool and London both opened ½d advanced to-day.

The coarse cereal did not create any excitement to-day. All its futures were extremely dull and most of the time of very little interest to the pit. May opened early in the session, but made few sales afterward. Jan. did not open till late, only a nominal quotation being made.

May opened at 31¾@32c, a loss of ⅛c since yesterday's close, the figure at that time being a bid price. Prior to the opening 31⅞c was bid and refused; later it was again bid and sales recorded at that figure.

Corn markets abroad closed unchanged for the day.

Receipts of corn at primary points to-ay were 484,261 bu, as compared with 982,000 bu same date last year.

Shipments, 264,740 bu, compared with 288,000 bu same date last year.

OATS.

The futures were dull this morning, a bid of 25c for May was all that was recorded in the early hours.

The receipts at St. Louis to-day were 45,600 bu, compared with 22,800 a year ago to-day. Of these 31 cars were local, against 18 cars the same day last year.

NEWS OF THE PIT.

To J. W. Sanford.

What is surprisingly weak, considering strong provision market and threatened complications between Germany and England and Russia and England. But commission houses are loaded with long stuff and it costs a great deal to carry big stocks. It's a heavy, pressing burden for so limited a trade.

Chicago—Wheat: There is little if any change in United Kingdom cables, other than that they appear to have little better tone, cargoes quoted firm, corn and flour cables easier.

Wheat crowd generally bearish and on top of market. They may work it little lower. No evidence of commission house selling. They are rather buyers.

Gifford sold about on fourth million wheat this morning; commission houses not the buyers.

There was some foreign selling wheat in Chicago to-day.

To Arthur C. Petrie:

Bradstreet cables: "The present visible supply of wheat in the chief ports of Argentine is 2,760,000 bu and of corn 1,170,000, compared with 784,000 and 1,616,000 respectively a year ago. The wheat markets there are dull with no demand. Arrivals from the interior are fair quality, satisfactory."

Minneapolis wires: "Elevator people are paying cent under May for 1 Northern; 2 is selling at from 2c to 2½c under 1, according to quality. Millers buying very sparingly."

Minneapolis wires: "Cash situation is groggy; very little demand and that only for choice. A relative difference between cash and May. Country elevator people will sell fast as market will take it."

There has been some export business in wheat on the break, which steadied market.

Trade light; very little support yet; acts heavy.

Gifford pretty liberal seller of May wheat.

Country acceptances of corn are fairly good again.

To Oswald Graves:

Northwestern country elevators have 18 to 20 millions wheat, a large portion of which will come into the visible in the spring.

Crowd are short of wheat on the decline and market is steadier on better cash inquiry. Trade small and news bearish, with good foreign selling. Looks lower to me and safe sale on all rallies. The Northwest selling freely.

100,000 bu No. 1 Northern wheat just reported for direct export to United Kingdom.

Clearances of wheat, 260,000 bu; corn, 607,000 bu; oats, 45,000 bu.

RYE.

No. 2, 52½c.

BARLEY.

Malting grades, 42@46c.

HAY.

Receipts—Local, 480; through, 70; shipments, 98.

Demand firm; receipts quite liberal; choice timothy, $12.00; extra choice was as high as $12.50; No. 1, $11.00@11.50; No. 2, $9.50@10.50.

Clover—No. 1, $10.00; other grades dull, selling from $7.00@9.00; clover, mixed, from $7.00@10.50, owing to color and amount of mixture.

STRAW.

Wheat, $4.75; rye, $5.00.

BRAN—Sacked, 60c; East Side, 65c this side, at the mill.

FLOUR.

Patents	$3 45@3 55
Straights	3 loads 20
Clears	2 75@2 90
Low and medium grades	2 00@2 50
Pearl meal, bonsiny and grits	2 00
Cornmeal	1 70@1 75
Rye flour	2 90@3 20

SEEDS.

CASTOR BEANS—Steady at $1.12 per bu for Export.

CLOVER—$7@7.25.

TIMOTHY—$2@2.20.

FLAXSEED—Market nominal at $1.46.

PROVISIONS.

LARD—Choice, $5.50; prime, $5.45.

PORK—New pork $11.25; old, $9.75.

DRY SALTED—Boxed shoulders, extra shorts, 6c; clear ribs, 6¼c; clear sides, 6¼c.

BACON—On orders, boxed lots—Shoulders, 6¾c; extra shorts, 7½c; clear ribs, 8¾c; extra clear sides, 9¾c.

BEEF—Mess, $8.50 per bbl.; dried, 12@13c.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—10½@11½c.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—$4.65.

SPELTER—$4.30.

ON THE STREET.

Post-Dispatch quotations are for car load lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Butchers, grocers and other men buy selected stock and pay higher prices.

FRUITS.

APPLES—Market active; good demand for choice fruit. Willowtwig, $2@3 per bbl; Winesap $2@2.75; Ben Davis, $2.25@2.75; Genitting, $1.50 @2.50; Baldwin and Greening, $2.25@2.75.

PEACHES—Michigan, 90@95c per 1-5 bu basket.

LEMONS—New Messina, $3.25@3.50.

ORANGES—Mexican choice, $2.35@2.75; Florida, $4@4.50; Russet, $3.75.

BANANAS—Port Limon, $1.50@2.

COCOANUTS—$35 per 1000, or $4 per 100.

GRAPE FRUIT—Jamaica, $5@7 per box.

STRAWBERRIES—30@35c per pint box.

CALIFORNIA PEARS—$2.75@3 per 40-lb box.

PINEAPPLES—Cuba, $1.50@2 per doz.

PEARS—Choice Kelfers, $4 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Scarce and in good demand. Evaporated rings, average receipts, 5@6½c; extra, 7@7½c; evaporated quarters, 4½@5c for fair to choice.

VEGETABLES.

CELERY—Fancy, 60@75c per bunch; homegrown, 25@40c.

LETTUCE—Southern, $2@2.50 a bbl; homegrown, 40@70c per bu box.

RADISHES—25@30c per doz bunches.

PARSLEY—Home-grown, 60@75c per doz bunches.

CABBAGE—Red, 1½@2c per lb.

POTATOES—Burbank, 47½@52c, on orders.

TURNIPS—15@25c per bu.

CUCUMBERS—Hothouse, $2.50 per doz.

SAUERKRAUT—½ bbl, $2; per bbl, $3.75.

HORSERADISH—New, $4 per bbl.

EGG PLANT—Choice Florida, $1.50@2.00 per doz.

TOMATOES—Florida, $2.35@2.50 per 6-basket crate.

NEW SWEET POTATOES—Home-grown, 60@75c a bu for Bermudas and 75c for red Nansemonds.

ONIONS—Yellow globe, 40c a bu; red globe, 50@ 57c a bu; Spanish, $1.65 per crate.

BUTTERBEANS—35c per bu.

BEETS—Northern, $1.50@1.75 per bbl.

MUSHROOMS—40@60c per lb.

PEPPERS—Choice Florida, $4 per 7-basket crate.

CRANBERRIES—$6.50 per bbl for choice Cape Cod.

STRING BEANS—Southern, choice fresh, $3.25 a bu.

SPINACH—New Orleans, or orders, 35c per doz bunches.

PARSNIPS—35@50c per bu loose.

SOUP BUNCHES—25@35c a dozen bunches.

POPCORN—4@4½c a pound.

CAULIFLOWER—$1.50@1.75 per crate for California.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Steady and a fair trade; supply fair.

Creamery—		Dairy—	
Extra	27 @28	Firsts	20 @21
Firsts	25 @26	Extra seconds	22 @24
Seconds	22 @24	Seconds	18 @19
Store packed—		Store packed	11 @12
Extras	16 @19	Grease	3½@4
Firsts	17 @18	Process—	
		Extras	20 @22

CHEESE—Firm; Wisconsin full cream, twins, 12½c; singles, 12¾c; Y. A., 13c; Southern Wisconsin and Illinois—Twins, 10c; singles, 10c; Y. A., 10c. New York full cream, 12½c; Limberger, 12½@13c; Swiss, 15@16c; brick, 12½@13c.

EGGS.

Receipts, local and through, 585 cases; shipments, 86 cases.

Sales at 17½c a dor.

GAME.

Quotations for undrawn birds. Drawn, 2c per dozen lower.

Mallard and red head, $3; canvas back, $7.50; green-wing teal, $1.75; blue-wing teal, $2; mixed, $1.50; drawn ducks, 50c dozen less than above prices. Deer carcasses, per pound, 10c; venison saddles, per pound, 15c; woodcock, per doz, $2; snipe, per doz, 25c; jack snipe, $1; rabbits, choice fresh, 35@40c; squirrel, 50c; jack rabbits, $1.25; 'possum, each, 50@75c.

QUAIL—Select undrawn, $1.15; drawn soft and small less. Prairie chickens—Dark undrawn, $6.50; white undrawn, $5.

FROGS—Large, $1@1.25 a dozen; medium, 85c.

LIVE POULTRY—Chickens, Old roosters, 3½c; mixed chickens, 6½c; ducks, white, 6½c; dark, 6c; geese, 5c; turkeys, 7½c; pigeons, 50c per doz.

DRESSED POULTRY—Receipts light; little demand. Young chickens, 6½@7½c; lowest price for heads and legs on; turkeys, 9@10c; geese, 5@7c; ducks, 7½@8½c.

ROASTING PIGS—$1@1.25 per head.

NUTS.

PEANUTS—Red, 6½@7c per lb; 3½@4½c for white.

WALNUTS—35c per bushel.

PECANS—Texas, 7@7½c; Western, 6½@7c per lb.

HAZEL NUTS—25@30c per lb.

CHESTNUTS—90@100c per pound.

HICKORY NUTS—75c per bu for shellbarh.

ALMONDS—Full shell, 14@16c; small fat, heretics, 12½@13c.

LAMBS—4c for extra fancy small and fat; sheep, 3c per lb.

WOOL.

Market steady.

Missouri, Illinois, etc.—

Medium combing	24½
Medium clothing	24
Braid and low	23
Light fine	20 @21
Heavy fine	18 @19
Hard burry	14 @15
Burry and clear mixed	21 @22

Iowa, Wisconsin—

Dark	19 @21
Bright medium	23 @24
Fine medium	19 @21
Fine	16 @19

Texas, Indian Territory and Southern—

Medium	21 @22
Fine medium	18 @21
Coarse and low	17 @19

Kansas, Nebraska and Western—

Bright medium	22 @23
Fine medium	18 @20
Light fine	17 @18
Heavy fine	14 @15

Dakota and Western—

Bright medium	21 @22
Dark medium	19 @20
Fine medium	18 @20
Light fine	15 @19
Heavy fine	14 @16

Arkansas—

Medium	23 @23½
Burry	16 @18
Hard burry	14 @15

Tub-washed—

Choice	35
Fair	33
Burry	28 @24
Black	3@5c less than above

HIDES, ETC.

Green salted, Missouri and Illinois	9½
Green salted, Arkansas and Southern	9½
Dry flint, heavy Texas	18@
Dry flint, average Texas	18@
Natives	18@
Southern	17@
Dry salted	10
Glue stock	10
On selection—	
Green salted, No. 1	10
Green salted, No. 2	9
Dry salted, No. 1	16
Dry salted, No. 2	15
Dry flint, No. 1	19
Dry flint, No. 2	17

DEERSKIN, ETC.—Deerskin quotable at 32c per lb for prime, damaged, half price. Antelope, 15c. Goatskin, 25@35c each.

SHEEP PELTS—Market quiet; full wooled, 75@$1.25; lambs and shearings, 45@55c; shearings, 20@ 30c; fallen pelts, 10@14c per lb, according to quality and condition.

FEATHERS—Firm. Soft sks., 50c; large sks., 45c; geese and quilly, 30@40c; white, old, 50@60c; X, 28@33c; XX, 21@25c; XXX, 13@18c; 8@10c. Chicken—Dry picked, 6½c. Duck—Dark at 27@30c; white, 30@35c.

BEESWAX—Prime, 25@c.

TALLOW—Market firm; No. 1 oil bbls, 4½c; No 2, 4@4½c.

SALT—90@95c per bbl. East track.

WHISKY

Market steady on basis of $1.23¼ for highwines.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 75c@$1 per 100 lbs. Old rope—No. 1, $1.30; No. 2, 50c. Old rubber, $8.

BONES—Choice bleached, $17 per ton; other kinds, $12@16.

BROOMCORN—Quiet. According to quality, $1.50 @160 per ton.

COVERAGE—Slack work. Flour bbls round heads, 35c; flat heads, 30c; half bbls, 22c; meal bbls, 26c; produce bbls, 24c; lard tcs, $1.20@1.25; half tcs, 75c; pork bbls, $1@1.05 per bbl; tallow bbls, 24c; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.00; East Side.

MONEY—Cash, choice white, 12@14c per lb; tair, strained or extracted in barrels, 6@6½c; in cans, 8c per lb higher.

DRIED GREEN PEAS—Ordinary jobbing at $1.30 per bu; Scotch, $1.35; split, $1.60.

BEANS—Market steady; $1.92½@2 per bu for car lots for hand-picked pea beans on track; $1.87@1.95 for screened; Lims, 5½c a lb.

BAGGING AND TIES—Bagging in a jobbing way, 2¼ lb, 6¾c per yard; 2 lb, 6¼c; 1¾ lb 5¾c. Cotton ties, $1.05.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Dull and unchanged; sales, 200 bales.

Quotations:

Ordinary	6¼c
Good ordinary	6¾c

Remember
This Great Sale Begins To-Morrow Morning at 8 O'Clock at
Famous
Broadway and Morgan.

Famous
BROADWAY & MORGAN.

Open every Saturday Night in the year till 10 o'clock.

GET UP EARLY
To-morrow and be on hand—bring your money and be prepared to buy a whole season's supply—for the way we propose to slaughter this stock will be a revelation.
Don't Miss It

The following employes of the old firm of
SIEGEL-HILLMAN DRY GOODS CO.
Have been engaged by Famous, where they will be glad to meet their old friends and patrons.

MR. HARRY BURGESS
MRS. L. HANNON
MRS. A. K. POWERS
MRS. A. MOBERLY
MISS L. ERTHAL
MISS M. FEENEY

AGAIN VICTORIOUS!!!

THIS TIME IT IS THE PURCHASE OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

YOUNG MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

Boys' Waists, Blouses, Shirts, Leggins, Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Hats, Caps and Gloves,

All brand new, high-class goods—in the very brightest and best fashions of the Fall of 1899 and Spring of 1900—

SCOOPED IN BY FAMOUS FOR CASH AT 50c ON THE DOLLAR

BY REASON OF THE.....

SIEGEL-HILLMAN DRY GOODS CO.
Broadway and Washington Ave.

Failure

Wanted—Cash Girls.
Apply on Balcony.
Wanted—50 Clothing Salesmen
Apply on Second Floor.
Wanted—20 Bundle Wrappers
Apply on Balcony.
Wanted—25 Millinery and Cloak Saleswomen.
Apply at Office on Third Floor.
All salespeople must be thoroughly experienced. No amateurs need apply.

And on sale at Famous, Broadway and Morgan, beginning to-morrow morning at prices that will stagger and amaze all competition—and will be long remembered as the greatest bargain giving event of the age.

From the Siegel-Hillman Failure!

Boys' Winter Clothing.

A grand assortment of the newest fashions of the season—Boys' double-breasted knee suits, ages 7 to 16—middy suits, ages 3 to 8—reefers, from 3 to 16 years—some lines somewhat broken, but every size can be found in the lot—and all offered at prices fully 60 per cent lower than equal qualities could be sold for if bought regularly in the open market to-day. Just read how we have smashed Siegel-Hillman's former prices.

Siegel-Hillman's $2 Boys' Suits and Reefers—Famous Price 1.19
Siegel-Hillman's $3 Boys' Suits and Reefers—Famous Price 1.52
Siegel-Hillman's $4 Boys' Suits and Reefers—Famous Price 2.21
Siegel-Hillman's $6 Boys' Suits and Reefers—Famous Price 3.27
Siegel-Hillman's $8 Boys' Suits and Reefers—Famous Price 4.42

...From the...

Siegel=Hillman Failure.

Siegel-Hillman's $1 Boys' Star Waists—Famous Price .. 35c
Siegel-Hillman's 50c and 75c K. & E. Waists and Blouses—cut to 19c
Siegel-Hillman's $1 Boys' Leggings—Famous Price .. 55c
Siegel-Hillman's Boys' Lined and Unlined 50c Gloves and Mitts 32c
Siegel-Hillman's Children's 25c Ideal Waists—Famous Price 13c
Siegel-Hillman's $2 Boys' Mackintoshes—Famous Price 1.12
Siegel-Hillman's 50c and 65c Boys' Colored Madras and Percale Shirts 25c
Siegel-Hillman's 15c Boys' Collars—Famous Price 6c
Siegel-Hillman's Boys' 25c Neckwear—tecks, string ties and Windsors—Famous Price 12c
Seigel-Hillman's $1 Boys' Sweaters—Famous Price .. 69c

From the Siegel-Hillman Failure!

Young Men's Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats.

Ages 14 to 20—
Breast Measure 30 to 36.

An opportunity that dressy young men simply can't afford to overlook—it's a magnificent stock of suits, topcoats and overcoats we secured from the Siegel-Hillman failure—and we have divided them all into

Five Great Lots—as Follows:

Siegel-Hillman's $7.50 Young Men's Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats—Famous Price 4.35
Siegel-Hillman's $9.00 Young Men's Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats—Famous Price 5.25
Siegel-Hillman's $10.00 Young Men's Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats—Famous Price 6.20
Siegel-Hillman's $12.50 Young Men's Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats—Famous Price 7.85
Siegel-Hillman's Finest $16 and $18 Young Men's Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats—Famous Price 10.90

Tremendous Reductions in Men's Winter Clothing

Hundreds of Men's Suits—in single-breasted sack style—medium and dark shades of mixed cheviots—worth fully $7.50 and $8.50. In this great sale..... 5.40

Hundreds of Men's Suits—in single and double-breasted sack styles—strictly all-wool cheviots, as well as neat striped worsteds—worth $11 and $12. In this great sale..... 7.35

Hundreds of Men's Suits—in fine cassimeres, cheviots, meltons and fancy striped worsteds—all prevailing styles—swell suits, worth $14 and $15. In this great sale.... 8.90

Hundreds of Men's Fine Suits—in stylish up-to-the-hour patterns, in neat worsteds, nobby cheviots, solid blue serges, fine meltons and black and blue thibets—worth fully $16 and $17. In this great sale for 11.60

Hundreds of Men's Overcoats—in fine black and blue beavers and nobby tan covert cloths—stylishly made and worth regularly $9 and $10. In this great sale. 5.90

Hundreds of Men's Overcoats—in fine black and blue kerseys and brown meltons—also nobby tan covert cloth and whipcord topcoats—worth $14 and $15. Yours to choose from in this great sale 8.80

Hundreds of Men's Overcoats—in kerseys, Irish friezes, solid meltons and coverts—elegantly made garments—worth regularly $16 and $17. In this great sale at Famous. 11.40

Hundreds of Men's Overcoats and Topcoats—fashionable garments—in the newest and swellest fabrics of the season—all the new shades and colors—blues, blacks, tans, drabs, etc.—worth regularly $18 and $20—in this great sale 13.90

Slashing Values: Jackets, Waists, Furs, Skirts.

Ladies' Jackets.

Ladies' Tailored Coats—all colors—all sizes—worth $5.00 and $6.00—in this great sale for 2.95
Ladies' Tailored Coats—latest styles and effects—worth $7.00 and $8.00—in this great sale for 3.95
Ladies' Tailored Coats—lined—all the fashionable colors—worth $10.00—in this great sale for 4.95
Ladies' Tailored Coats—ultra fashionable effects—variety of styles, shades and colors—worth $12.00—in this great sale for..... 5.98

Fur Collarettes.

All new, fashionable and desirable goods—in plain and combination effects.

Fur Collarettes—worth $4—in this great sale for..... 1.98
Fur Collarettes—worth $6—in this great sale for..... 2.98
Fur Collarettes—worth $9—in this great sale for..... 3.98
Fur Collarettes—worth $10—in this great sale for..... 4.98
Fur Collarettes—worth $12—in this great sale for..... 5.98
Ladies' Muffs—worth $2—in this great sale for..... 98c
Children's Fur Sets—scarf and muff—worth $1.00—in this great sale for..... 39c

Waists and Suits.

Ladies' Silk Waists—in fancy colors—new styles—worth $8.00—in this sale for 3.98
Ladies' Satin and Silk Waists—worth $4—in this great sale for..... 1.98
Ladies' Flannel Waists—Braid trimmed—worth $2—in this great sale 98c
Ladies' Suits—Swell fabrics and styles—worth $25—in this great sale 15.00
Ladies' Suits—Models of good taste—worth $18—in this great sale..... 10.00
Ladies' Suits—Stylish and serviceable—worth $10—in this great sale for..... 5.00

Petticoats and Skirts.

50 different styles in ladies' new and stylish Petticoats.

$1.50 Petticoats for 79c
$2.50 Petticoats for..... 1.25
$4.00 Petticoats for..... 1.98
$6.00 Petticoats for..... 2.98

Ladies' Walking Skirts—variety of splendid materials—worth $4.00—in this great sale 1.98
Ladies' Walking Skirts—perfect in cut and hang—worth $6.00—in this great sale, only 2.98

And Note These Unparalleled Values in

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Puff Ties—New shapes—worth 50c and 75c—in this sale..... 35c
Men's Neckwear—various styles—worth 25c—in this sale..... 15c
Men's Pique Dress Gloves—all sizes—worth $1.50—in this sale..... 1.00
Men's Scotch Wool Knit Gloves—worth 75c—in this sale..... 50c
Men's Heavy Wool Socks—worth 15c—in this sale 8c
Men's Fancy Web Suspenders—worth 20c—in this sale for..... 9c
Men's Japonette Handkerchiefs—silk initial—worth 10c—for..... 5c
Men's Manhattan Colored Shirts—worth $1.50—in this sale..... 1.10
Men's Heavy Mixed Socks—tan or black—worth 10c..... 5c
Men's All-Wool Jersey Coats—worth $2.50—in this great sale..... 1.98
Men's All-Wool Cardigan Jackets—worth $4—in this great sale..... 2.50
Men's Flannel Shirts—Eagle make—worth $1—in this sale 59c
Men's Working Shirts—size 16—worth 50c—in this sale 35c
Men's Canton Flannel Drawers—worth 40c—in this great sale 29c
Men's Ribbed Fleece-Lined Underwear—worth 50c—in this sale..... 29c
Men's Silk Fleeced Undershirts and Drawers—worth $1.25—for..... 79c
Men's All-Wool Undershirts and Drawers—worth $1.25—cut to..... 79c
Men's Wool Undershirts and Drawers—worth $2.00—cut to..... 1.25

From the Siegel-Hillman Failure.

Smoking Jackets.

A splendid assortment, in the newest domestic and imported fabrics—all the new ideas in plaid and solid color effects—elegantly trimmed and finished. This is the way we slash Siegel-Hillman's prices:

Siegel-Hillman $10 and $12 Smoking Jackets Famous now cuts to only 5.75
Siegel-Hillman $8 and $9 Smoking Jackets Famous now slashes to only 4.55
Siegel-Hillman $6 and $7 Smoking Jackets Famous now offers at only 3.10
Siegel-Hillman $4 and $5 Smoking Jackets Famous now cuts to only 2.05

Treat yourself to one of these swell garments at these prices—An opportunity like this is not liable to ever occur again.

Famous

From the Siegel-Hillman Failure.

Hats and Caps.

Almost given away—terrific reductions also in our own great stock.

Boys' and Children's Golf Caps—big assortment of patterns—25c values—in this great sale..... 9c
Boys' and Children's Winter Caps—gold, polo and Brighton styles—values up to 50c—in this great sale..... 18c
Boys' and Children's Pull Down Caps—in a variety of styles and fabrics—worth up to 75c—in this great sale..... 39c
One Lot of Boys' Fedora and Telescope Hats—value up to $1.00—in this great sale..... 21c
One Lot of Men's Fedora and Stiff Hats—slightly soiled—values up to $1.50—in this great sale 31c
One Lot of Men's Cloth Hats in Fedora and Derby shapes—worth $1.00 in this great sale... 21c
Men's Stiff and Soft Hats—Newest shapes and shades—all silk trimmed—best makes on the market—worth $3.50 and $4.00—in this great sale..... 2.28
Men's Stiff and Fedora Hats—nobby shapes in all leading colors—silk trimmed and worth fully $3—in this great sale. 1.58
Men's and Boys' Fedora Hats—big assortment in popular winter effects—values up to $2.00—in this great sale..... 86c
Men's Winter Caps—in all the new shapes—plushes, cassimeres, etc.—75c values—in this great sale... 39c

Pounding the Life Out of Prices on

Winter Shoes.

Infants' Moccasins—in all colors—sizes 1 and 2—worth 25c—in this great sale—only 9c
Children's Lamb Wool Soles—sizes 5 to 1—slightly soiled—were 10c—in this great sale 4c
Children's Hand-Turned Shoes—sizes 4 to 7—were 85c—in this great sale..... 59c
Children's School Shoes—Heavy soles, sizes 8½ to 11 and 11½ to 2, worth $1.25—in this sale..... 98c
Ladies' Felt Slippers—Fur trimmed, sizes 4 to 8—worth $1—in this great sale.. 75c
Ladies' Shoes—In glove calf and dongola—sizes 5 to 8—were $1.50, $1.69 and $2.00—in this sale..... 98c
Ladies' Beaver Shoes—red lined, sizes 4 to 8, worth $1.25—in this great sale..... 75c
Ladies' Fine Dongola Shoes—vesting or dongola top—all sizes, 2½ to 8—worth $2.00 ..... 1.49
Ladies' Skating Boots—10 inches high—good run of sizes—worth $4.00—in this sale..... 2.98
Boys' Shoes—In American calf and enamel—razor toes—were $2 and $2.50—
Sizes 12½ to 2—in this sale..... 98c
Sizes 2½ to 4—in this sale..... 1.25
Men's Calf Congress Shoes—Small sizes—were $3.00 to $4.00—in this great sale, for..... 98c
Men's French Enamel and Cordovan Shoes—razor toes—mostly 9 to 11—worth $5.00..... 1.50
Men's Tan Russia and Black Shoes—mostly large sizes—were $2.50 and $3.00—in this great sale, for..... 1.98
Men's Enamel Shoes—double soles—coin toes—good sizes—worth $3.50—in this great sale at..... 2.49